







# Wisconsin Ag Climate Outlook Week of October 14, 2024

#### **Josh Bendorf**

Ag Climatologist, Midwest Climate Hub joshua.bendorf@usda.gov

#### **Bridgette Mason**

Assistant State Climatologist of Wisconsin

bmmason2@wisc.edu

#### **Kristin Foehringer**

NRCS State Working Lands Climate Smart Specialist

kristin.foehringer@usda.gov

#### **Steve Vavrus**

State Climatologist of Wisconsin sjvavrus@wisc.edu

#### **Natasha Paris**

Crops Educator – Adams, Green Lake, Marquette, Waushara Cos. natasha.paris@wisc.edu

#### **Dennis Todey**

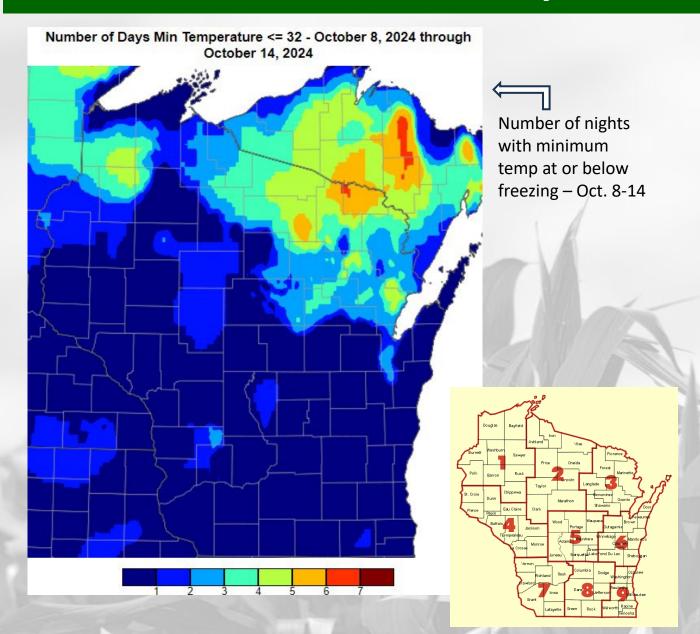
Director, Midwest Climate Hub dennis.todey@usda.gov

# **Key Points**

Navigate to select slides by clicking on the links below.

- 1) Despite conditions being <u>warmer than normal</u> on average, many in the state <u>experienced a freeze</u> last week.
- 2) The east received some <u>rain last week</u>, but <u>soil moisture</u> conditions continue to get drier with reductions in <u>adequate</u> <u>moisture</u>. <u>Drought coverage</u> has expanded.
- 3) The second half of October is looking to remain <u>warmer than</u> <u>normal</u>, with a lean towards <u>above normal precip</u>.
- For this week's agronomic recommendations from UW Extension, click here.
- For the latest GDD accumulation maps, click <u>here</u>.
- For NASS crop progress & condition maps, click <u>here</u>.

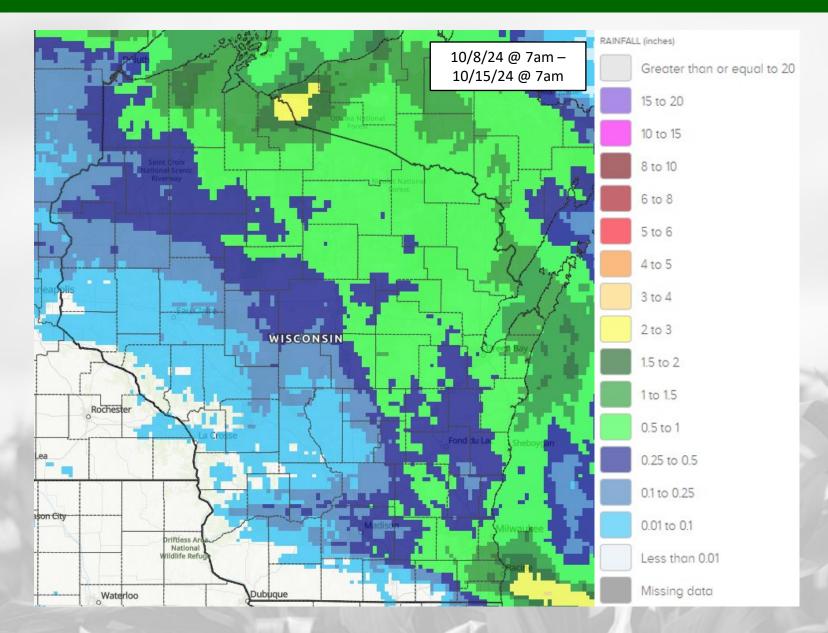
# Chilly Fall Nights



Climate Division	Coldest Station (10/8 – 10/14)	Minimum Temp & Date
WI01	Couderay (Sawyer)	25°F, 10/8
WI02	Minocqua (Oneida)	26°F, 10/10
WI03	Florence (Florence)	26°F, 10/10
WI04	Ft. McCoy (Monroe)	28°F, 10/8
WI05	Friendship (Adams)	30°F, 10/8
WI06	Brillion (Calumet)	30°F, 10/10
WI07	Hillsboro (Vernon)	28°F, 10/8
WI08	Horicon (Dodge)	30°F, 10/8
WI09	Slinger (Washington)	31°F, 10/8

https://mrcc.purdue.edu/freeze/freezedatetool

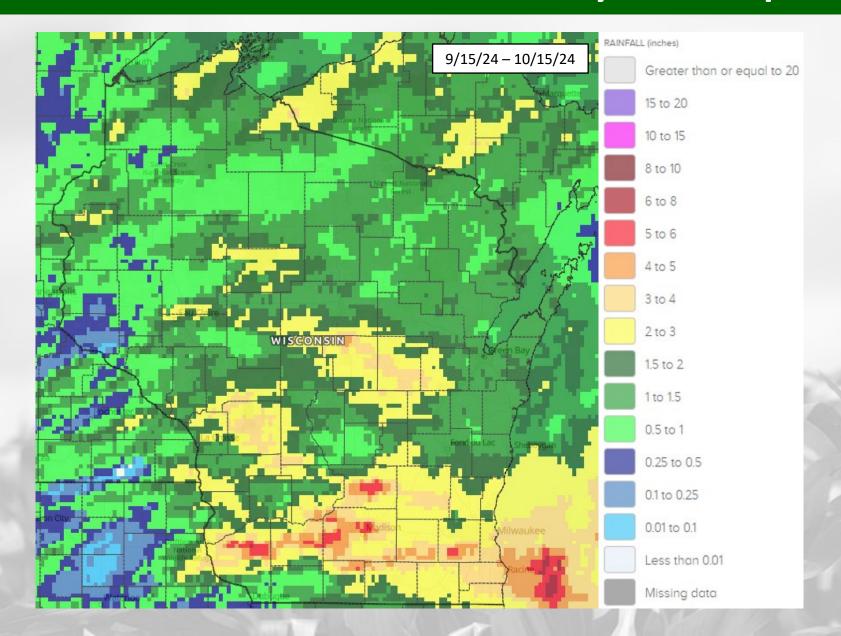
# 7 Day Precip



- Precip was concentrated in the eastern half of the state last week.
- Most of the north and east saw at least 0.5" of rainfall, with 1+" in Door County & Racine/Kenosha vicinities.
- Little to no precip in the SW & WC counties.

