







Wisconsin Ag Climate Outlook

Week of September 16, 2024

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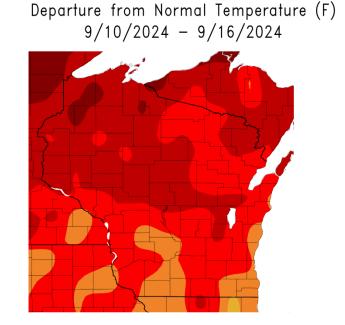
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Key Points

Navigate to select slides by clicking on the links below.

- 1) Late summer heat once again gripped the state, with weekly averages >6°F above normal for most in WI.
- A <u>dry week</u> and <u>past 30 days</u> has led to an increase in <u>abnormally dry soils</u> in the state, with large drops in the <u>percent adequate</u>.
- 3) Higher <u>rain chances</u> in the western half of the state next week, with September likely to wrap up <u>warmer than average</u>.
- For this week's agronomic recommendations from UW Extension, click <u>here</u>.
- For the latest GDD accumulation maps, click <u>here</u>.
- For NASS crop progress & condition maps, click <u>here</u>.

Summer Hanging On



Generated 9/17/2024 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers

-8 -10

Weekly average temps **6-10°F above normal** for most; larger departure in the north.

https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php? map=ACISClimateMaps

Weekly maximum highs reaching the upper 80s and lower 90s in the south. Highest 1-Day Maximum Temperature (F) 9/10/2024 - 9/16/2024

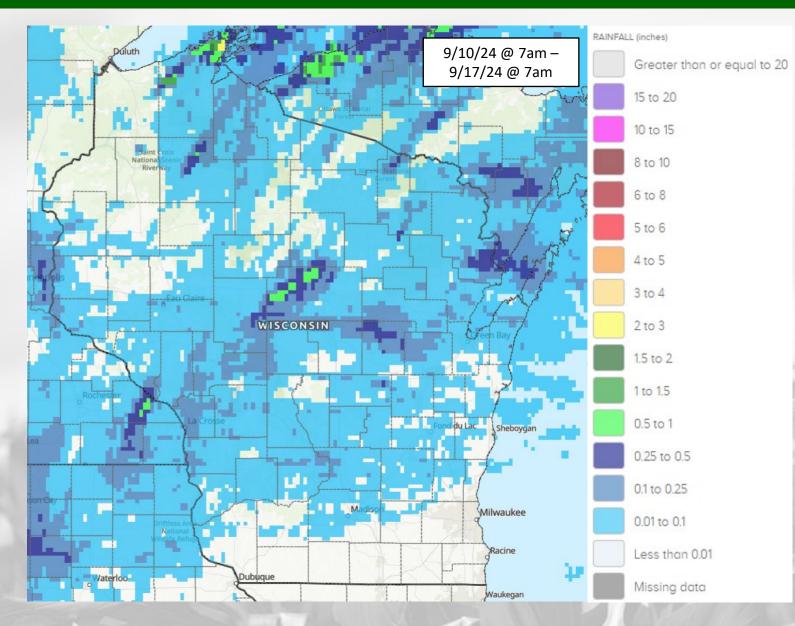
	Date	Stations Tmax >85F	Stations w/ New Record High
	9/10	0	3
	9/11	3	9
	9/12	20	17
J.	9/13	21	24
A	9/14	16	26
8	9/15	59	39*
	9/16	95	57
	No. 19 200	CONTRACTOR OF STREET,	

*New records set at Madison, Wausau, & Lone Rock Airports.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers

https://scacis.rcc-acis.org/

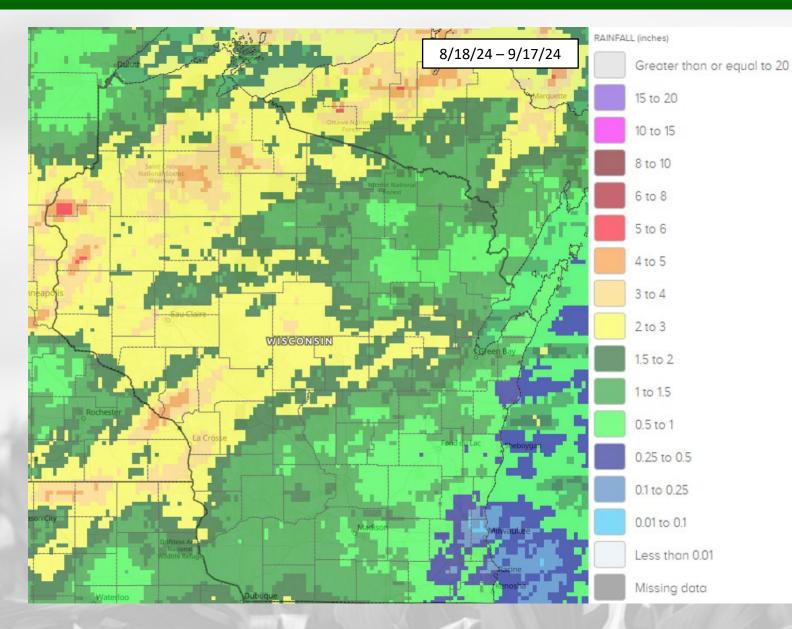
7 Day Precip



- A relatively dry week was observed across the state last week
- Most observed less than 0.1".
- A small belt of **>0.25**" in western Marathon County.
- Some parts of the state saw no precip last week, especially in the south and NW.

