







Wisconsin Ag Climate Outlook Week of October 7, 2024

Josh Bendorf

Ag Climatologist, Midwest Climate Hub joshua.bendorf@usda.gov

Bridgette Mason

Assistant State Climatologist of Wisconsin

bmmason2@wisc.edu

Kristin Foehringer

NRCS State Working Lands Climate Smart Specialist

kristin.foehringer@usda.gov

Steve Vavrus

State Climatologist of Wisconsin sjvavrus@wisc.edu

Natasha Paris

Crops Educator – Adams, Green Lake, Marquette, Waushara Cos. natasha.paris@wisc.edu

Dennis Todey

Director, Midwest Climate Hub dennis.todey@usda.gov

Key Points

Navigate to select slides by clicking on the links below.

- 1) The <u>dry fall</u> that has been going on continued last week, with <u>minimal precip</u> for most of the state.
- 2) <u>Drought coverage</u> continues to expand in the state with the <u>lack of rainfall</u>, with D2 coverage now in the NE.
- 3) The remainder of October is looking warmer and drier than normal, with harvest making large strides.
- For this week's agronomic recommendations from UW Extension, click here.
- For the latest GDD accumulation maps, click <u>here</u>.
- For NASS crop progress & condition maps, click <u>here</u>.

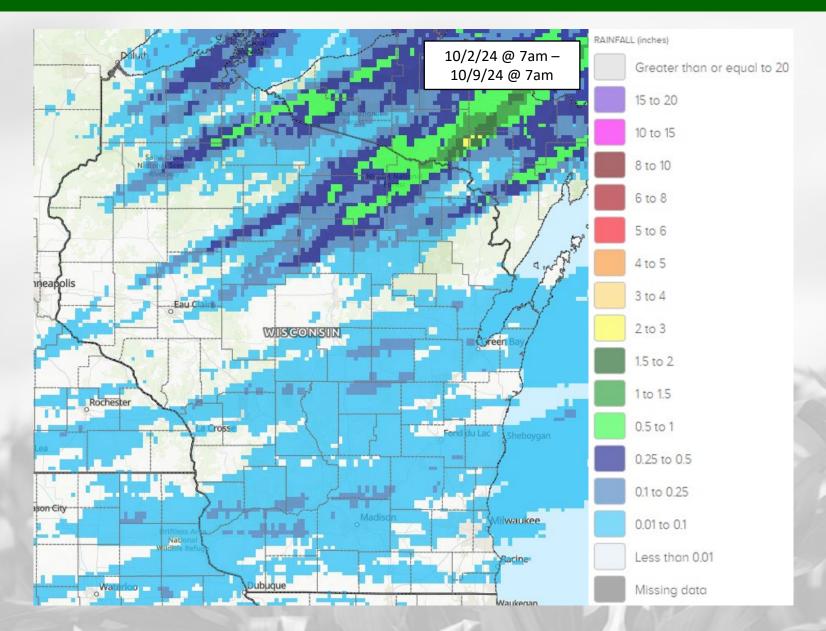
Conditions remain bone dry



Climate Division	Avg. Days >1" (8/1-10/8)	Avg. Days >0.5" (8/1-10/8)	Avg. Days <0.1" (8/1-10/8)
WI01	1.5	4.4	57.5
WI02	1.2	3.2	56.6
WI03	0.5	2.1	59.7
WI04	2.3	4.8	59.1
WI05	1.9	5.4	57.8
WI06	1.5	3.5	58.8
WI07	2.0	3.4	61.1
WI08	1.8	4.3	59.2
WI09	2.0	4.2	59.0

Data represents the average number of days across stations within a climate division. There are 69 total days in this period, for reference.

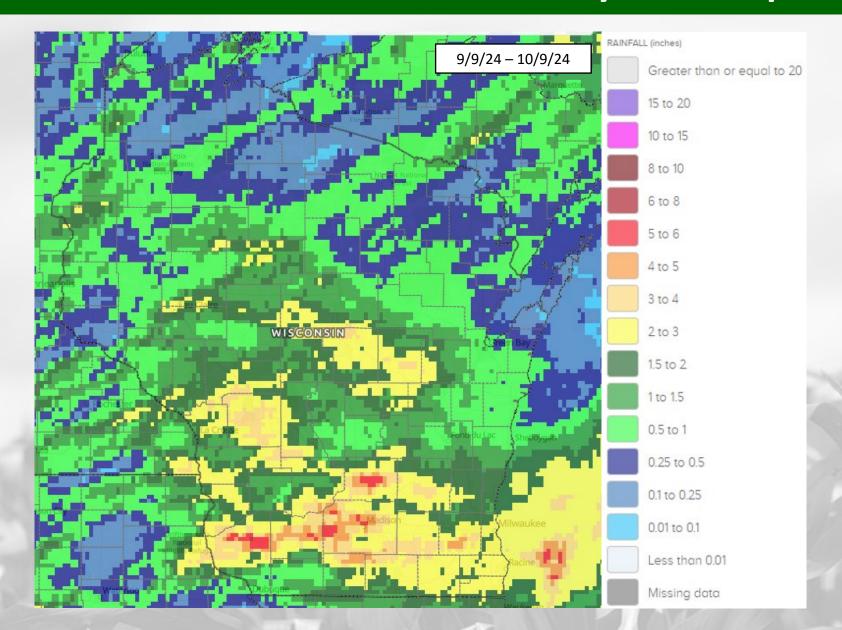
7 Day Precip



- Most of the state saw <0.25"
 of additional precip last week.
- Areas in the Northwoods saw a half inch or more.
- Southern 2/3 of the state received less than 0.1" at most locations.

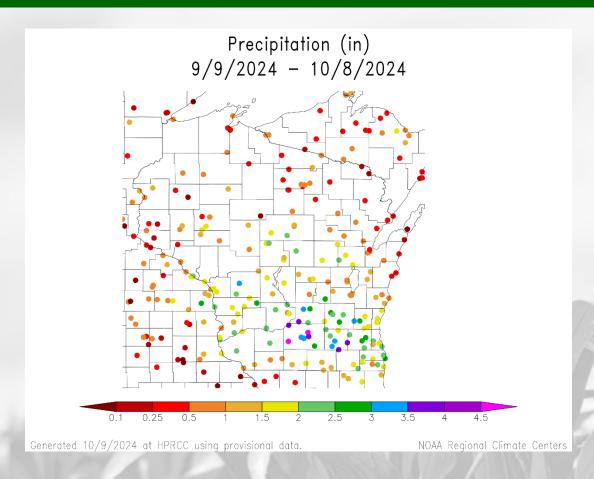
https://water.noaa.gov/

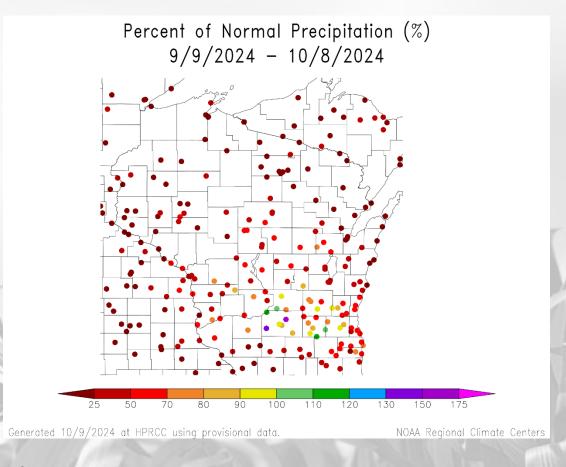
30 Day Precip



- The majority of the state saw
 2" of precip since Sept. 1.
 Lowest totals in the north.
- **2-4"** common east of La Crosse, in the Central Sands, and in the south.
- Estimates of 3+" in the south, which was received between Sept. 19-22.