https://water.noaa.gov/

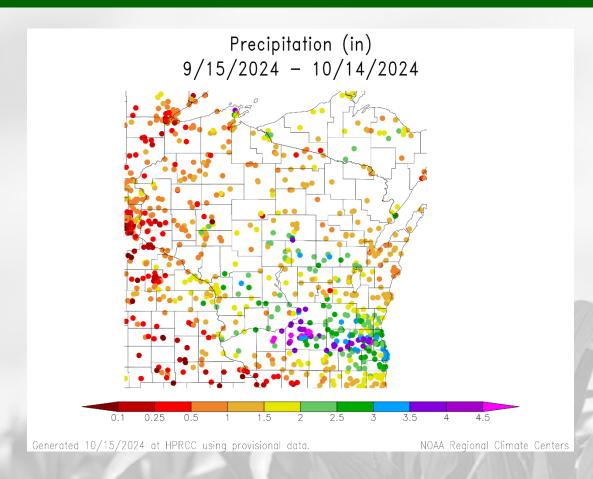
# 30 Day Precip

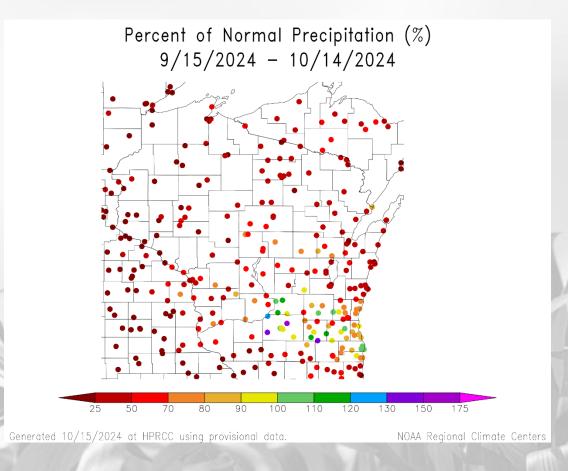


- The majority of the state saw **2" of precip since Sept. 15**.
  Lowest totals in the NW.
- **2-4"** common east of La Crosse, in the Central Sands, and in the south.
- Estimates of 3+" in the south, which was received between Sept. 19-22.

https://water.noaa.gov/

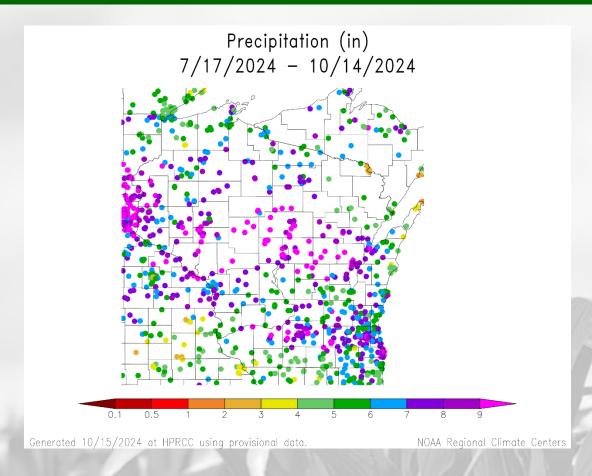
# 30 Day Precip Total/% Avg.

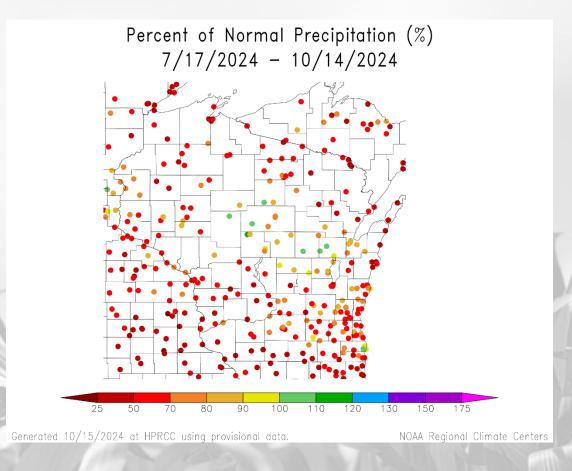




- Rainfall totals across most of the state has been 2" or less → 70% or less of climatological average (1991-2020).
- 2-3" across stations in the Driftless, Central Sands, and SC/SE → 70% or greater of climatological average.
- Highest between Madison & Milwaukee → 3+", which is near or above climatological average.

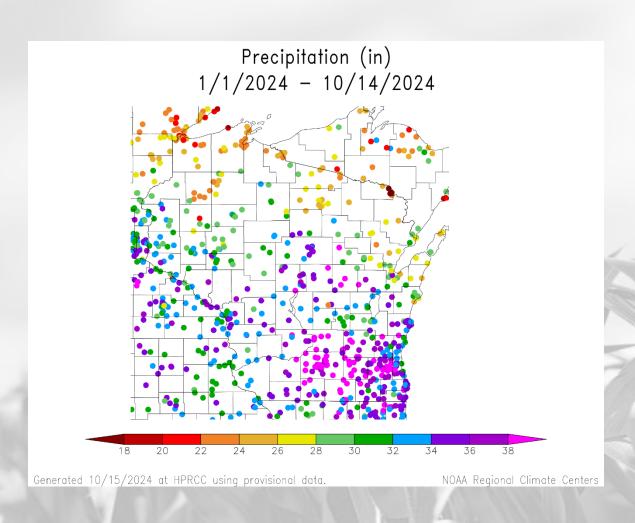
# 90 Day Precip Total/% Avg.

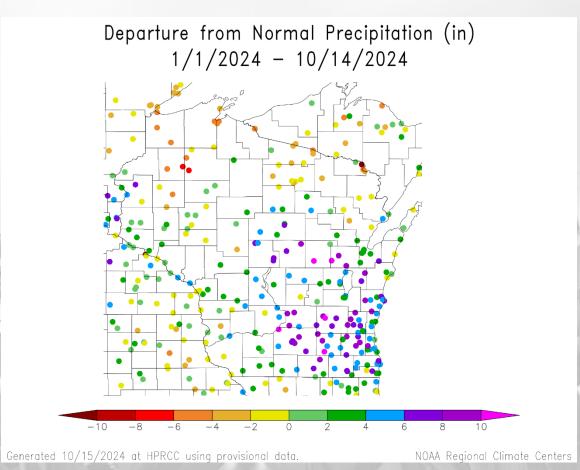




- 6-9" of precip common across stations from the TC to Green Bay, and between Madison & Milwaukee
  - Most of these stations are below the climatological average; some in the NC counties are above normal
- 70% or less of normal across most stations not in the central region.

# 2024 Precipitation (so far)





### Soil Moisture Models

- 20<sup>th</sup> percentile or lower for soil moisture conditions covering most of the state.
- 5<sup>th</sup> percentile or lower along Lake Michigan and along the western border.
- Wettest conditions in the central sands, but even this area is showing dry conditions (20-30<sup>th</sup> percentile).