https://water.noaa.gov/

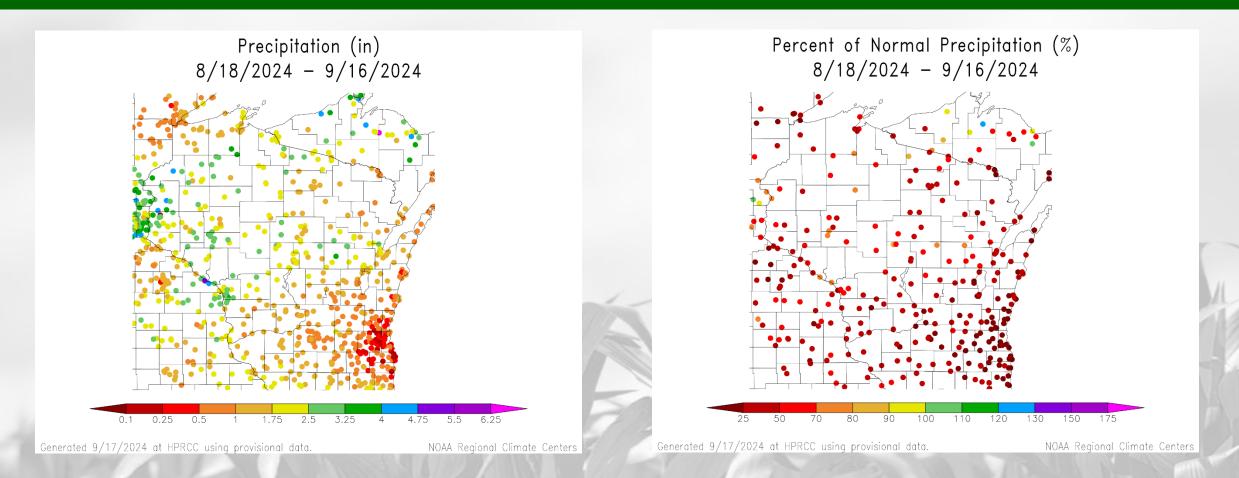
30 Day Precip



- Higher precip in the northern and western counties → 2" or more was common.
- Pockets of 4+" near La Crosse, west of the Twin Cities, and in the far NW.
- <1" common at locations in the E/SE counties.

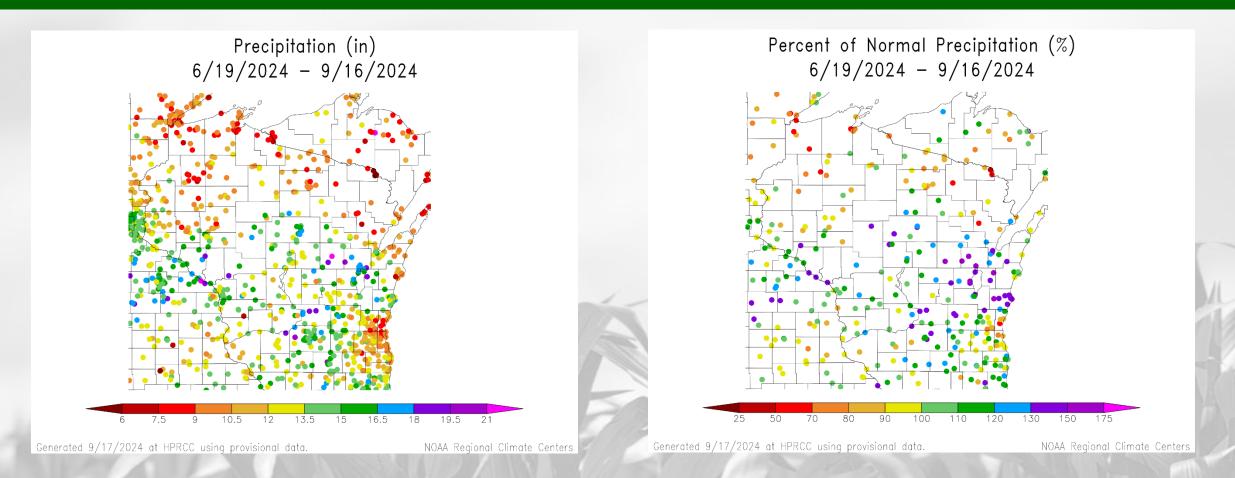
https://water.noaa.gov/

30 Day Precip Total/% Avg.



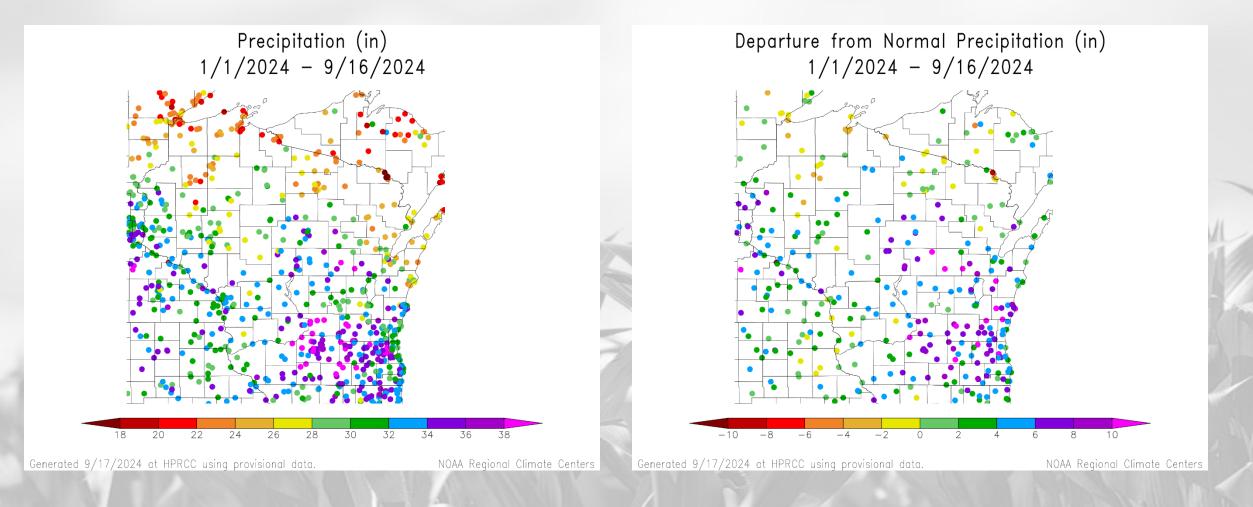
- The past 30 days have been very dry compared to the climatological average (1991-2020).
 - **<50% of normal** 30-day precip was very common across the state, with many stations observing <2".
 - Highest totals (>3") at stations in the NW, but even these totals were **below the climatological average**.

90 Day Precip Total/% Avg.



- 16.5" or more at stations north of Madison, between La Crosse & the TC, & near Appleton/Waupaca.
 - These regions are sitting at **130% or more** above the climatological average.
- Lowest totals around Milwaukee & in the north → <10" common; 90% or less of the climatological average.