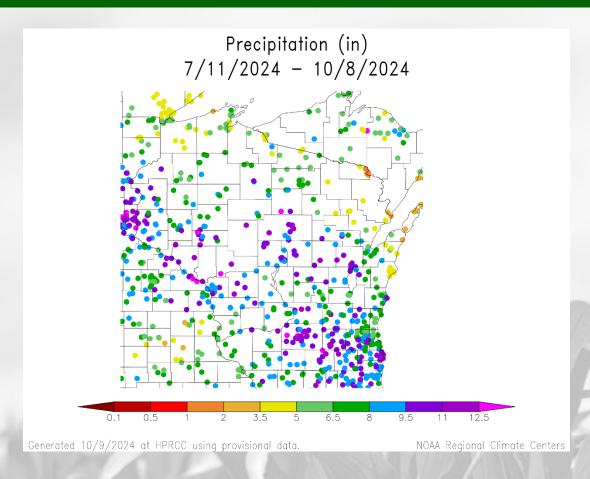
30 Day Precip Total/% Avg.

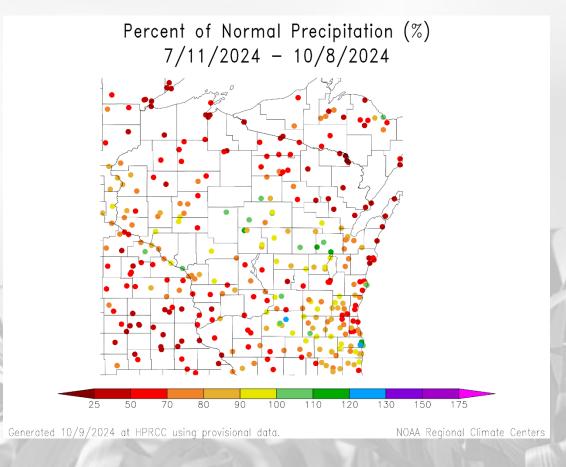




- Rainfall over the last 30 days was very concentrated in the SC/SE region versus elsewhere in WI.
 - Dane County & vicinity → 3" or more common across stations; at or above climatological average.
 - Elsewhere \rightarrow <2" very common, which was <70% of the climatological average (in some cases, <25%)

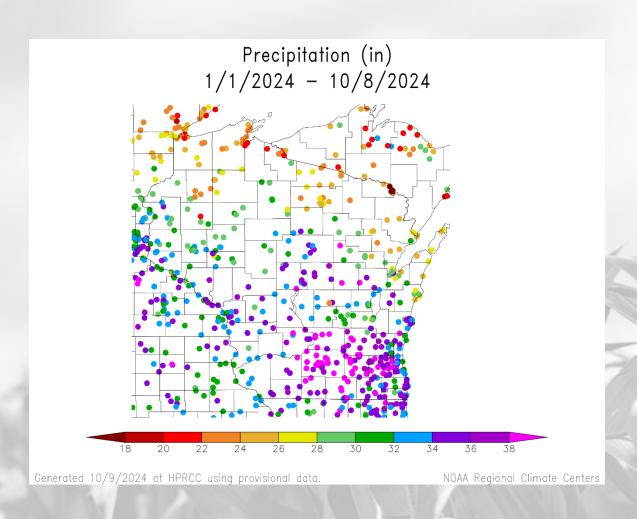
90 Day Precip Total/% Avg.

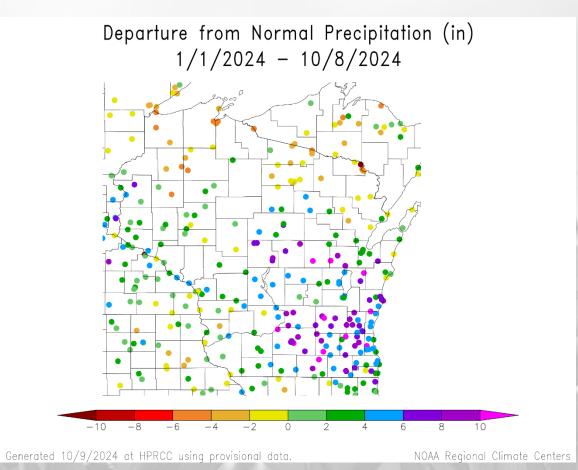




- >8" of precip across a large part of the state → these stations are at or above climatological average.
- Lower totals to the north and east
 - 3.5-6.5" common → 70% or less of climatological average

2024 Precipitation (so far)





Soil Moisture Models

- **30**th **percentile or lower** for soil moisture conditions covering most of the state.
- 10th percentile or lower in Door/Kewaunee Counties, and in the far NW.
- Wettest conditions in the central sands, but the area of normal soil moisture is shrinking compared to past weeks.

Model Notes:

Red areas = top 5 driest in 100 years.

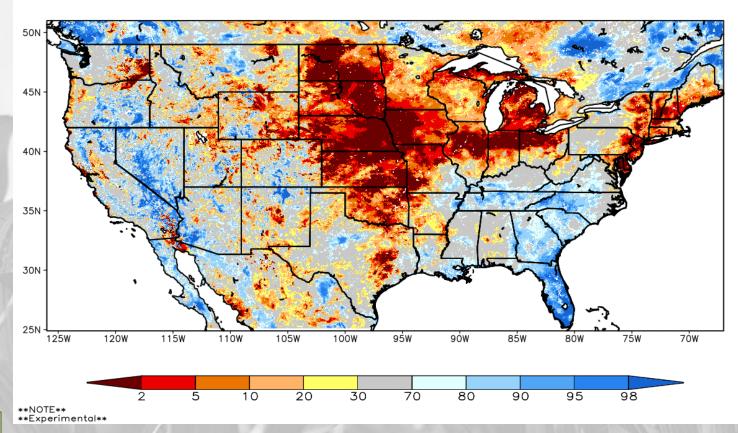
Dark red areas = top 2 driest in 100 years.

Blue areas = top 2 wettest in 100 years.