#### **Model Notes**:

Red areas = top 5 driest in 100 years.

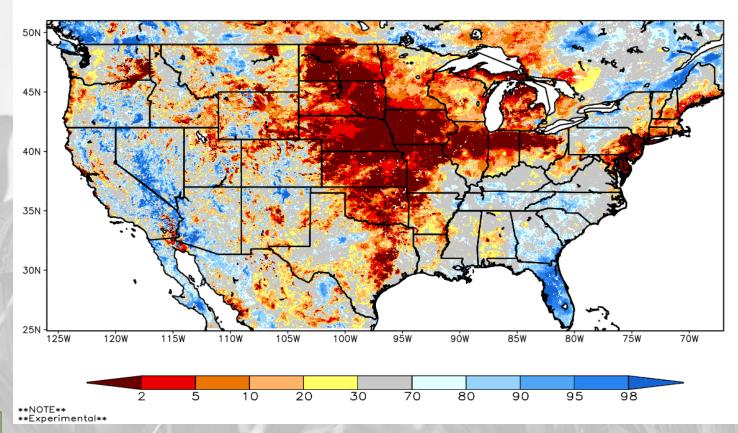
Dark red areas = top 2 driest in 100 years.

Blue areas = top 2 wettest in 100 years.

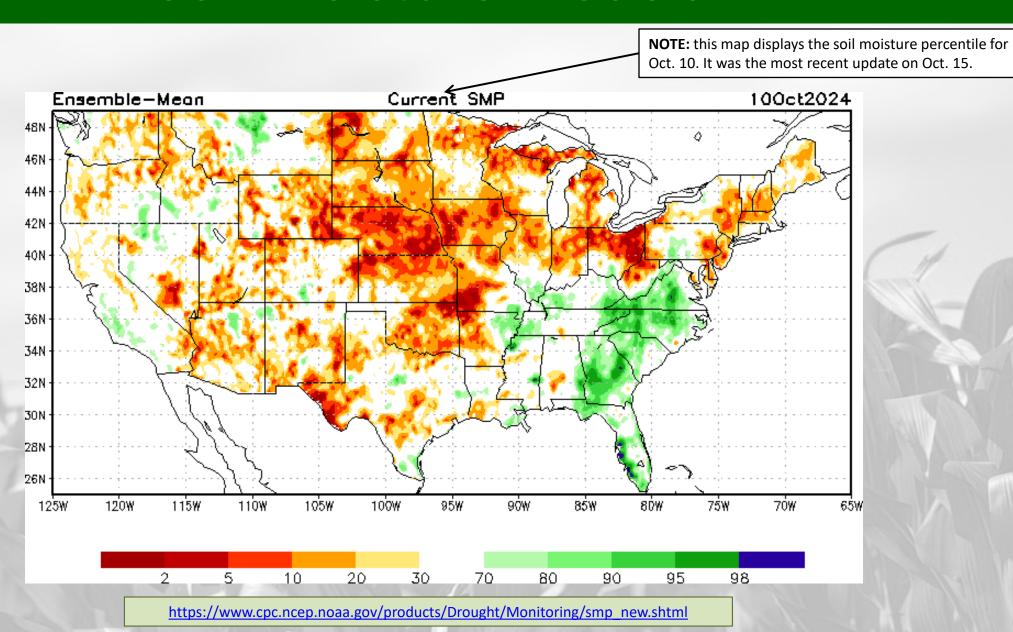
It's worth noting that each soil moisture model has their own characteristics and input variables, so there tends to be variation between models. Thus, it's worthwhile to look at multiple models opposed to just one.

https://weather.msfc.nasa.gov/sport/case\_studies/lis\_CONUS.html https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin

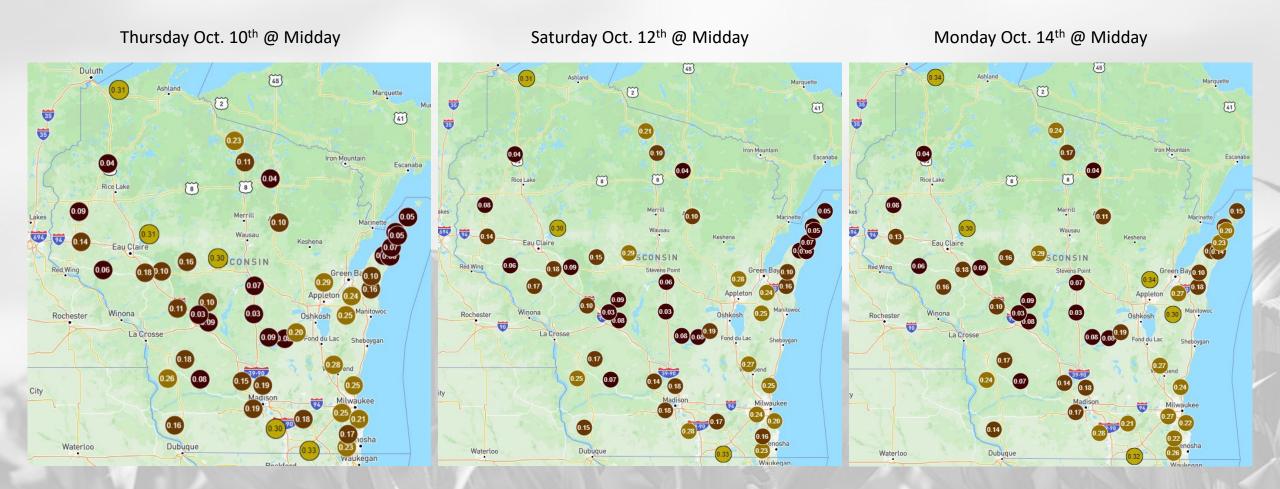
SPoRT-LIS 0-100 cm Soil Moisture percentile valid 15 Oct 2024



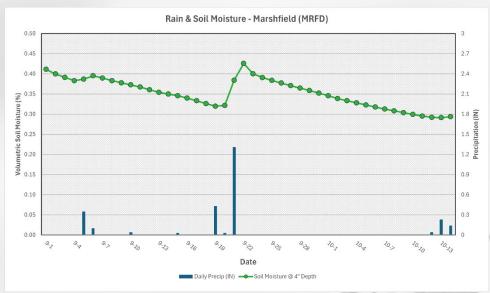
### Soil Moisture Models



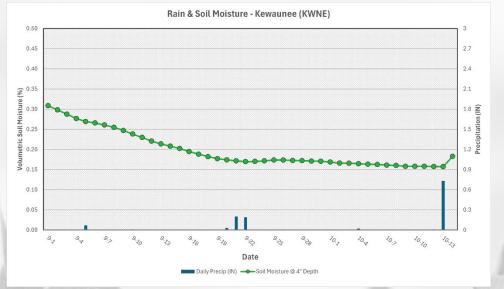
# Wisconet Soil Moisture (4" Depth)