2024 Precipitation (so far)



https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps

Soil Moisture Models

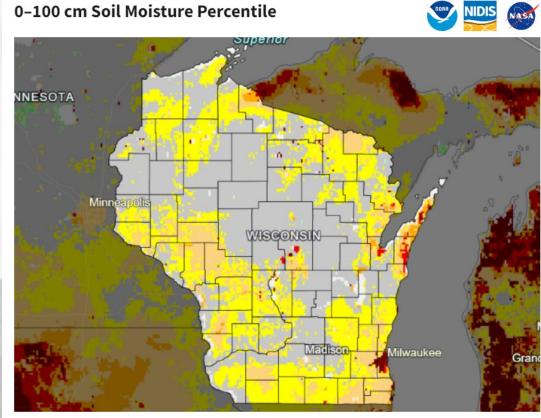
- 30th percentile or lower for soil moisture conditions across large swaths of Wisconsin after a very dry September thus far.
- 10th percentile or lower near Milwaukee and in Door County.
- Closer to normal (grey shading) for soil moisture in the central/north central counties.

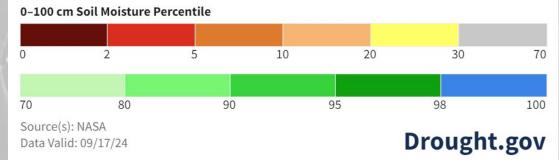
Model Notes:

Red areas = top 5 driest in 100 years. Dark red areas = top 2 driest in 100 years. Blue areas = top 2 wettest in 100 years.

It's worth noting that each soil moisture model has their own characteristics and input variables, so there tends to be variation between models. Thus, it's worthwhile to look at multiple models opposed to just one.

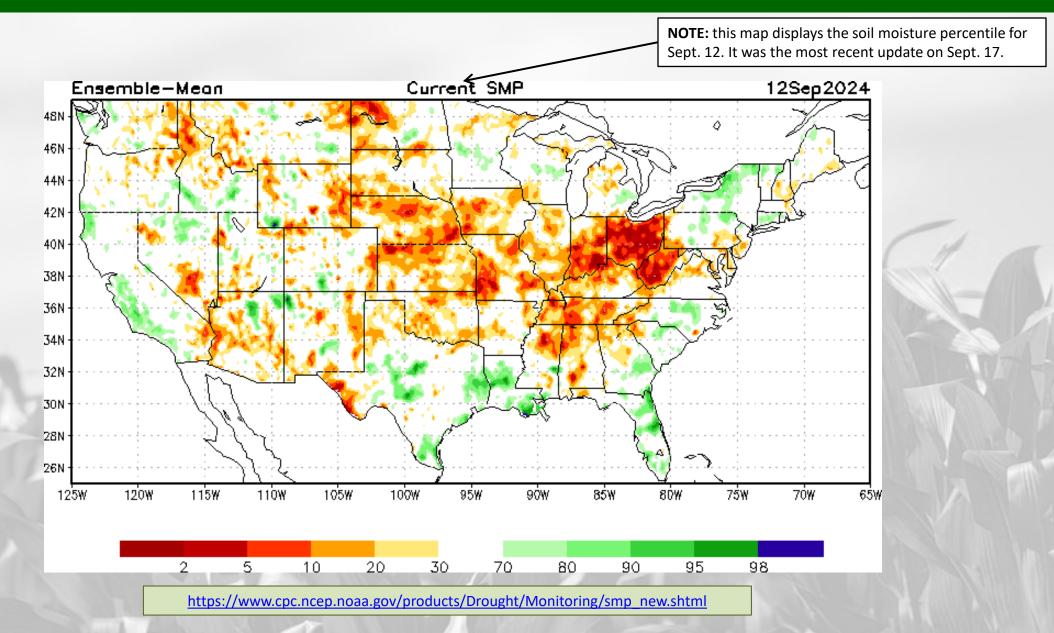
https://weather.msfc.nasa.gov/sport/case studies/lis CONUS.html https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin



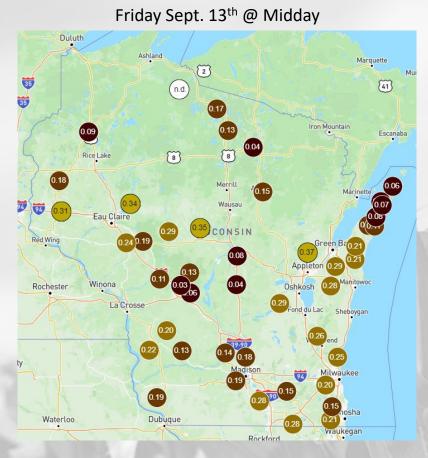




Soil Moisture Models



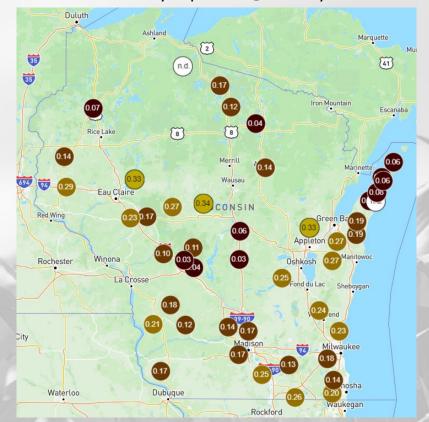
Wisconet Soil Moisture (4" Depth)