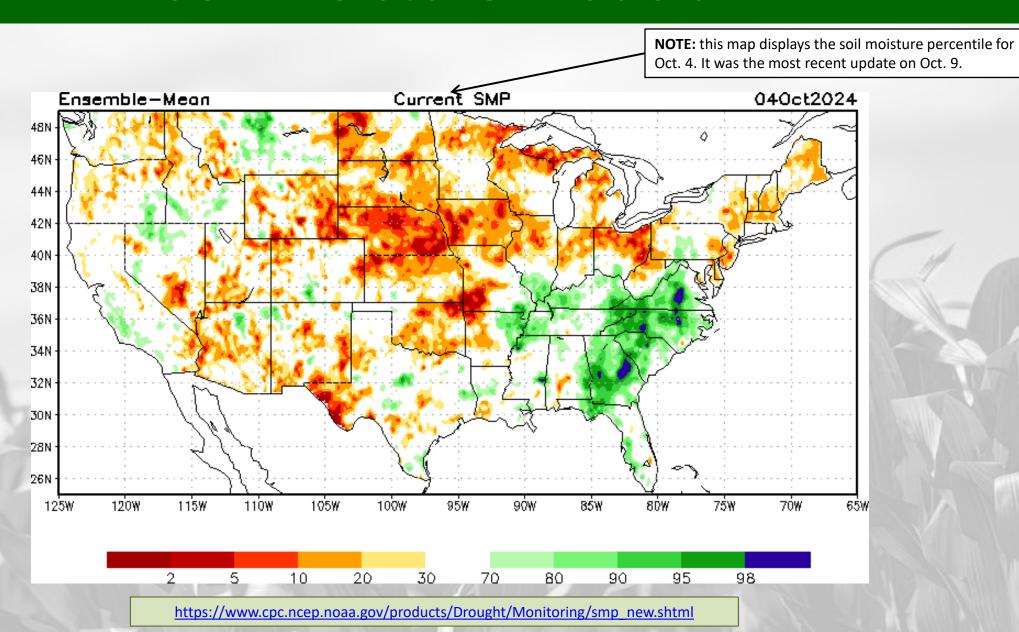
It's worth noting that each soil moisture model has their own characteristics and input variables, so there tends to be variation between models. Thus, it's worthwhile to look at multiple models opposed to just one.

https://weather.msfc.nasa.gov/sport/case_studies/lis_CONUS.html https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin

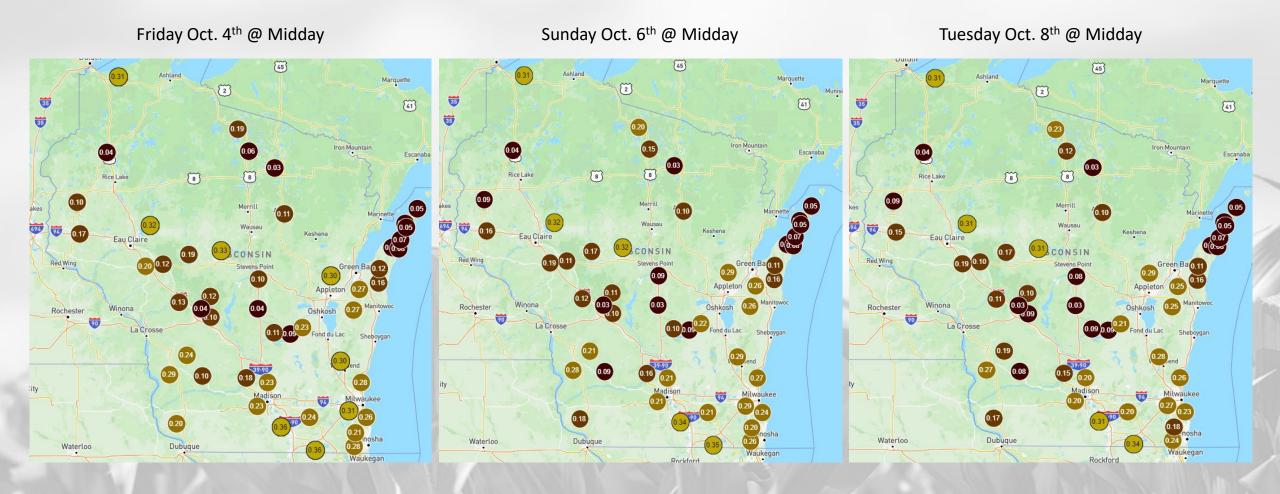
SPoRT-LIS 0-100 cm Soil Moisture percentile valid 09 Oct 2024



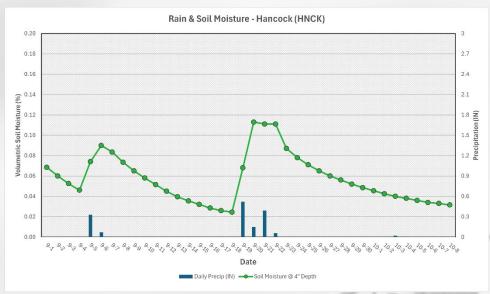
Soil Moisture Models

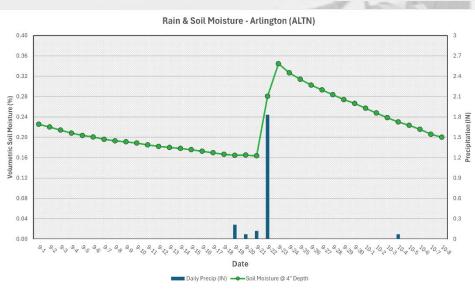


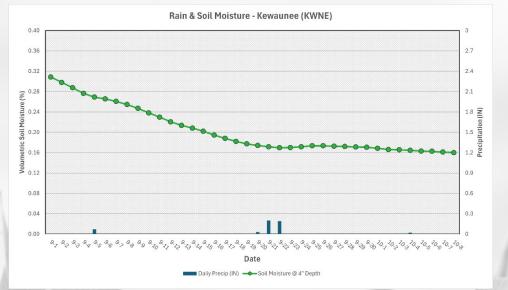
Wisconet Soil Moisture (4" Depth)



Wisconet Soil Moisture – 4" Depth







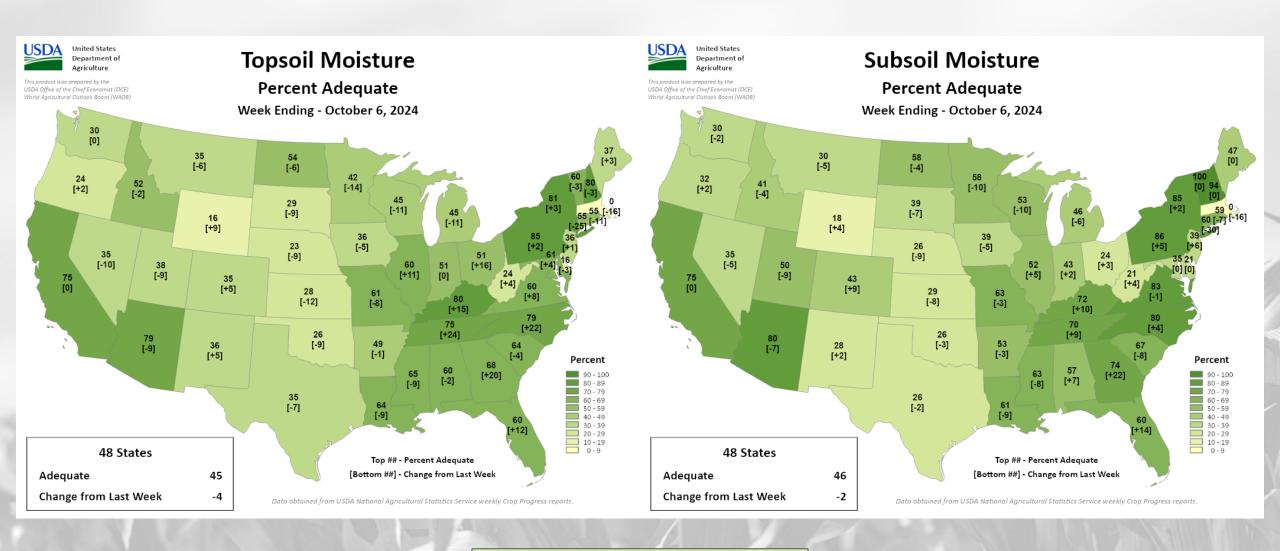


Trend in soil moisture (4") & precip since September 1

Soil moisture has <u>been</u> in decline since the last notable rainfall events across these stations.