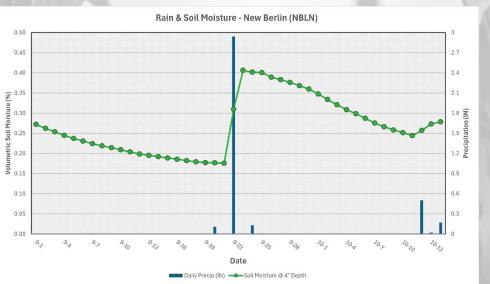


# Wisconet Soil Moisture – 4" Depth







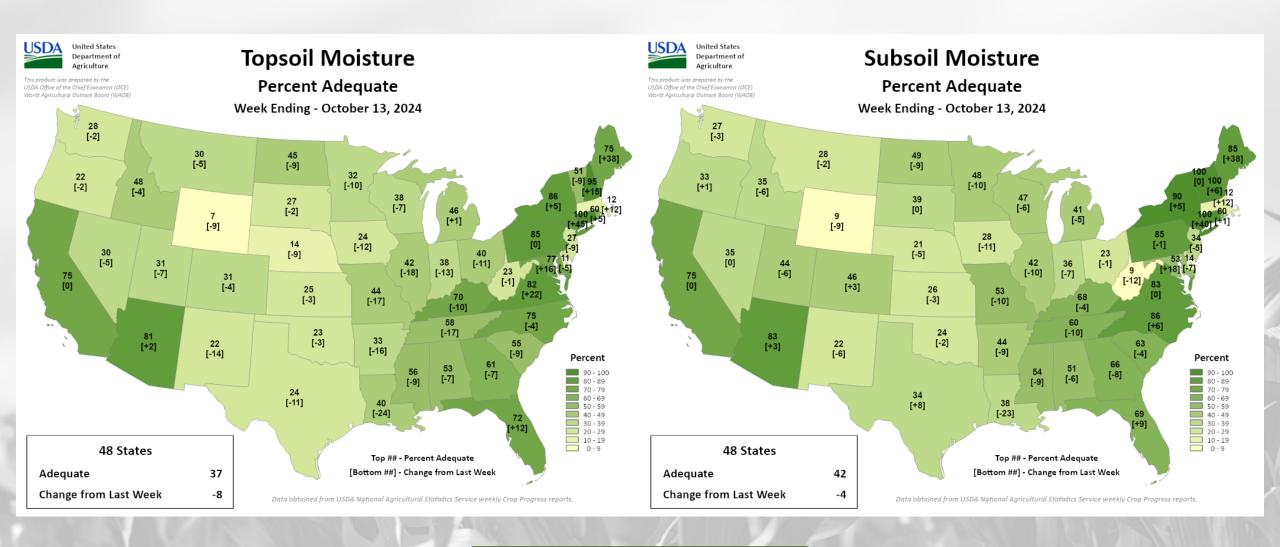


Trend in soil moisture (4") & precip since September 1

Soil moisture showed a minor response to rainfall last week, which was <1" for most.

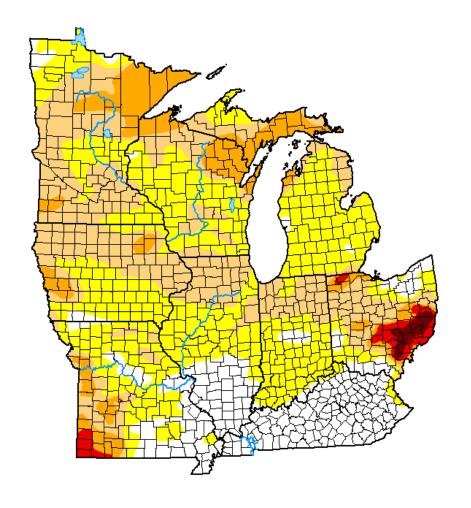
https://wisconet.wisc .edu/

# NASS Topsoil & Subsoil Moisture



# **US Drought Monitor**

### U.S. Drought Monitor Midwest



#### October 8, 2024

(Released Thursday, Oct. 10, 2024)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	18.38	81.62	41.55	12.60	2.12	0.66
Last Week 10-01-2024	21.78	78.22	28.15	6.40	1.46	0.66
3 Month's Ago 07-09-2024	80.70	19.30	4.50	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	22.92	77.08	50.25	20.76	4.20	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	16.82	83.18	54.98	23.81	6.21	0.13
One Year Ago 10-10-2023	16.15	83.85	55.51	21.95	6.14	0.35

#### Intensity:

None D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought
D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions.

Local conditions may vary. For more information on the

Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

#### <u>Author:</u>

Richard Tinker CPC/NOAA/NWS/NCEP







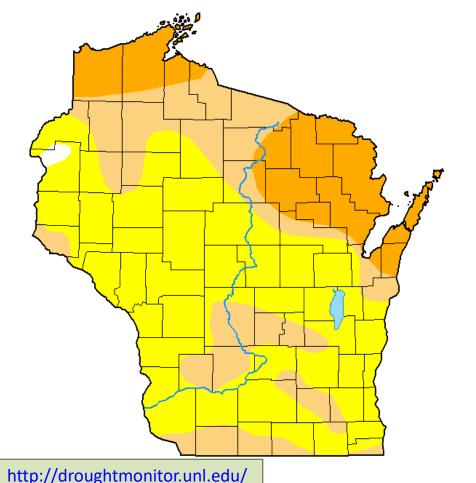
droughtmonitor.unl.edu

- Compared to last week:
  - Increases in D1 drought coverage across MN, northern IA, and parts of WI after another dry week.
  - Improvements in Kentucky; no drought coverage in KY or southern IL/IN.
  - Overall, increases in all drought categories compared to last week. 42% of the region in at least D1 severity.

Note: D0 is not considered drought.

# **US Drought Monitor**

U.S. Drought Monitor
Wisconsin



#### October 8, 2024

(Released Thursday, Oct. 10, 2024)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

		None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
ſ	Current	0.43	99.57	44.54	18.00	0.00	0.00
	Last Week 10-01-2024	18.68	81.32	29.83	8.45	0.00	0.00
	3 Month's Ago 07-09-2024	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	33.04	66.96	37.34	16.80	0.26	0.00
	Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	2.04	97.96	80.86	37.74	6.77	0.00
	One Year Ago 10-10-2023	0.01	99.99	74.40	30.44	6.77	0.00