Sunday Sept. 15th @ Midday

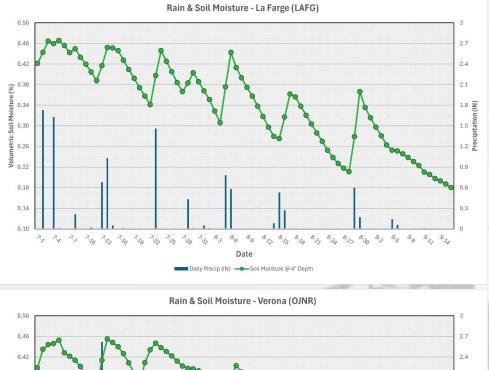


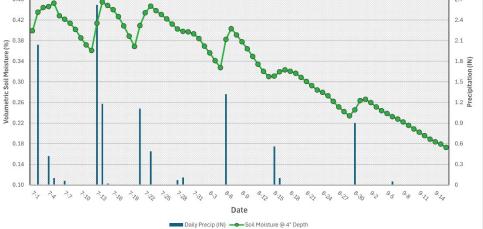
Tuesday Sept. 17th @ Midday

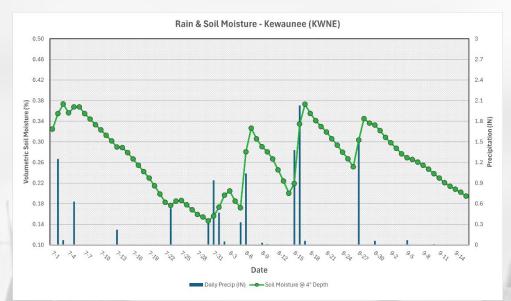


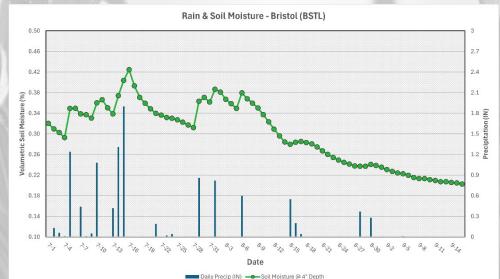
https://wisconet.wisc.edu/

Wisconet Soil Moisture – 4" Depth







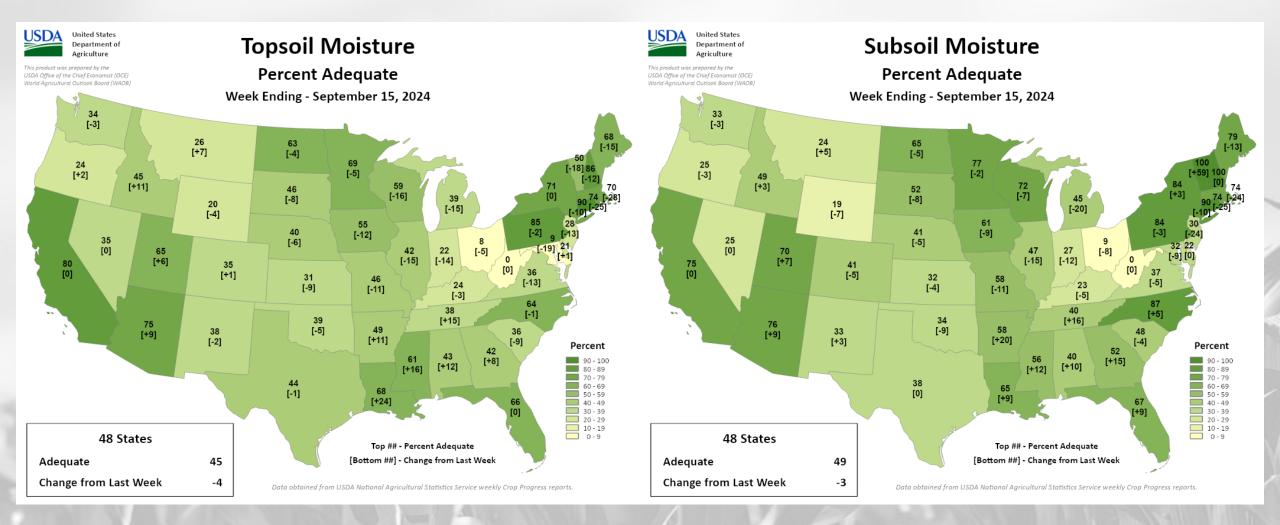


Trend in soil moisture (4") & precip since July 1

Timely rains have come, but the general trend has been towards <u>drier soils @</u> <u>4" depth.</u>

> https://wisconet.wisc .edu/

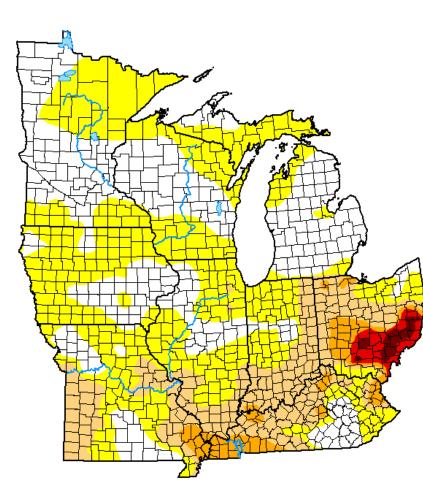
NASS Topsoil & Subsoil Moisture



https://agindrought.unl.edu/Other.aspx

US Drought Monitor

U.S. Drought Monitor Midwest



September 10, 2024 (Released Thursday, Sep. 12, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

	Drought Conditions (Percent Area)							
	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4		
Current	34.42	65.58	22.40	6.02	2.01	<mark>0.70</mark>		
Last Week 09-03-2024	55.71	44.29	11.72	2.65	1.84	0.61		
3 Month s Ago 06-11-2024	94.18	5.82	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	22.92	77.08	50.25	20.76	4.20	0.00		
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	16.82	83.18	54.98	23.81	6.21	0. 13		
One Year Ago 09-12-2023	30.83	69.17	48.04	29.49	10.07	0.44		

Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author:

Lindsay Johnson National Drought Mitigation Center



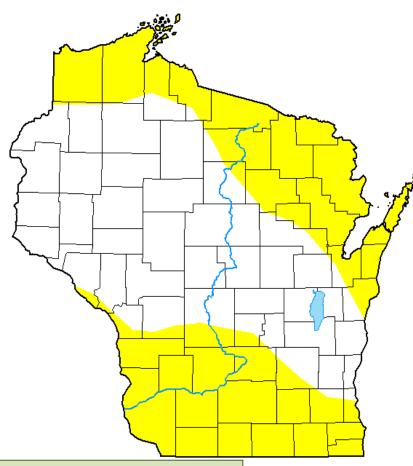
droughtmonitor.unl.edu

- Compared to last week:
 - Increases in drought/dryness coverage across all categories. 11% jump in D1 coverage.
- 22.4% of the Midwest is categorized in D1 (moderate) drought, mainly in the S & E.
- 2.0% is in D3-D4 drought, all in OH.
- **65.6%** of the Midwest is in D0 (abnormally dry) conditions, up by more than **20%** from last week.

<u>Note</u>: D0 is not considered drought.