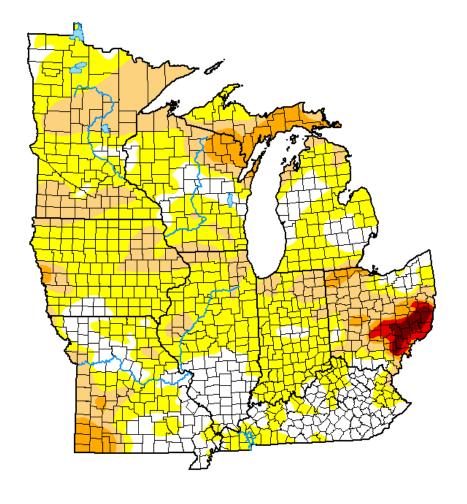
https://wisconet.wisc .edu/

NASS Topsoil & Subsoil Moisture



US Drought Monitor

U.S. Drought Monitor Midwest



October 1, 2024

(Released Thursday, Oct. 3, 2024)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	21.78	78.22	28.15	6.40	1.46	0.66
Last Week 09-24-2024	20.61	79.39	31.51	9.38	3.27	1.04
3 Month's Ago 07-02-2024	75.12	24.88	5.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	22.92	77.08	50.25	20.76	4.20	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	16.82	83.18	54.98	23.81	6.21	0.13
One Year Ago 10-03-2023	14.48	85.52	55.96	22.83	6.40	0.35

Intensity:

D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry
D1 Moderate Drought
D2 Severe Drought
D3 Extreme Drought
D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

<u>Author:</u>

Richard Tinker CPC/NOAA/NWS/NCEP







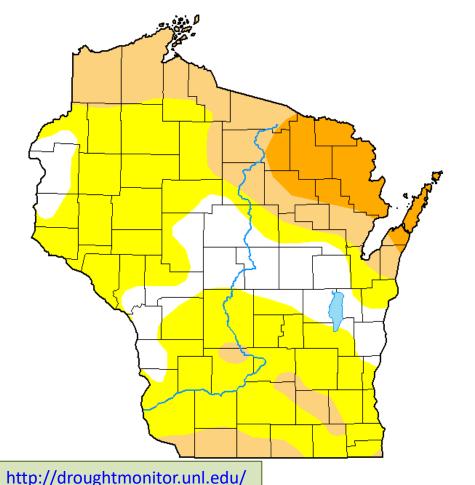
droughtmonitor.unl.edu

- Compared to last week:
 - Decreases in D2-D4 drought coverage in southern OH due to rainfall from the remnants of Helene.
 - Improvements in southern IN and IL as well.
 - Conditions getting drier in the northern extent of the Midwest, with the addition of D2 drought coverage in the UP and NE WI.

Note: D0 is not considered drought.

US Drought Monitor

U.S. Drought Monitor
Wisconsin



October 1, 2024

(Released Thursday, Oct. 3, 2024)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	18.68	81.32	29.83	8.45	0.00	0.00
Last Week 09-24-2024	46.45	53.55	16.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Month's Ago 07-02-2024	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	33.04	66.96	37.34	16.80	0.26	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	2.04	97.96	80.86	37.74	6.77	0.00
One Year Ago 10-03-2023	2.04	97.96	75.07	33.18	6.77	0.00

Intensity:

None

D2 Severe Drought

D0 Abnormally Dry
D1 Moderate Drought

D3 Extreme Drought

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CPC/NOAA/NWS/NCEP









D4 Exceptional Drought

droughtmonitor.unl.edu

Amount of state in:

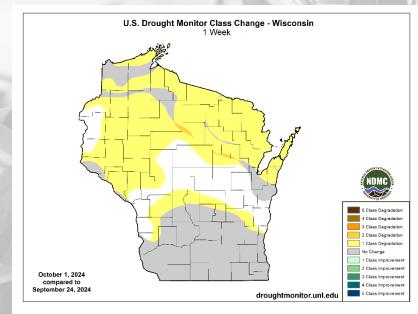
• D1-D4 − 29.8% ↑

• D2-D4 - 8.5% 1

• D3-D4 - 0.0% --

D4 – 0.0% --

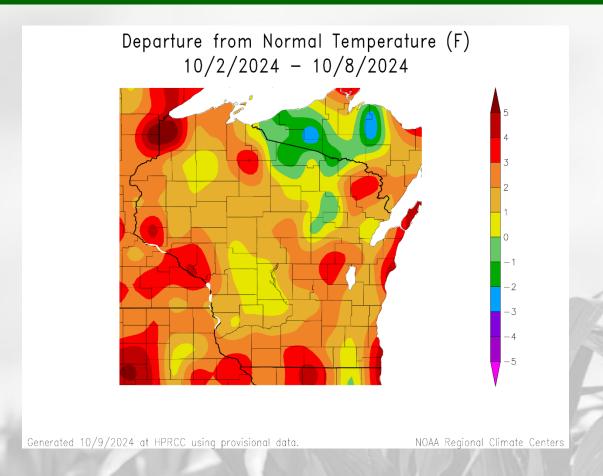
<u>Note</u>: $\uparrow \downarrow$ indicate change from last week. Red up arrows indicate increase in drought area; vice-versa for green arrows.