#### Intensity:

None

D2 Severe Drought

D0 Abnormally Dry

D1 Moderate Drought

D3 Extreme Drought

D4 Exceptional Drought

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droughtmonitor.unl.edu

#### Amount of state in:

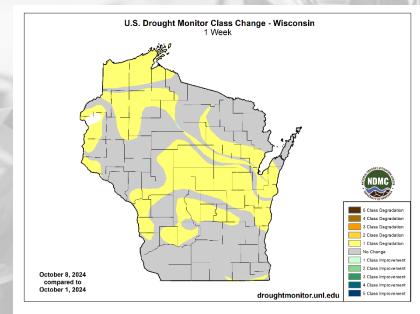
• D1-D4 - 44.5% ↑

• D2-D4 - 18.0% ↑

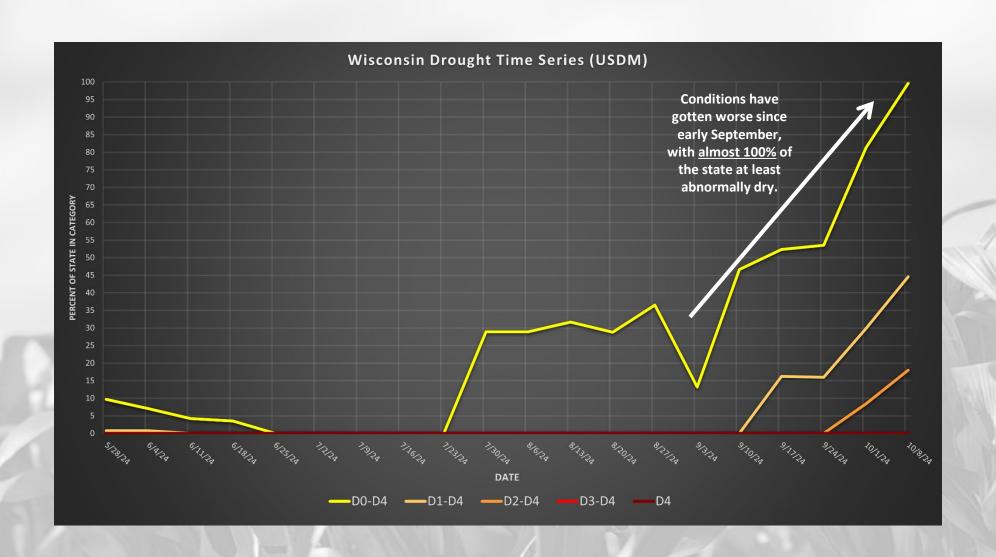
• D3-D4 - 0.0% --

• D4 – 0.0% --

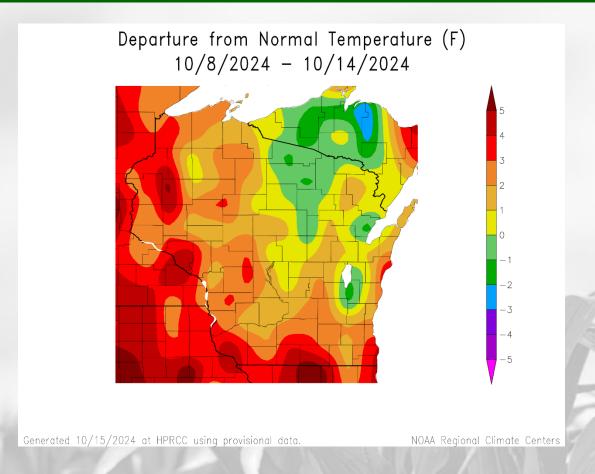
<u>Note</u>:  $\uparrow \downarrow$  indicate change from last week. Red up arrows indicate increase in drought area; vice-versa for green arrows.

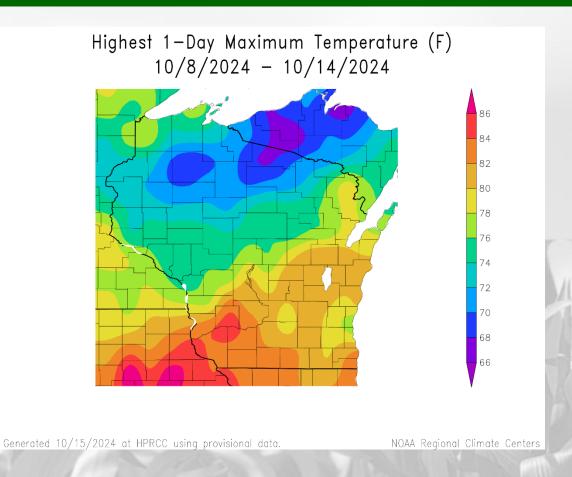


### **USDM Time Series**



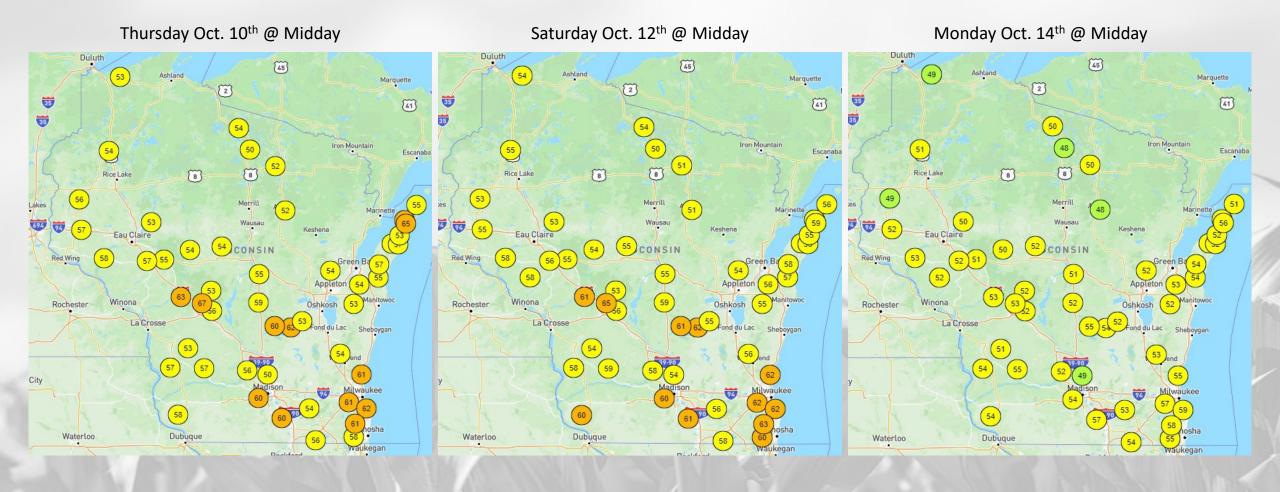
# 7 Day Temperatures



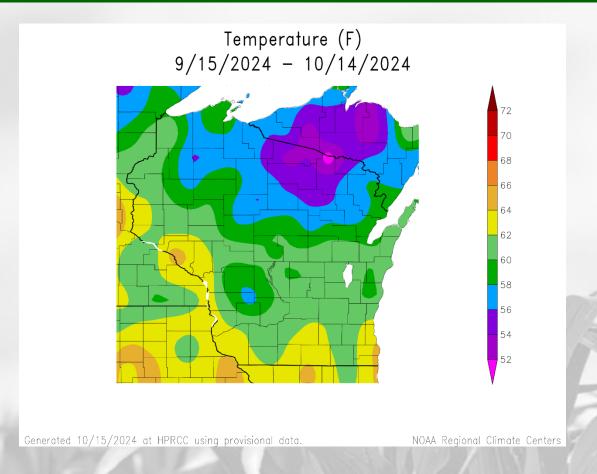


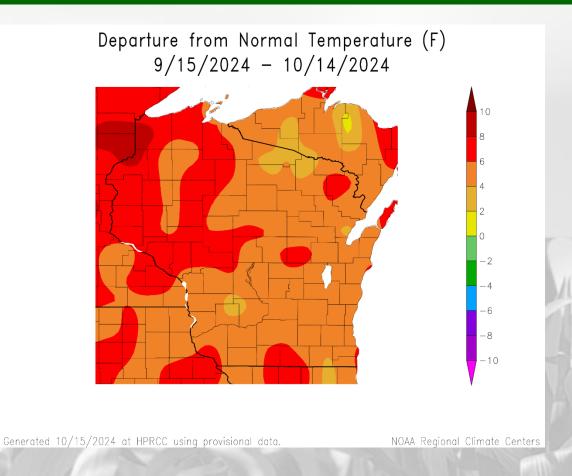
- It was a warm week for many last week; with most 1-3°F above climatological normal.
  - >4°F above climatological average in pockets across S & W. Closer to normal in the NE/NC.
- Weekly maximums in the upper 70s to low 80s in the S; 70-76°F in the north.

