







# Wisconsin Ag Climate Outlook

#### Week of November 5, 2024

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## **Key Points**

Navigate to select slides by clicking on the links below.

- 1) The <u>dry spell</u> was broken last week with <u>multiple inches of</u> <u>rainfall</u> to kick off November 2024!
- 2) <u>Temps last week</u> were once again above normal, a trend that is looking to continue into <u>mid-November</u>.
- 3) <u>Warm & dry conditions have allowed for a rapid harvest pace</u>, but the rainfall last week helped to <u>replenish the dry soils</u>.
- For this week's agronomic recommendations from UW Extension, click <u>here</u>.
- For the latest GDD accumulation maps, click <u>here</u>.
- For NASS crop progress & condition maps, click <u>here</u>.

# Bring on the rain!

Number of Days Precipitation >= 0.1 - October 29, 2024 through November 4, 2024



Days with rainfall of 0.1" or more between October 29 & November 4, compared to... ...the same variable for the 30 days prior to October 29.

Number of Days Precipitation >= 0.1 - September 29, 2024 through October 28, 2024



Station (County)	<b>Total Rainfall</b> (10/29 – 11/4)
CUBA CITY (Lafayette)	5.99
DARLINGTON 6.1 NNW (Lafayette)	5.69
BENTON 0.2 E (Lafayette)	5.48
DODGEVILLE 6.2 NNE (Iowa)	5.45
PLATTEVILLE 1.1 NE (Grant)	5.43
DODGEVILLE 2.7 NE (Iowa)	5.17
BENTON 0.3 WNW (Lafayette)	5.12
MOUNT HOREB 3.6 SSW (Dane)	4.87
MINERAL POINT 7.3 ENE (Iowa)	4.85
MT. HOREB WWTP (Dane)	4.69

Data in the table represents the measuring stations with the <u>highest total rainfall</u> measured between October 29 & November 4, 2024. (<u>Source</u>: ACIS)

https://scacis.rcc-acis.org/

# 7 Day Precip



- A large band of 2+" of rainfall was observed from the SW corner up through the Green Bay area.
- **4+"** was observed in a band from Dubuque to Madison, as well as in/around Crawford County.
- 1-2" for the N/NW, and <1" in the SE corner.

https://water.noaa.gov/

### 30 Day Precip



- Most of the 30-day precip total came during the last 7 days, except for the far SE and NW.
- 2-5" for most in the state, with instances of 5+" in the SW/SC from last week's rain.
- 30-day totals across the SWto-NE belt are at or above the 30-year climatological average.

https://water.noaa.gov/

## 30 Day Precip Total/% Avg.



- Band of 3-4+" from Prairie du Chien to Green Bay → monthly totals now at 110+% of 30-year normal.
- **150+%** of normal in SW Wisconsin → some of the **driest stations in WI** this fall before last week!
- 2" or less in the NW and SE → most stations are below the 30-year normal.

# 90 Day Precip Total/% Avg.



- Band of 7-9+" from Prairie du Chien to Green Bay & over to Wausau → a good portion of this came last week.
  - However, most of these stations are still **below the climatological average** but have made gains.
- 25-70% of normal across most stations in the SE and N/NW where rains were lesser last week.

#### 2024 Precipitation (so far)



https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps

# Soil Moisture Models

- Large improvements in soil moisture percentiles from last week's rainfall!
- 10<sup>th</sup>-30<sup>th</sup> percentiles still in place in the south and west, but areas in red have been greatly diminished.
- Near-normal conditions common in the central and northern counties
- The eastern shore is still **trending very dry**, but nonetheless did improve from last week.

#### Model Notes:

Red areas = top 5 driest in 100 years. Dark red areas = top 2 driest in 100 years. Blue areas = top 2 wettest in 100 years.

It's worth noting that each soil moisture model has their own characteristics and input variables, so there tends to be variation between models. Thus, it's worthwhile to look at multiple models opposed to just one.

https://weather.msfc.nasa.gov/sport/case\_studies/lis\_CONUS.html https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin

#### NASA SPoRT-LIS 0-100 cm Soil Moisture Percentile





0-100 cm Soil Moisture Percentile



#### Soil Moisture Models

**NOTE:** this map displays the soil moisture percentile for Oct. 31 **prior to the bulk of last week's rainfall**. It was the most recent update on Nov. 5.



#### Wisconet Soil Moisture (4" Depth)



https://wisconet.wisc.edu/

# Wisconet Soil Moisture – 4" Depth



6-week trend in soil moisture (4") & precip at Wisconet stations

<u>Major jumps</u> in soil moisture after multiple inches of rainfall last week.