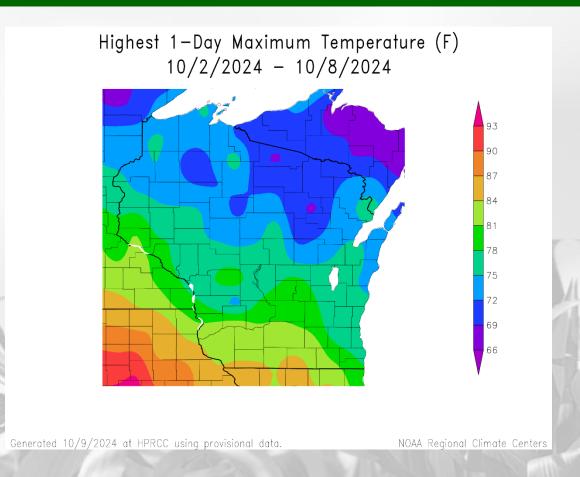


USDM Time Series



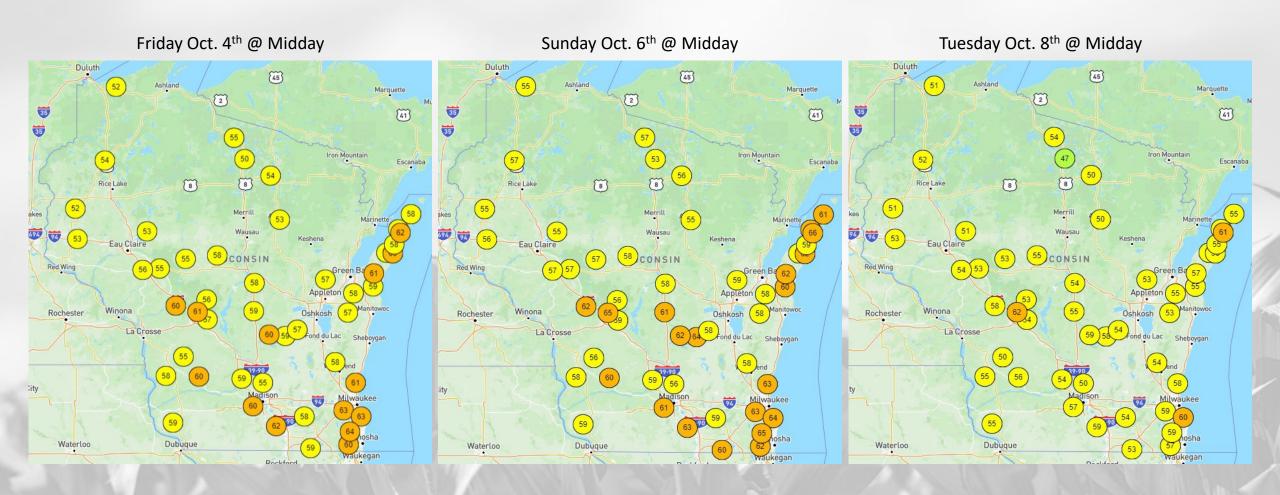
7 Day Temperatures



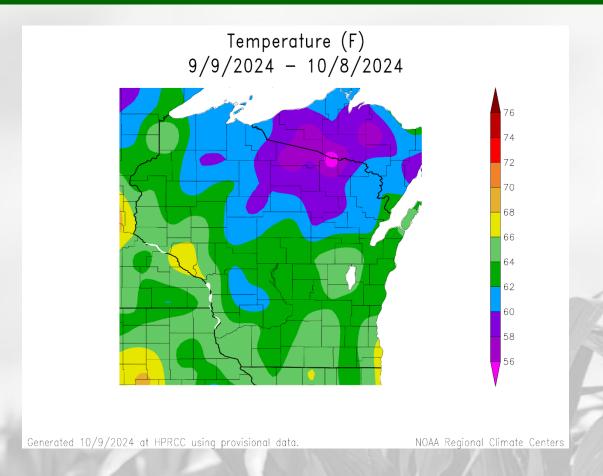


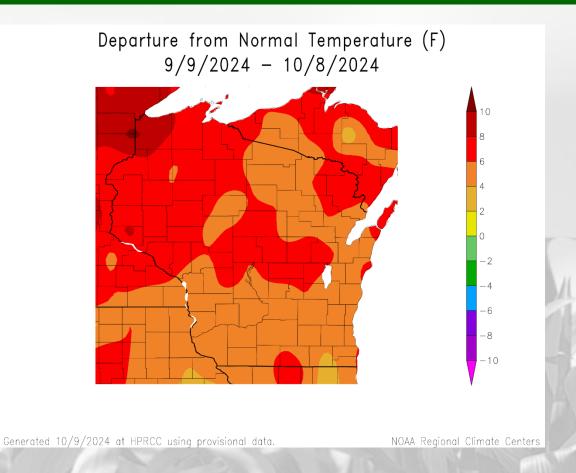
- It was a warm week for many last week; with most 1-3°F above climatological normal.
 - >3°F above climatological average in pockets across the state. Closer to normal in the far NC.
- Weekly maximums in the **upper 70s to low 80s** in the W/S; **70-75°F** in the north.

Wisconet Soil Temp (4" Depth)



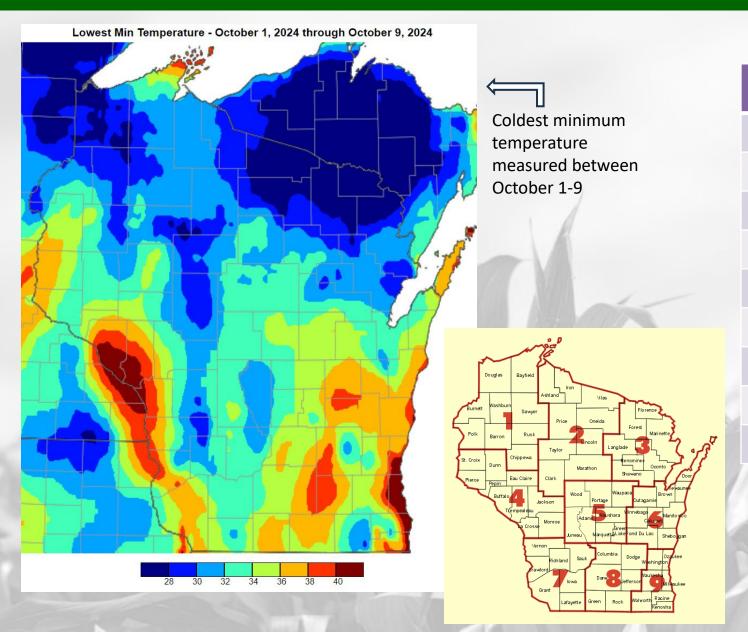
30 Day Temperatures





- Temperatures for the past month ranged from 62-64°F in the S & W to 56-60°F in the far NC.
 - 4-8°F above normal for most of the state compared to climatological (1991-2020) average.
 - Temps more above the climatological average in the NW compared to the south and east.

Below freezing nights

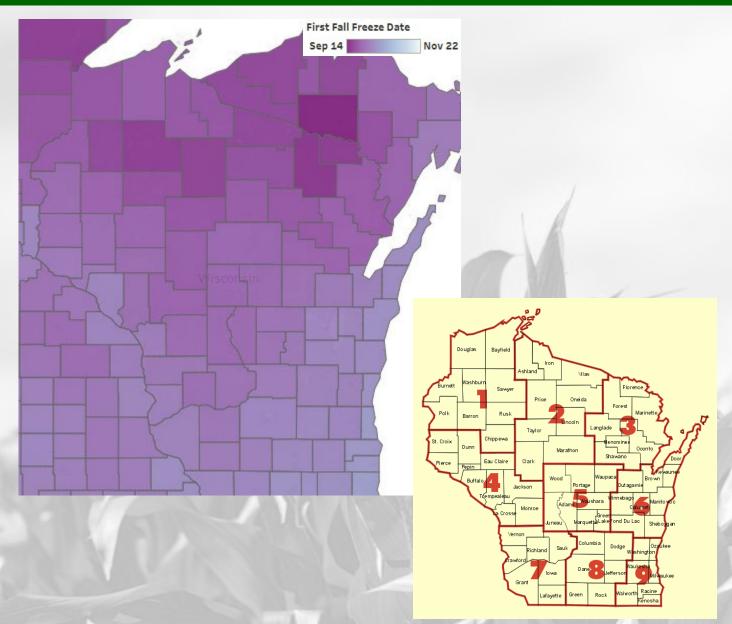


Climate Division	No. of Stations w/a low ≤32°F (10/1-10/9)			
WI01	5			
WI02	13			
WI03	9			
WI04	3			
WI05	4			
WI06	2			
WI07	5			
WI08	2			
WI09	1			