# Wisconet Soil Temp (4" Depth)



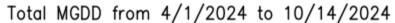
### 30 Day Temperatures

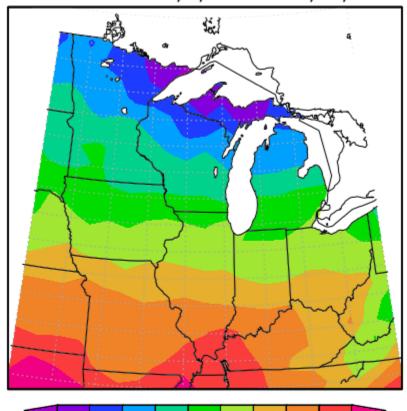




- Temperatures for the past month ranged from **60-64°F** in the S & W to **54-58°F** in the far NC.
  - 4-8°F above normal for most of the state compared to climatological (1991-2020) average.
  - Temps more above the climatological average in the NW compared to the south and east.

### Growing Degree Days (Base = 50°F; Since April 1)

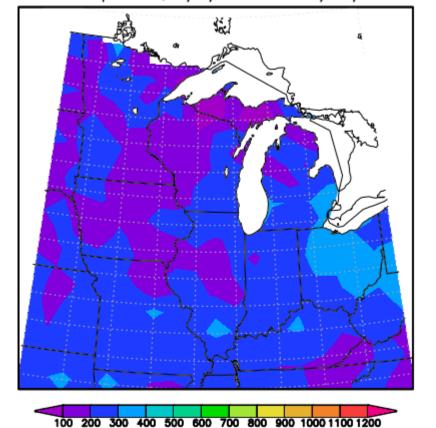




1800 2100 2400 2700 3000 3300 3600 3900 4200 4500

Midwestern Regional Climate Center Purdue University

#### MGDD Departure, 4/1/2024 to 10/14/2024



Midwestern Regional Climate Center
Purdue University
Normals Period, 1991-2020

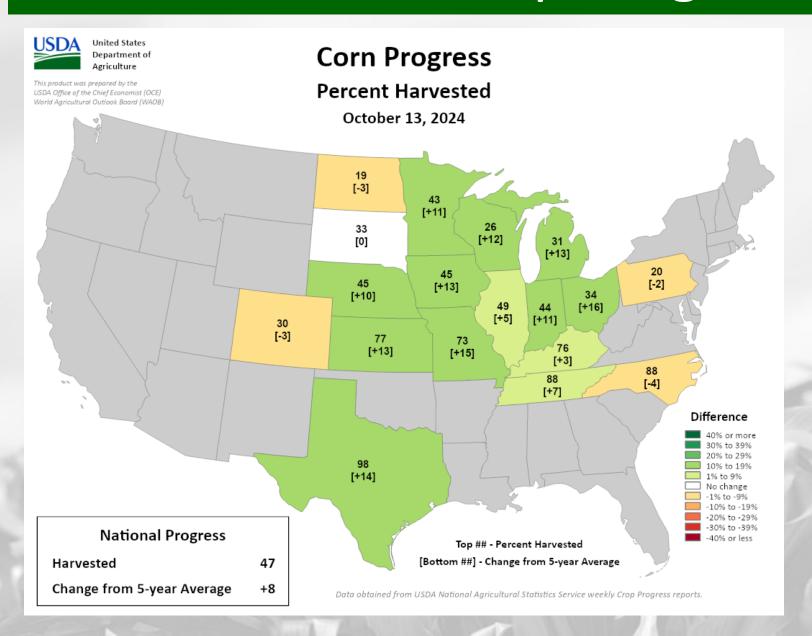
- 3000-3300 GDD in the far S to 2100-2700 GDD in the N.
- With the warm fall that we've had, GDD accumulation is running ≥100 GDD ahead of normal pace.

To calculate GDD for your corn variety and planting date, use this tool.

To see specific degree models for pests in your location, use the <u>Vegetable Disease & Insect</u> Forecasting Network.