US Drought Monitor

U.S. Drought Monitor Wisconsin



September 10, 2024 (Released Thursday, Sep. 12, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

	Drought Conditions (Percent Area)						
	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4	
Current	53.37	46.63	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Last Week 09-03-2024	86.82	13.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
3 Month s Ago 06-11-2024	95.75	4.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	33.04	66.96	37.34	16.80	0.26	0.00	
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	2.04	97.96	80.86	37.74	6.77	0.00	
One Year Ago 09-12-2023	2.04	97.96	86.69	59.41	21.62	1.77	





D1 Moderate Drought



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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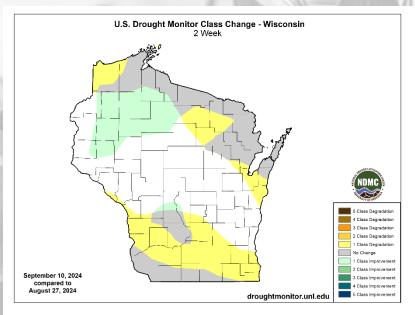


droughtmonitor.unl.edu

Amount of state in:

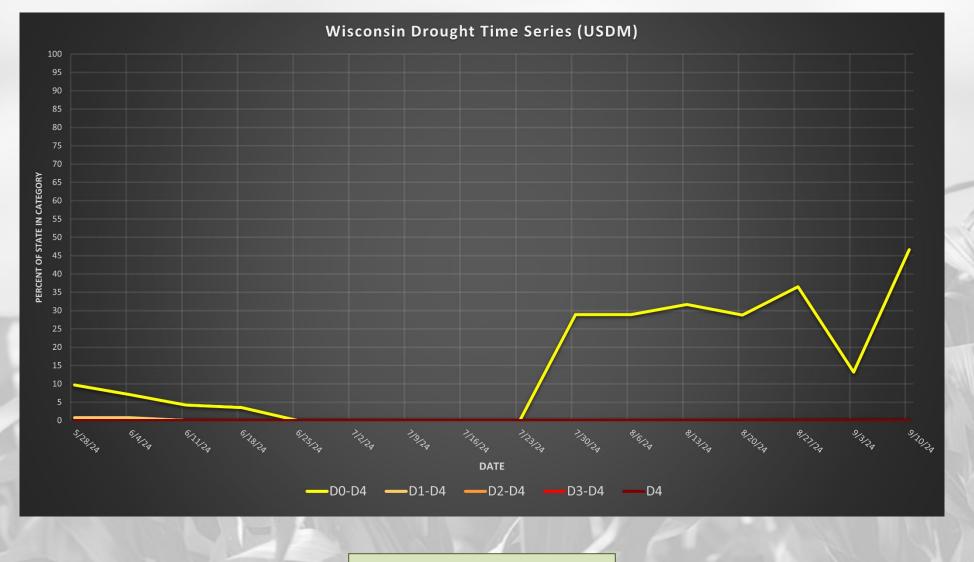
- D1-D4 0.0% --
- D2-D4 0.0% --

<u>Note</u>: $\uparrow \downarrow$ indicate change from last week. Red up arrows indicate increase in drought area; vice-versa for green arrows.



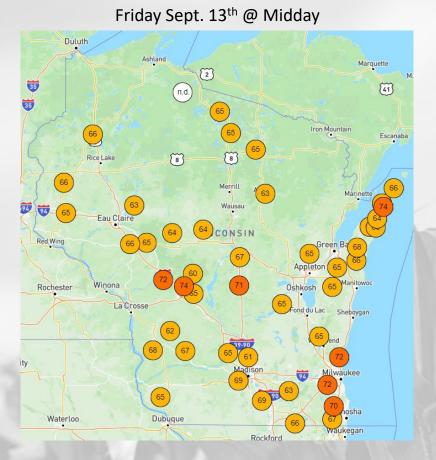
http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

USDM Time Series

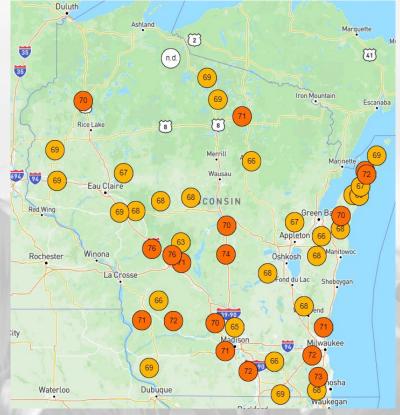


http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

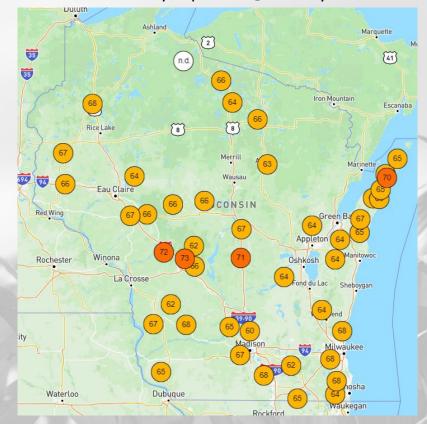
Wisconet Soil Temp (4" Depth)