Data in the table represents the number of stations in the climate division that measured an overnight low that was at or below 32°F.

https://mrcc.purdue.edu/freeze/freezedatetool

Fall freeze climatology



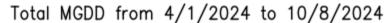
Climate Division	Average First Fall Freeze Date (1950-2023)		
WI01	September 25		
WI02	September 24		
WI03	September 23		
WI04	October 2		
WI05	October 1		
WI06	October 8		
WI07	October 11		
WI08	October 7		
WI09	October 4		

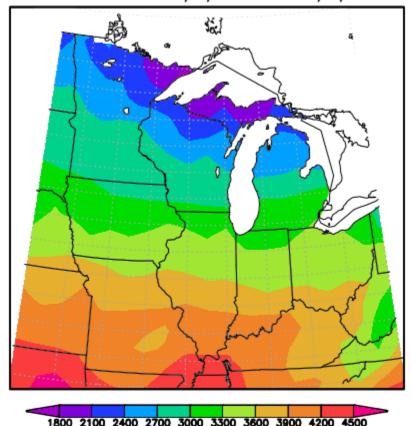
Data represents the <u>average first fall freeze date</u> (overnight low at or below 32°F) across counties within a given climate division.

County-level data can be explored using the MRCC Freeze Date Tool.

https://mrcc.purdue.edu/freeze/freezedatetool

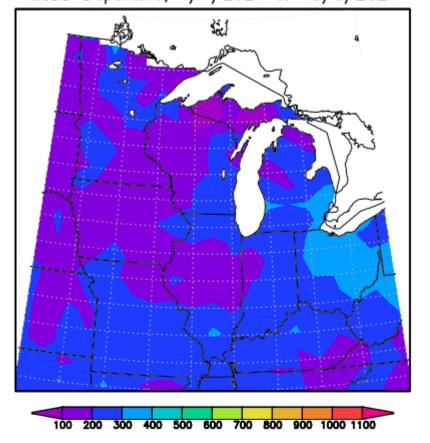
Growing Degree Days (Base = 50°F; Since April 1)





Mitaratan Parisasi Officials Control

Midwestern Regional Climate Center Purdue University MGDD Departure, 4/1/2024 to 10/8/2024



Midwestern Regional Climate Center Purdue University Normals Period, 1991–2020

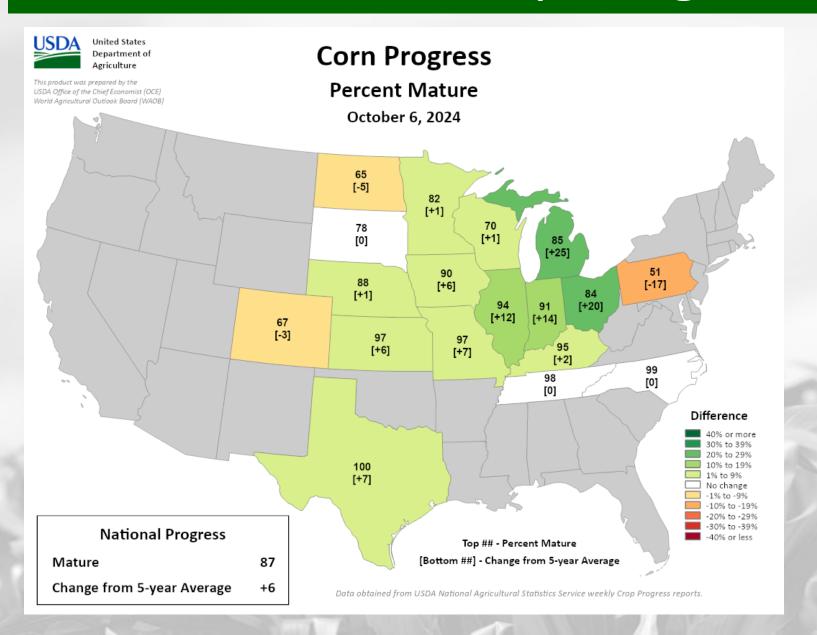
- 3000-3300 GDD in the far S to 2100-2700 GDD in the N.
- With the warm fall that we've had, GDD accumulation is running ≥100 GDD ahead of normal pace.

To calculate GDD for your corn variety and planting date, use this tool.

To see specific degree models for pests in your location, use the <u>Vegetable Disease & Insect Forecasting Network</u>.