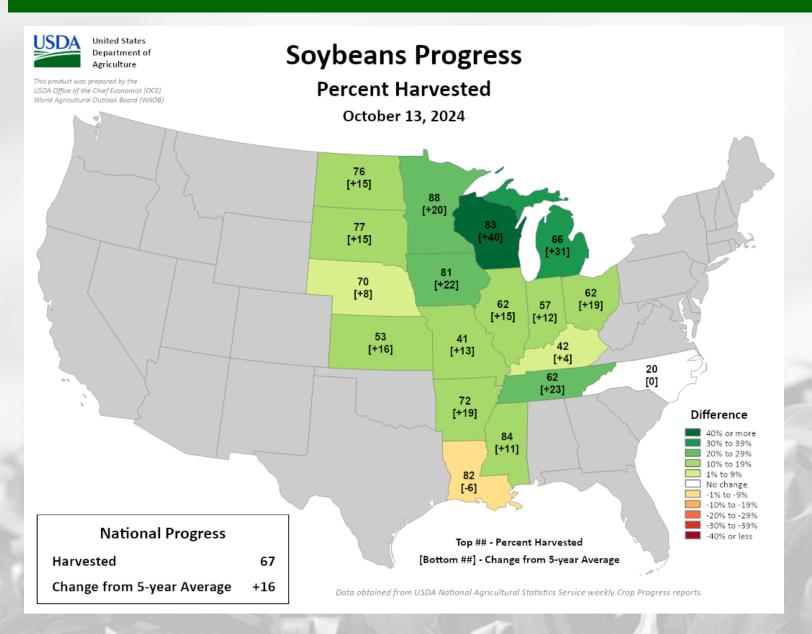
https://mrcc.purdue.edu/climate watch

### NASS Crop Progress – Corn



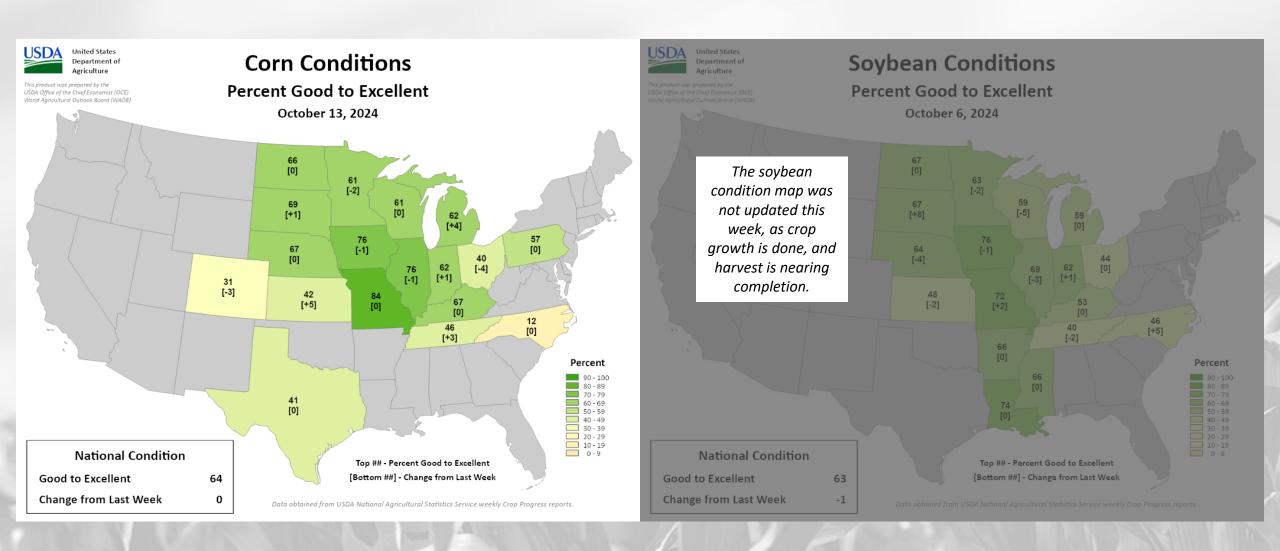
- The corn in WI fields is over
   25% harvested and is running
   well ahead of average pace.
   This is a common theme
   across the Midwest.
  - In WI, harvest is 26% complete. 12% ahead of the 5-year average pace & up 16% from last week.
  - Mature → 85% complete

# NASS Crop Progress – Soybean

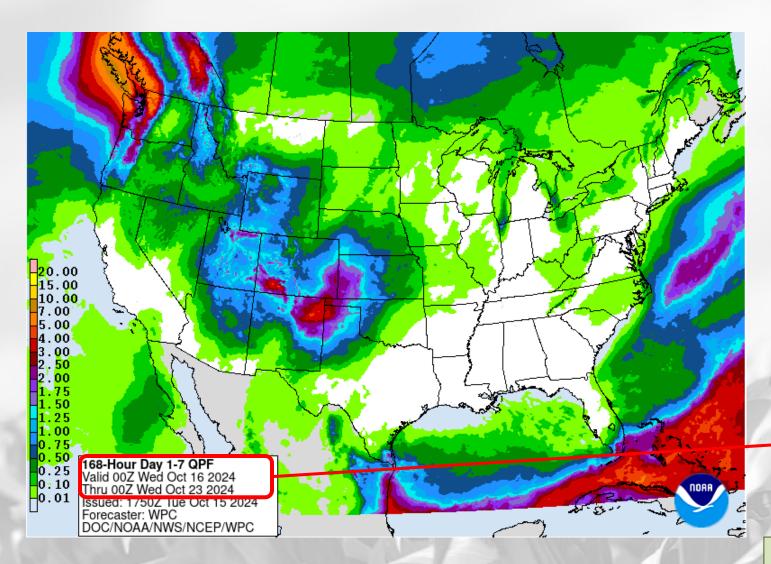


- Soybean harvest is nearly complete. Harvest is running well ahead of normal pace in WI and in the larger Corn Belt.
  - In WI, harvest is 83% complete. 40% ahead of the 5-year average pace & up
     22% from last week.
  - <u>Leaf drop</u> → 97% complete

# NASS Crop Condition



## 7 Day Precip Forecast

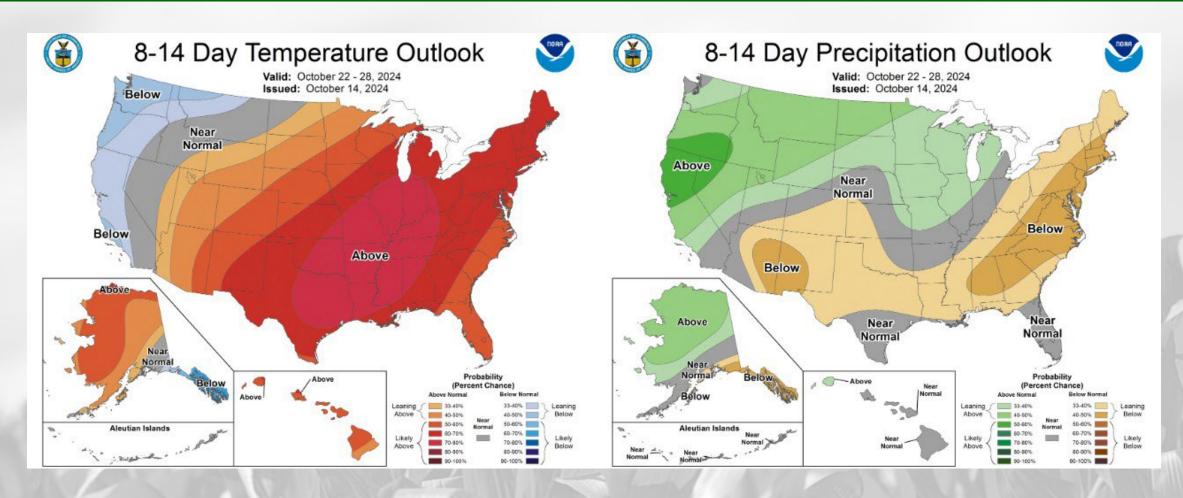


- Little to no precip for most in WI during the next 7 days.
  - <u>Location</u>: Best chances in the **NW, NE, and SW**, albeit for minor totals.
  - <u>Timing</u>: Best chances for rain
     Monday night into Tuesday.

Forecast for 10/15/24 thru 10/22/24 (Begins at 7pm CDT)

https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/qpf/p168i.gif https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin

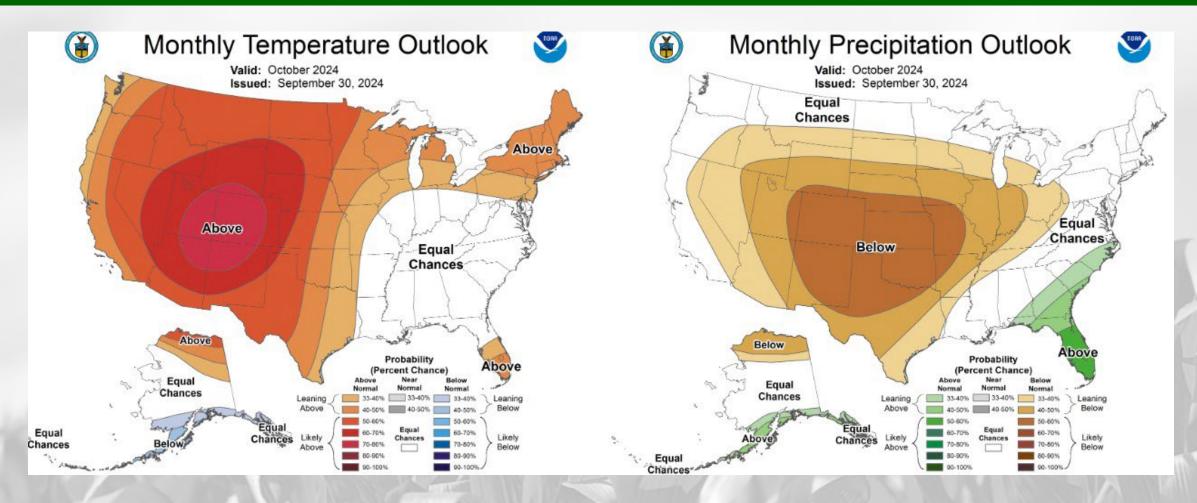
# 8-14 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



**End of October:** Temperatures likely to remain <u>above normal</u>, with precipitation leaning towards being <u>above normal</u>.