Sunday Sept. 15th @ Midday

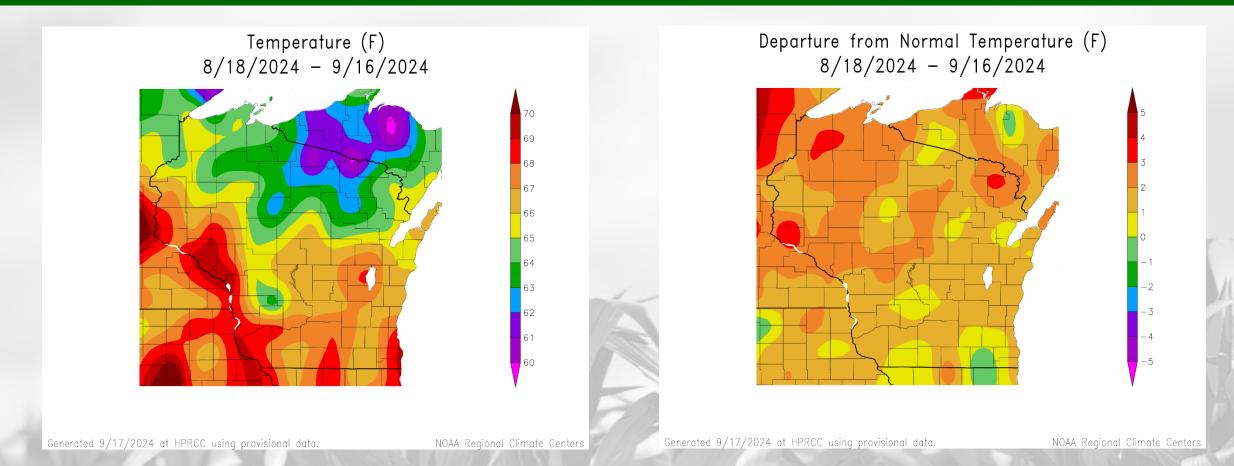


Tuesday Sept. 17th @ Midday



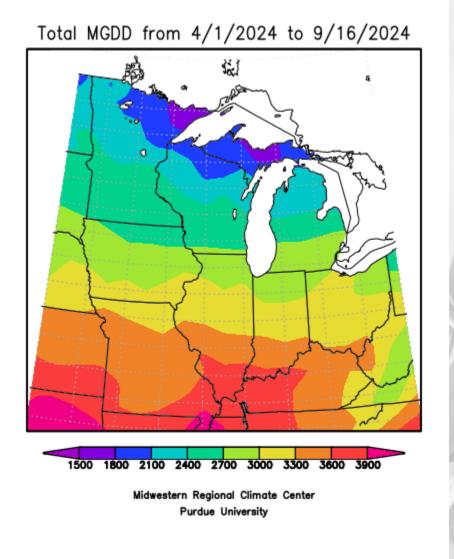
https://wisconet.wisc.edu/

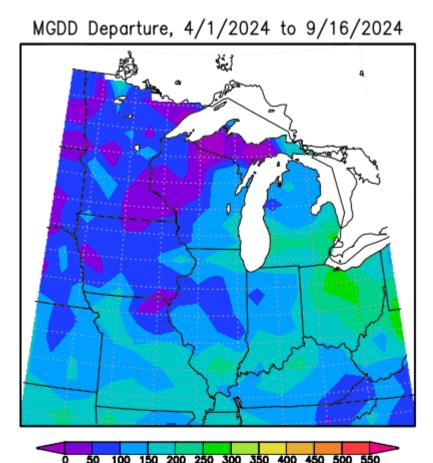
30 Day Temperatures



- Temperatures for the past month ranged from 67-70°F in the S & W to 60-63°F in the far NC.
 - **1-3°F above normal** for most of the state compared to climatological (1991-2020) average.
 - Temps more above the climatological average in the north compared to the south.

Growing Degree Days (Base = 50°F; Since April 1)





Midwestern Regional Climate Center

Purdue University Normals Period, 1991-2020

- 2700-3000 GDD in the S to 1800-2400 GDD in the N.
- The eastern half WI is **100-200** GDD further ahead of the average; **<100** GDD ahead of average in the western half.

To calculate GDD for your corn variety and planting date, use this <u>tool</u>.

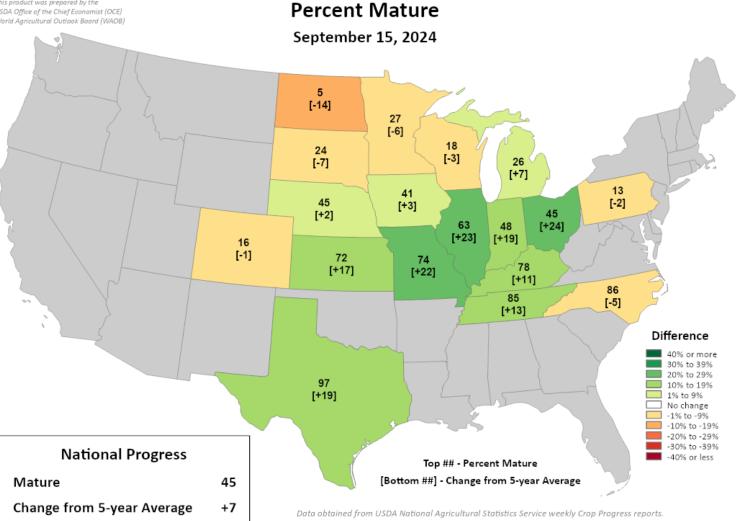
To see specific degree models for pests in your location, use the <u>Vegetable Disease & Insect</u> <u>Forecasting Network</u>.

https://mrcc.purdue.edu/climate watch

NASS Crop Progress – Corn



This product was prepared by the USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE) World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)



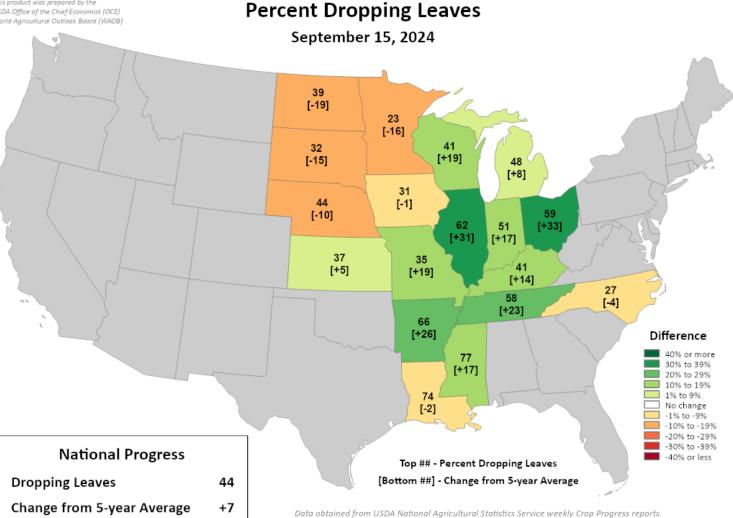
Corn Progress

- The corn in WI fields is reaching or has reached maturity. Denting is nearing completion. Progress is behind of normal pace in WI, a contrast to states to the S/E.
 - In WI, denting is **18%** complete. 3% behind of the 5-year average pace & up 13% from last week.
 - <u>Denting</u> \rightarrow 73% complete
 - Harvested → Not started

NASS Crop Progress – Soybean

ISD/ United States epartment of riculture

This product was prepared by the USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE) World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