## NASS Topsoil & Subsoil Moisture



https://agindrought.unl.edu/Other.aspx

# **US Drought Monitor**

#### U.S. Drought Monitor Midwest



October 29, 2024 (Released Thursday, Oct. 31, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

	Drought Conditions (Percent Area)								
	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4			
Current	3.46	96.54	74.51	37.89	4.14	<mark>0.6</mark> 6			
Last Week 10-22-2024	11.85	88.15	65.96	24.06	2.45	<mark>0.6</mark> 6			
3 Month s Ago 07-30-2024	83.85	16.15	4.48	1. 14	0.00	0.00			
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	22.92	77.08	50.25	20.76	4.20	0.00			
Start of Water Year 10-01-2024	21.78	78.22	28.15	6.40	1.46	<mark>0.6</mark> 6			
One Year Ago 10-31-2023	35.30	64.70	32.66	13.79	3.00	0.00			

#### Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

#### Author:

Brian Fuchs

National Drought Mitigation Center



droughtmonitor.unl.edu

#### • <u>Compared to last week</u>:

- Increases in D1 & D2 drought coverage region-wide (up 8.5% & 14%, respectively) from last week. D1 expansion in central WI.
- Extreme to exceptional drought (D3-D4) remains in place over SE Ohio and in SW Missouri.
- <u>NOTE</u>: this map was updated prior to the rains received last week.

<u>Note</u>: D0 is not considered drought.

# **US Drought Monitor**

U.S. Drought Monitor Wisconsin



October 29, 2024 (Released Thursday, Oct. 31, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

	Drought Conditions (Percent Area)							
	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4		
Current	0.00	100.00	100.00	31.63	0.00	0.00		
Last Week 10-22-2024	0.00	100.00	77.11	30.39	0.00	0.00		
3 Month s Ago 07-30-2024	71.12	28.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	33.04	66.96	37.34	16.80	0.26	0.00		
Start of Water Year 10-01-2024	18.68	81.32	29.83	8.45	0.00	0.00		
One Year Ago 10-31-2023	33.64	66.36	33.99	15.95	0.26	0.00		

#### Intensity:

None D2 Severe Drought D3 Extreme Drought D0 Abnormally Dry D4 Exceptional Drought D1 Moderate Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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#### Amount of state in:

- D1-D4 100% 个
- D2-D4 31.6% **↑**
- D3-D4 0.0% -D4 0.0% --

Note:  $\uparrow \downarrow$  indicate change from last week. Red up arrows indicate increase in drought area; vice-versa for green arrows.



http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

#### **USDM** Time Series



http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

#### 7 Day Temperatures



- The south was 9-12°F above climatological normal virtually statewide, with isolated 12+°F.
- **3-9°F above** normal in the far NW.
- Weekly maximums were **approaching/topping 80°F** in the southern 2/3 of the state last week.

# Soil Temp Climatology (4" Depth)



We are getting to the time of year where soil temps at 4", on average, get to and stay below 50°F.

\*

Dec 1-9

Dec 10-19

Dec 20-31

Jan 10-19

Jan 20-31

Jan 1-9

Feb 1-9

Feb 10-19

Feb 20 or Later

However, be sure to check Wisconet to determine real-time soil temps when make fall fertilizer decisions.

https://mrcc.purdue.edu/clim/Soil-T

#### Wisconet Soil Temp (4" Depth)



https://wisconet.wisc.edu/

#### 30 Day Temperatures



- Temperatures for the past month ranged from **50-54°F** in the S & W to **46-50°F** in the far NC.
  - 2-6°F above normal for most of the state compared to climatological (1991-2020) average.
  - Temps more above the climatological average in the NW compared to the south and east.

### Growing Degree Days (Base = 50°F; Since April 1)





- **3000-3300** GDD in the far S to **2100-2700** GDD in the N.
- With the warm fall that we've had, GDD accumulation is running ≥200 GDD ahead of normal pace.

To calculate GDD for your corn variety and planting date, use this <u>tool</u>.

To see specific degree models for pests in your location, use the <u>Vegetable Disease & Insect</u> Forecasting Network.

https://mrcc.purdue.edu/climate watch

## NASS Crop Progress – Corn



#### From the November 4 Wisconsin Crop Progress & Condition <u>Report</u>:

 Corn for grain was 81% harvested, 19 days ahead of last year and 20 days ahead of the 5-year average.

# NASS Crop Progress – Soybean

United States Department of Agriculture This product was prepared by the USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE) World Admicultural Outloak Board (MAOB)

Soybeans Progress Percent Harvested

November 3, 2024



#### From the November 4 Wisconsin Crop Progress & Condition <u>Report</u>:

 Soybean harvest was nearly complete at 98%.