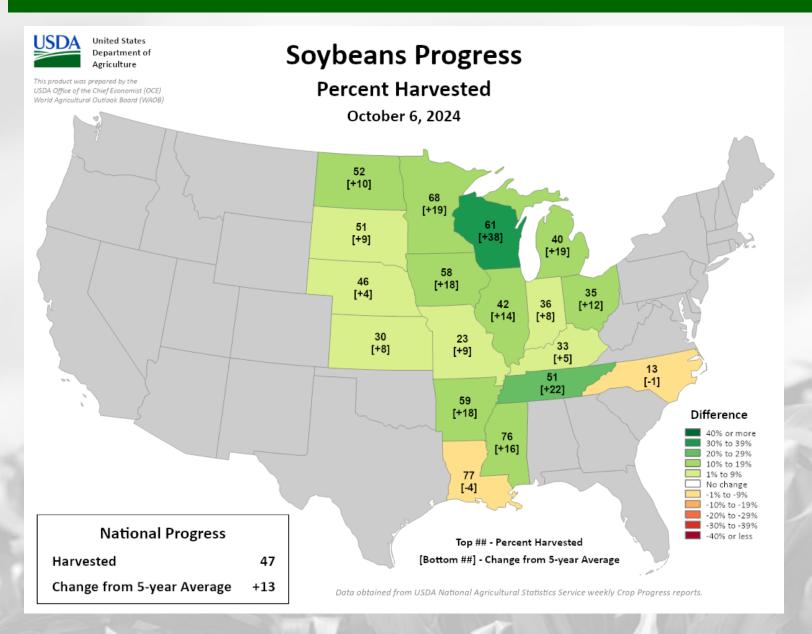
https://mrcc.purdue.edu/climate watch

NASS Crop Progress – Corn



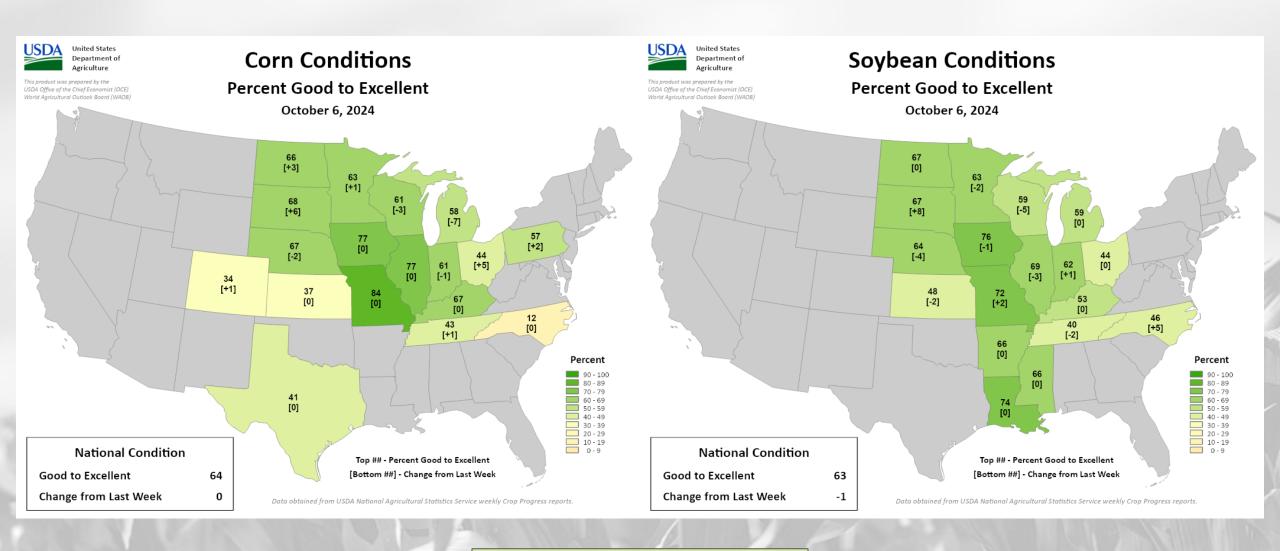
- The corn in WI fields is over
 50% mature. Denting is almost complete. Progress is estimated at complete.
 - In WI, maturity is 70% complete. 1% ahead of the 5-year average pace & up 15% from last week.
 - <u>Harvested</u> → 10% complete

NASS Crop Progress – Soybean

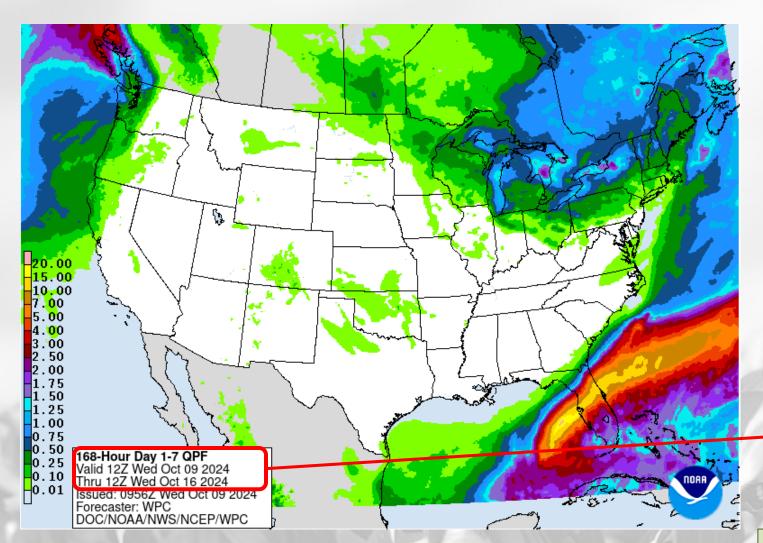


- Soybean leaf drop is nearly complete. Harvest is running well ahead of normal pace in WI and in the larger Corn Belt.
 - In WI, harvest is 61% complete. 38% ahead of the 5-year average pace & up 31% from last week.
 - <u>Leaf drop</u> → 90% complete

NASS Crop Condition



7 Day Precip Forecast

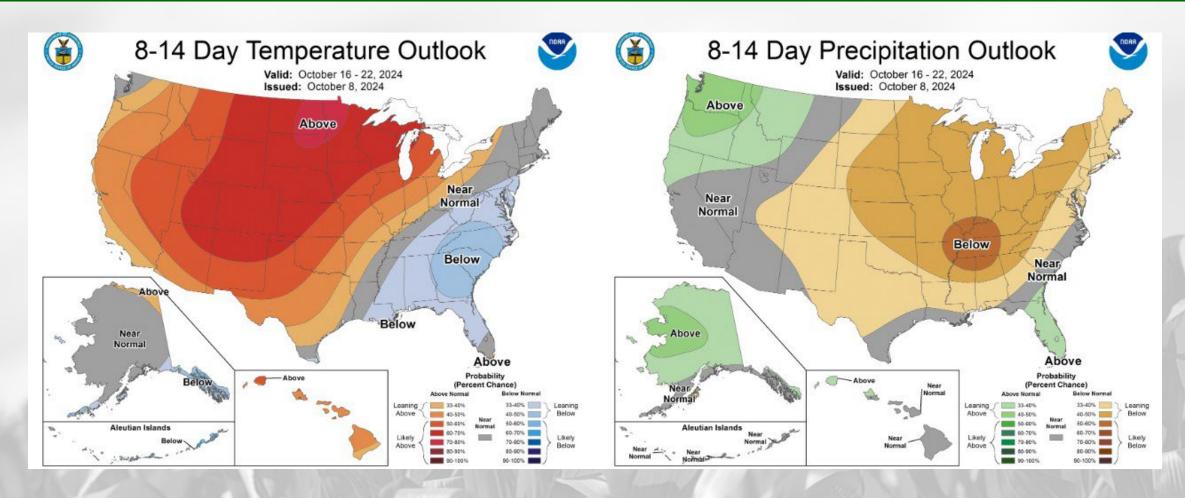


- Statewide chances for rain this next week.
 - Totals are forecasted to be <0.5" for most.
 - Highest rain chances in the N/NE.
 - Best chances for rain overnight
 Saturday thru Sunday.

Forecast for 10/9/24 thru 10/16/24 (Begins at 7pm CDT)

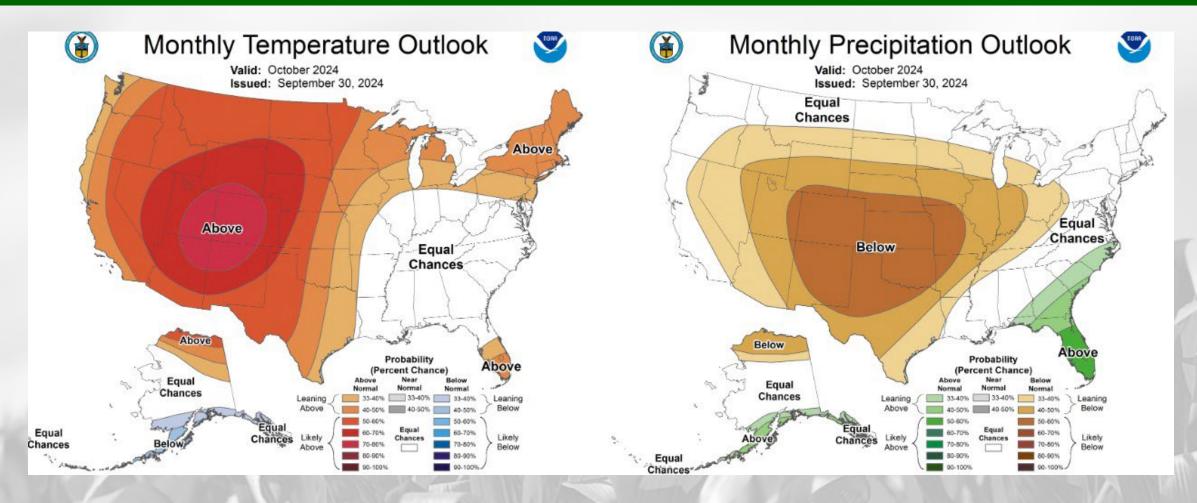
https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/qpf/p168i.gif https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin

8-14 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Middle of October: Temperatures likely to be above normal, with precipitation likely to be below normal.