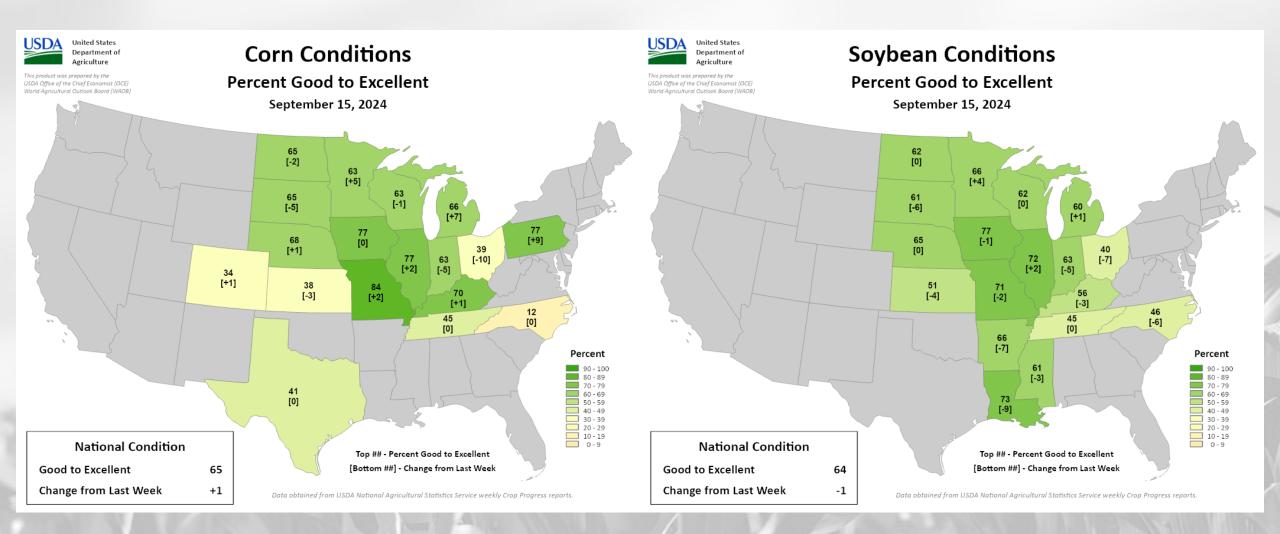


Soybeans Progress

 Soybean pod setting is complete & leaf drop is nearing 50% complete. Things are running well ahead of normal pace in WI and points to the S/E.

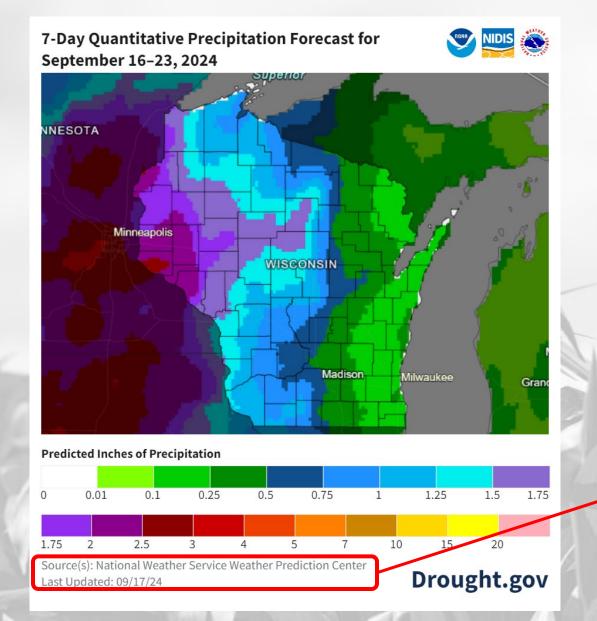
- In WI, leaf dropping is **41%** complete. 19% ahead of the 5-year average pace & up **31%** from last week.
- <u>Harvested</u> \rightarrow 1% complete

NASS Crop Condition



https://agindrought.unl.edu/Other.aspx

7 Day Precip Forecast

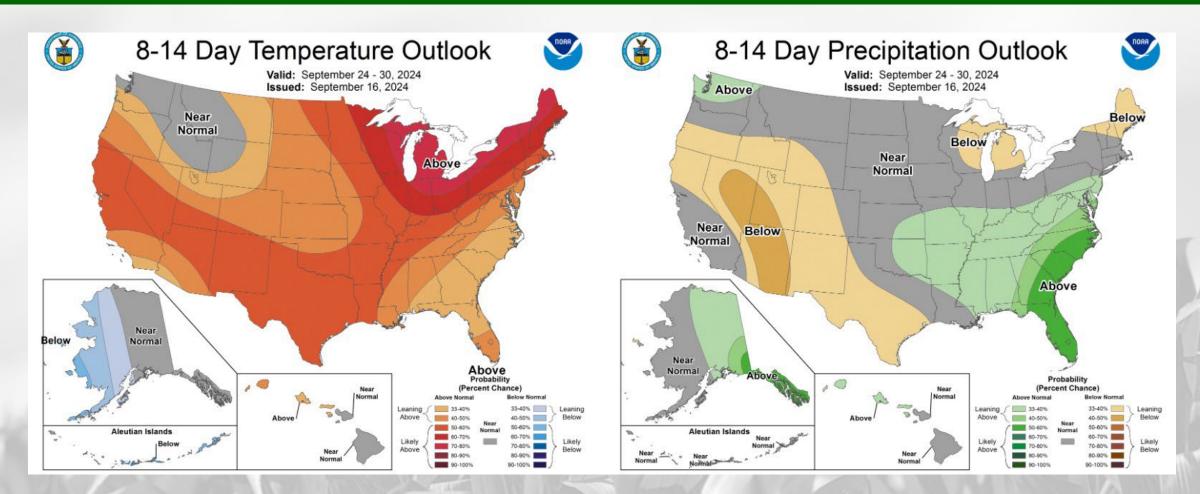


- Chances for precip over the next week **highest in W/NW WI**.
 - Best chances for rain **between Eau** Claire & the Twin Cities.
 - Chances for >1" in the west, >2" in the NW.
 - Multiple rain chances between Thursday & Monday.

Forecast for 9/17/24 thru 9/24/24 (Begins at 7am CDT)

https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/qpf/p168i.gif https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin

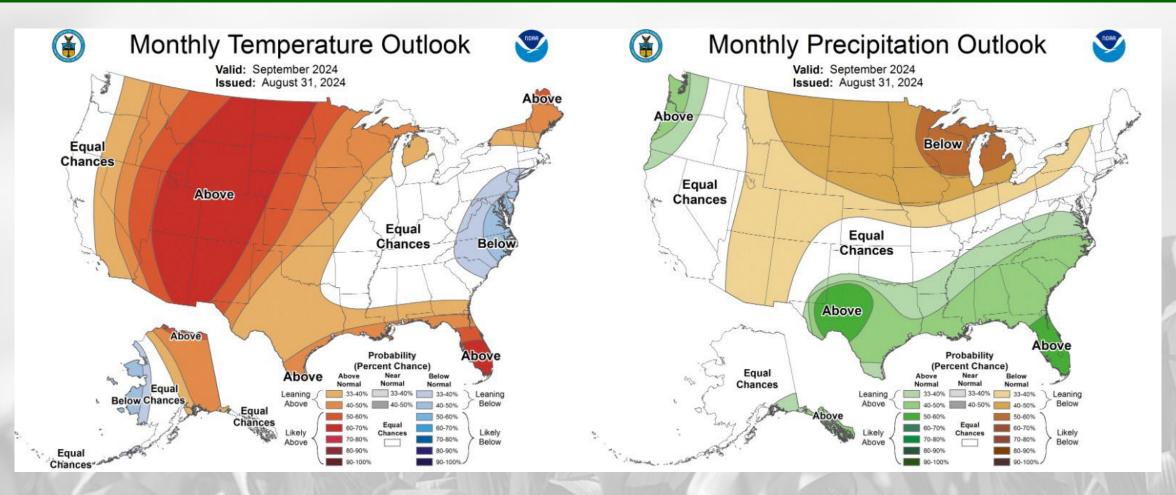
8-14 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



End of September: Temperatures likely to be <u>above normal</u>, with higher probability in the E. Precipitation leaning <u>near to below normal</u>.