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/

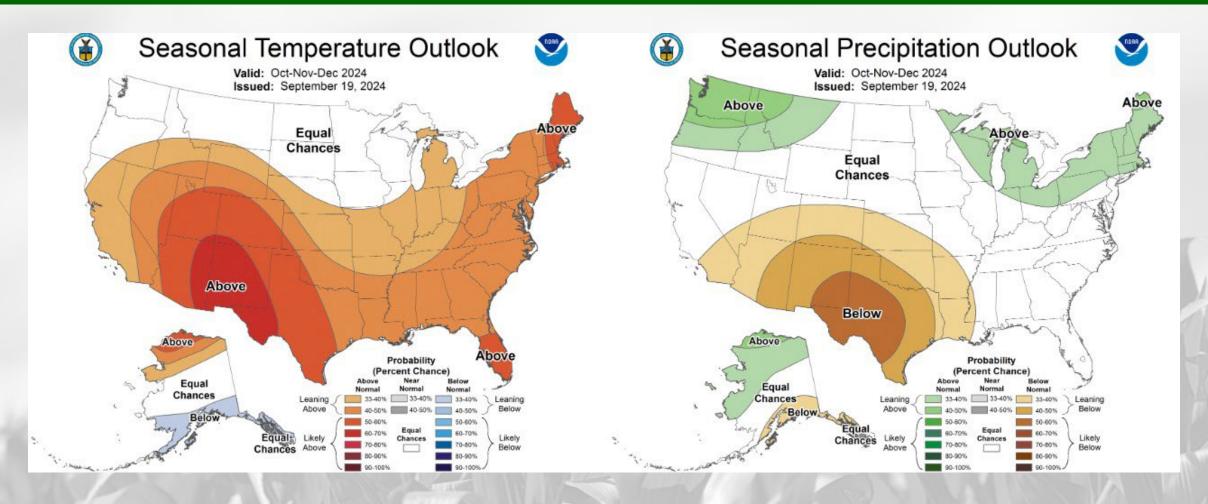
# 30 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



**Month of October:** Temperatures leaning towards <u>above normal</u>, with precipitation leaning towards below normal.

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/

# 90 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



**Fall into Early Winter:** Temperatures showing <u>equal chances</u>. Precipitation uncertainty with <u>equal chances</u> in the west, leaning <u>above normal</u> in the E/N.

### Take-Home Points

#### **Current Conditions:**

- **The dryness continued** for another week for the state. Some in the east received a half inch or more of precip. Most stations in the state received <70% of normal precip over the past 30 days, with some at <25% of normal.
- Temperatures last week were once again warmer than normal, except for the NC/NE region that was closer to seasonal.

#### Impact:

- Nearly all of WI is now experiencing dry soil moisture percentiles and is in at least D0 coverage on the <u>USDM map</u>.
  - D1 drought coverage expanded to >44% of the state, with 18% in D2 severity.
- Corn harvest is running ahead of normal pace in WI and the larger Midwest, with 85% of fields reported as mature.
- Soybean harvest is nearing completion (83%), which is very far ahead of the normal pace of harvest progress.
- GDDs are approaching 3300 (2700) units in the southern (northern) counties.

#### **Outlook:**

- Very minimal precip chances next week, with many forecasted to receive no additional rainfall.
- Late October has a higher probability to be warmer and drier than normal but keep an eye out for some dryness relief with a lean toward a wetter-than-normal end to October.
- The remainder of fall is more uncertain for temperatures, with some lean towards above normal precip totals.
  - La Niña is favored to be in place by September-November (according to the CPC).

## **Agronomic Considerations**

#### **Crop Development**

- Monitor moisture in crops closely as the lack of precipitation and mid-season disease pressure has led to some crops drying out earlier than usual.
- Evaluate soil temperatures and moisture for the opportunity for cover crops after crops come off.
- Be aware that nitrogen is still mobile as soil temperatures are still above 50F in most places.
- As crops come off, consider diverse cover crop mixes to help mitigate any compaction that may have occurred this spring and protect soil heading into fall. Tools available here for <u>cover crop selection</u> and their <u>use in a forage rotation</u>.

#### **Manure Applications**

- Runoff risk is low throughout the state in the next week. Be mindful of the possibility of runoff and plan manure applications accordingly. Check the DATCP runoff risk advisory forecast <a href="here">here</a>.
- Consider the relationship between manure and cover crops, learn more <u>here</u>.

#### **Forage Management**

- Look out for herbicide carryover, volunteers in late summer seeding of alfalfa into wheat. Read more.
- Fall alfalfa cutting can affect persistence, <u>read more</u> and use our <u>new tool</u> to make informed decisions.
- Be mindful of prussic acid concerns in fields with standing sorghums.

# **User Survey**

Are you a regular user of the Wisconsin Ag Climate Outlook (WACO)? Or maybe you are viewing these slides for the first time this week? Either way, we want to hear **your** feedback on this new resource! Please take a few minutes and fill out this survey:

### **LINK TO SURVEY**

Your feedback will help us better serve your ag-climate data needs through WACO.

If you have any trouble accessing or filling out the survey, please email Josh Bendorf at Joshua.Bendorf@usda.gov.

Thank you!!

-The WACO Team

# Citizen Science Opportunity

### CoCoRaHS – <u>Community Collaborative Rain, Hail, & Snow</u> Network

#### The Mission

(From cocorahs.org)

- Provide accurate high-quality precipitation data for endusers;
- Increasing the density of precipitation data available throughout the country;
- Encouraging citizens to have fun participating in meteorological science and heightening their awareness about weather;
- Providing weather education opportunities.



#### Sign Up Here:

https://cocorahs.org/Content.aspx?page=application

### Contact Info



#### **Josh Bendorf**

Ag Climatologist, Midwest Climate Hub joshua.bendorf@usda.gov

#### **Steve Vavrus**

State Climatologist of Wisconsin <a href="mailto:sjvavrus@wisc.edu">sjvavrus@wisc.edu</a>

#### **Bridgette Mason**

Assistant State Climatologist of Wisconsin <a href="mailto:bmmason2@wisc.edu">bmmason2@wisc.edu</a>

#### **Natasha Paris**

Crops Educator – Adams, Green Lake, Marquette, Waushara Cos. natasha.paris@wisc.edu

#### **Dennis Todey**

Director, Midwest Climate Hub dennis.todey@usda.gov

#### **Kristin Foehringer**

NRCS State Working Lands Climate Smart Specialist

kristin.foehringer@usda.gov