## NASS Crop Progress – Wheat

ISD/ **United States** Winter Wheat Progress Department of griculture This product was prepared by the Percent Emerged USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE) World Agricultural Dutlook Board (WAOB) November 3, 2024 95 [+13] 80 [+2] 66 [+13] 83 [0] 70 [-16] 78 [+5] 83 [-11] 69 69 [-6] 57 [+7] [-4] 15 86 [+2] [+2] 76 44 [+3] [-1] 19 [-4] 47 30 [-26] [-16] Difference 40% or more 30% to 39% 20% to 29% 10% to 19% 52 1% to 9% [-7] No change 1% to -9% 10% to -19% -20% to -29% -30% to -39% National Progress -40% or less Top ## - Percent Emerged Emerged [Bottom ##] - Change from 5-year Average 66 Change from 5-year Average -5 Data obtained from USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service weekly Crop Progress reports.

#### From the November 4 Wisconsin Crop Progress & Condition Report:

- The winter wheat crop is 82% emerged, 3 days ahead of last year and 5 days ahead of average.
- Winter wheat condition was rated 72% good to excellent, an increase of 6 percentage points from last week.

# 7 Day Precip Forecast



- Statewide chances for some <u>above-</u> <u>normal precip</u> during the next 7 days.
  - <u>Location</u>: Best chances in the SW, extending up into the Central Sands.
  - <u>Timing</u>: Tuesday afternoon/evening & again on Saturday evening thru Sunday morning.

Forecast for 11/5/24 thru 11/12/24 (Begins at 6pm CST)

https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/qpf/p168i.gif https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin

# 8-14 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



**Mid-November:** Temperatures likely to remain <u>above normal</u>, with precipitation likely to be <u>above</u> <u>normal</u>.

# 30 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



**Month of November:** Temperatures leaning towards <u>above normal</u>, with precipitation leaning towards <u>above normal</u>, especially in southern WI.

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/

### 90 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Late Fall into Winter: Temperatures showing <u>equal chances</u> in the north and leaning <u>above normal</u> in the south. Precipitation uncertainty with <u>equal chances</u>.

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/

## Take-Home Points

#### **Current Conditions:**

- The dry spell that we have experienced this fall was broken last week for many with **multiple inches of rainfall** to start November.
- Conditions remain warmer-than-normal for this time of year, with weekly high temps still reaching into the upper 70s for many in WI.

#### Impact:

- The area of WI in very dry soil moisture percentiles was greatly reduced thanks in part to the rainfall.
  - USDM drought coverage area **expanded prior to the rains last week**.
- Corn harvest continues to run well ahead of normal pace, with soybean harvest all but complete.
- Winter wheat is **nearing complete emergence**, with **82%** of the crop emerged in WI fields.

#### **Outlook:**

- Statewide chances for additional precip next week, especially in the SW once again.
- The warmth looks to continue with mid-November showing a higher probability to be warmer-than-normal, with a lean toward near-normal precip.
- Late fall into early 2025 is more **uncertain** for temperatures and precip.
  - La Niña is favored to be in place by September-November (according to the CPC); less of a chance for having a colderthan-normal winter.

### **Agronomic Considerations**

#### **Crop & Soil Management**

- Soil is wet in many places, avoid working in wet fields when possible to reduce compaction issues.
- Be aware that nitrogen is still mobile as soil temperatures are still above 50F in most places.
- Tools available here for <u>cover crop selection</u> and their <u>use in a forage rotation</u>.

#### **Manure Applications**

- Runoff risk is **low to moderate** throughout the state in the next week. Be mindful of the possibility of runoff and plan manure applications accordingly. Check the DATCP runoff risk advisory forecast <u>here</u>.
- Consider the relationship between manure and cover crops, learn more <u>here</u>.

#### Forage Management

• Be mindful of prussic acid concerns in fields with standing sorghums.

# **User Survey**

Are you a regular user of the Wisconsin Ag Climate Outlook (WACO)? Or maybe you are viewing these slides for the first time this week? Either way, we want to hear <u>your</u> feedback on this new resource! Please take a few minutes and fill out this survey:

#### **LINK TO SURVEY**

Your feedback will help us better serve your ag-climate data needs through WACO.

If you have any trouble accessing or filling out the survey, please email Josh Bendorf at Joshua.Bendorf@usda.gov.

Thank you!! -The WACO Team

#### **Citizen Science Opportunity**

# CoCoRaHS – <u>Co</u>mmunity <u>Co</u>llaborative <u>Rain</u>, <u>Hail</u>, & <u>S</u>now Network

#### The Mission

(From cocorahs.org)

- Provide accurate high-quality precipitation data for endusers;
- Increasing the density of precipitation data available throughout the country;
- Encouraging citizens to have fun participating in meteorological science and heightening their awareness about weather;
- Providing weather education opportunities.



Sign Up Here: https://cocorahs.org/Content.aspx?page=application

#### Contact Info



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