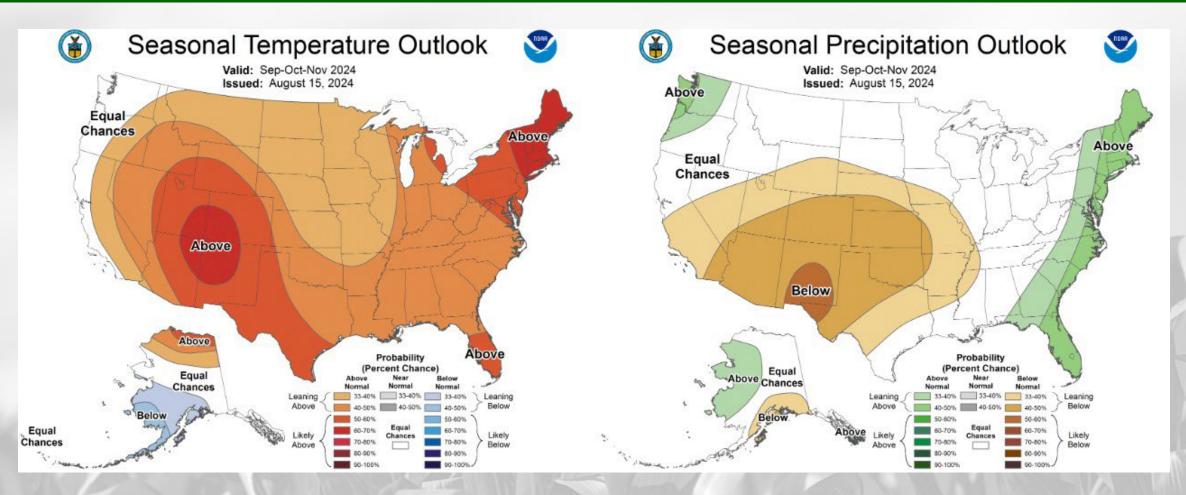
http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/

30 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Month of September: Temperatures leaning above normal. Precipitation likely to be below normal.

90 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Fall 2024: Temperatures leaning towards above normal. Precipitation uncertainty with equal chances.

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/

Take-Home Points

Current Conditions:

- After setting record lows last week, temps rebounded in a big way with very **summer-like conditions** taking over in the state. Highs got into the **upper 80s and low 90s** for some.
- Precip over the past 30 days has been <50% of average for many stations, with some receiving no precip last week.

Impact:

- Dry soil moisture percentiles are becoming more common in the state with the lack of rainfall, with D0 coverage on the USDM map increasing by >30% from last week.
 - **Corn** denting is running **nearing completion**, with maturity reported as **18% complete**.
 - Soybean pod setting is complete, with leaf drop jumping up to 41% complete. Some soybean harvest is underway.
- GDDs are approaching **3000 (2400) units** in the southern (northern) counties.

Outlook:

- Highest likelihood for precip this next week in the west and northwest counties.
- Late September has a higher probability to be warmer than normal, with precip chances leaning below to near normal.
- The warmer-than-normal conditions have a higher probability to **continue** into the fall with a La Niña pattern taking shape. Currently, we are in a **neutral phase**.

Agronomic Considerations

Crop Development

- Be aware of what is going on in corn silage fields, especially related to some tar spot & other disease issues. Even later planted fields seem to be drying down quickly.
- As silage and other early crops come off, consider diverse cover crop mixes to help mitigate any compaction that may have occurred this spring and protect soil heading into fall. Tools available here for <u>cover crop selection</u> and their <u>use in a forage rotation</u>.

Manure Applications

- Low runoff risk in the next week. Check the DATCP runoff risk advisory forecast <u>here</u>.
- As silage comes off, consider the relationship between manure and cover crops, learn more <u>here</u>.

Pest Management

- Fall armyworm flights are underway. Sign up to receive text alerts when pests are in your region here.
- Conditions have been right in many places for tar spot and white mold, information available here.
- Scout for corn rootworm beetle to determine pressure on next year's continuous corn.
- Southern rust of corn was found in Wisconsin in August, see more info here.
- Late blight was found on tomato in Wisconsin in August, see more info here.

Forage Management

- Look out for herbicide carryover, volunteers in late summer seeding of alfalfa into wheat. Read more.
- Corn Silage Harvest look for local opportunities for stalk chopping to gauge moisture content, scout fields to understand which may be ready first.
 For varying planting dates, plan for a segregated, longer season harvest to optimize forage quality. More info here.
- Fall alfalfa cutting can affect persistence, <u>read more</u> and use our <u>new tool</u> to make informed decisions.

User Survey

Are you a regular user of the Wisconsin Ag Climate Outlook (WACO)? Or maybe you are viewing these slides for the first time this week? Either way, we want to hear <u>your</u> feedback on this new resource! Please take a few minutes and fill out this survey:

LINK TO SURVEY

Your feedback will help us better serve your ag-climate data needs through WACO.

If you have any trouble accessing or filling out the survey, please email Josh Bendorf at Joshua.Bendorf@usda.gov.

Thank you!! -The WACO Team

Citizen Science Opportunity

CoCoRaHS – <u>Co</u>mmunity <u>Co</u>llaborative <u>Rain</u>, <u>Hail</u>, & <u>S</u>now Network

The Mission

(From cocorahs.org)

- Provide accurate high-quality precipitation data for endusers;
- Increasing the density of precipitation data available throughout the country;
- Encouraging citizens to have fun participating in meteorological science and heightening their awareness about weather;
- Providing weather education opportunities.



Sign Up Here: https://cocorahs.org/Content.aspx?page=application

Contact Info



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