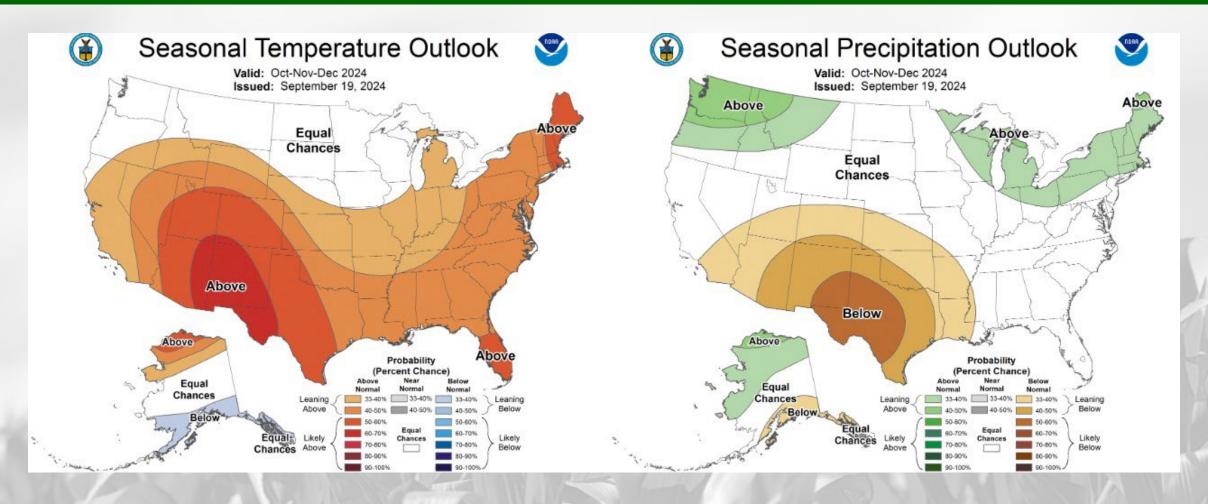
30 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Month of October: Temperatures leaning towards <u>above normal</u>, with precipitation leaning towards below normal.

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/

90 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Fall into Early Winter: Temperatures showing <u>equal chances</u>. Precipitation uncertainty with <u>equal chances</u> in the west, leaning <u>above normal</u> in the E/N.

Take-Home Points

Current Conditions:

- The dry fall that we have been having **continued last week**, with only a few localized areas in the far N receiving a half inch or more. Days with little to no rain **have been very common** since August 1.
- Temperatures remain **unseasonably warm** for early October, with many station reporting average temps that are **several degrees above** the climatological average.

Impact:

- Nearly all of WI is now experiencing dry soil moisture percentiles (compared to normal for early October).
 - D0-D1 drought coverage expanded in WI on the latest USDM map, with the NE now categorized in D2 drought.
- Corn maturity is reported as 70% complete, with harvest now at 10% complete.
- Soybean progress is running well ahead of normal pace, with harvest jumping up 31% to 61% complete.
- GDDs are approaching 3300 (2700) units in the southern (northern) counties.

Outlook:

- Statewide chances for precip next week, but totals are forecasted to be minimal for most.
- Mid-October has a higher probability to be warmer and drier than normal, with a lean towards these conditions remaining in
 place for the rest of October.
- The remainder of fall is more uncertain for temperatures, with some lean towards above normal precip totals.
 - La Niña is favored to be in place by September-November (according to the CPC)

Agronomic Considerations

Crop Development

- Monitor moisture in crops closely as the lack of precipitation and mid-season disease pressure has led to some crops drying out earlier than usual.
- Evaluate soil temperatures and moisture for the opportunity for cover crops after crops come off.
- Be aware that nitrogen is still mobile as soil temperatures are still above 50F in most places.
- As crops come off, consider diverse cover crop mixes to help mitigate any compaction that may have occurred this spring and protect soil heading into fall. Tools available here for <u>cover crop selection</u> and their <u>use in a forage rotation</u>.

Manure Applications

- Runoff risk is low throughout the state in the next week. Be mindful of the possibility of runoff and plan manure applications accordingly. Check the DATCP runoff risk advisory forecast here.
- As silage comes off, consider the relationship between manure and cover crops, learn more here.

Forage Management

- Look out for herbicide carryover, volunteers in late summer seeding of alfalfa into wheat. Read more.
- **Corn Silage Harvest** look for local opportunities for stalk chopping to gauge moisture content, scout fields to understand which may be ready first. For varying planting dates, plan for a segregated, longer season harvest to optimize forage quality. More info here.
- Fall alfalfa cutting can affect persistence, <u>read more</u> and use our <u>new tool</u> to make informed decisions.

User Survey

Are you a regular user of the Wisconsin Ag Climate Outlook (WACO)? Or maybe you are viewing these slides for the first time this week? Either way, we want to hear <u>your</u> feedback on this new resource! Please take a few minutes and fill out this survey:

LINK TO SURVEY

Your feedback will help us better serve your ag-climate data needs through WACO.

If you have any trouble accessing or filling out the survey, please email Josh Bendorf at Joshua.Bendorf@usda.gov.

Thank you!!

-The WACO Team

Citizen Science Opportunity

CoCoRaHS – <u>Community Collaborative Rain, Hail, & Snow</u> Network

The Mission

(From cocorahs.org)

- Provide accurate high-quality precipitation data for endusers;
- Increasing the density of precipitation data available throughout the country;
- Encouraging citizens to have fun participating in meteorological science and heightening their awareness about weather;
- Providing weather education opportunities.



Sign Up Here:

https://cocorahs.org/Content.aspx?page=application

Contact Info



Josh Bendorf

Ag Climatologist, Midwest Climate Hub joshua.bendorf@usda.gov

Bridgette Mason

Assistant State Climatologist of Wisconsin bmmason2@wisc.edu

Dennis Todey

Director, Midwest Climate Hub dennis.todey@usda.gov

Steve Vavrus

State Climatologist of Wisconsin sjvavrus@wisc.edu

Natasha Paris

Crops Educator – Adams, Green Lake, Marquette, Waushara Cos. natasha.paris@wisc.edu

Kristin Foehringer

NRCS State Working Lands Climate Smart Specialist

kristin.foehringer@usda.gov