







Wisconsin Ag Climate Outlook Week of August 5, 2024

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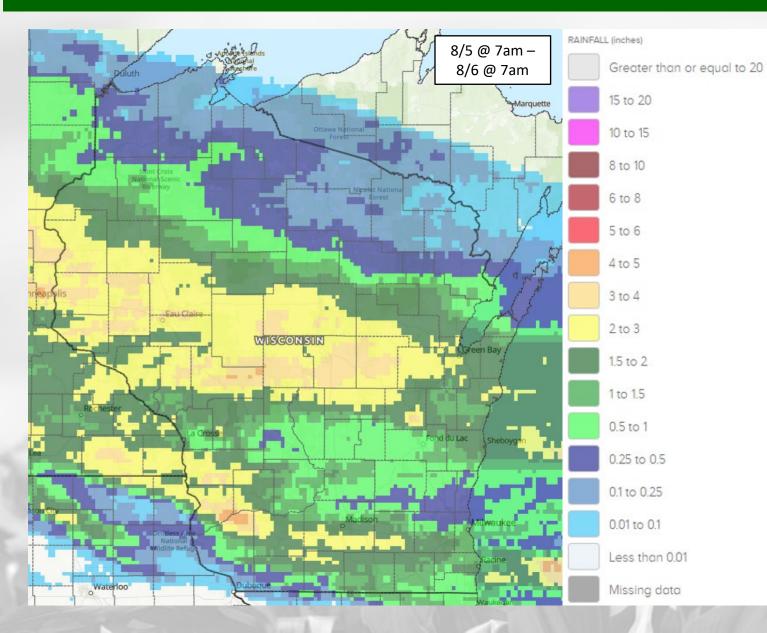
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Key Points

Navigate to select slides by clicking on the links below.

- 1) Temperatures were a few degrees <u>above normal</u> statewide last week, with seasonal GDD's nearing <u>2000 units</u> in the south.
- The USDM is indicating <u>abnormal dryness</u> in parts of N WI, while many in the central and south are in <u>higher moisture</u> <u>percentiles</u>.
- 3) There is a slight lean towards <u>warmer and wetter</u> in the outlooks for the middle of August.
- For this week's agronomic recommendations from UW Extension, click <u>here</u>.
- For the latest GDD accumulation maps, click <u>here</u>.
- For NASS crop progress & condition maps, click <u>here</u>.

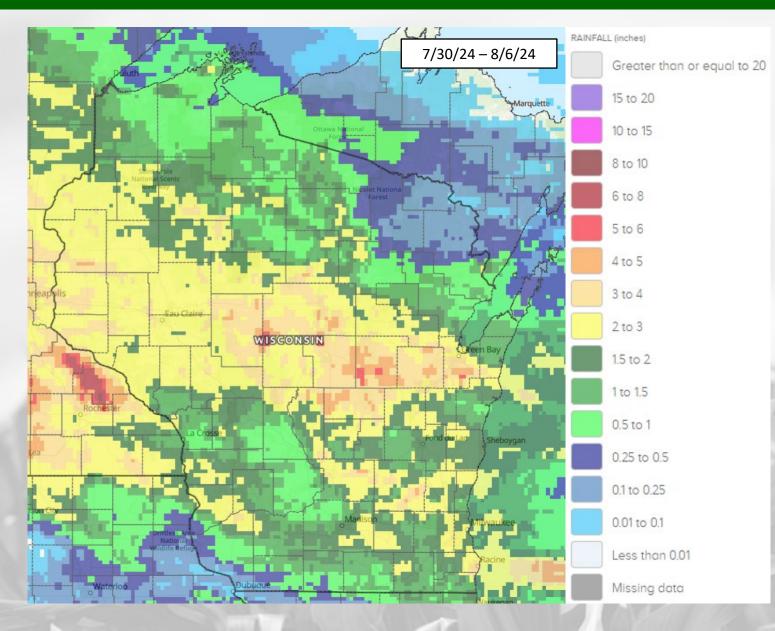
Monday Storms & Heavy Rain



Highest Total Rainfall Measurements August 5							
Airport	County	Rainfall					
BOSCOBEL	Grant	3.23					
CHIPPEWA VALLEY	Chippewa	2.19					
MARSHFIELD	Wood	1.81					
WISCONSIN RAPIDS	Wood	1.74					
SPARTA FORT MCCOY	Monroe	1.38					
WAUSAU	Marathon	1.34					
MEDFORD TAYLOR	Taylor	1.26					
GREEN BAY	Brown	0.91					
LA CROSSE	La Crosse	0.86					
LONE ROCK	Sauk	0.82					
	https://	water.noaa.gov/					

Severe Storm Reports - LINK

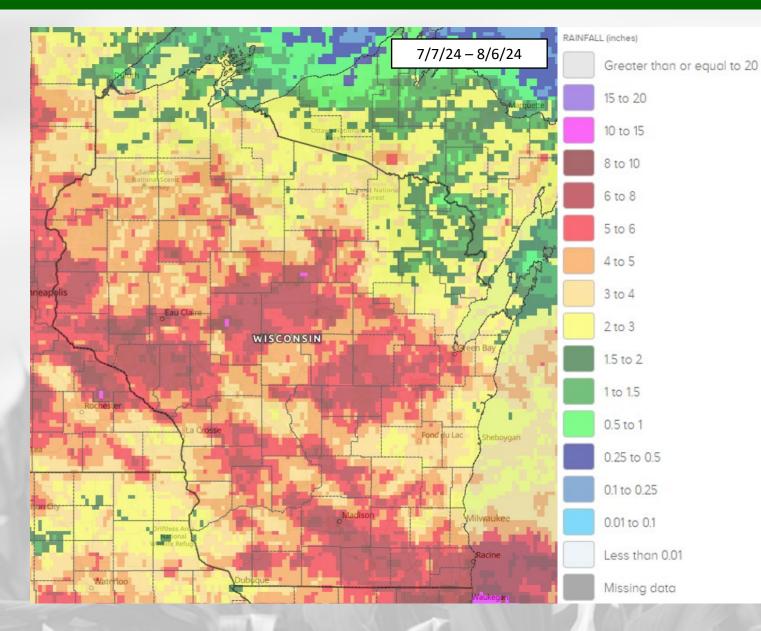
7 Day Precip



- A large portion of the state received **2**" or more this past week, mainly in a line from the Twin Cities to Green Bay.
- Pockets of 4+" were common across the central region
- Lesser precip amounts in the far NE and SW corners → 0.5" or less.

https://water.noaa.gov/

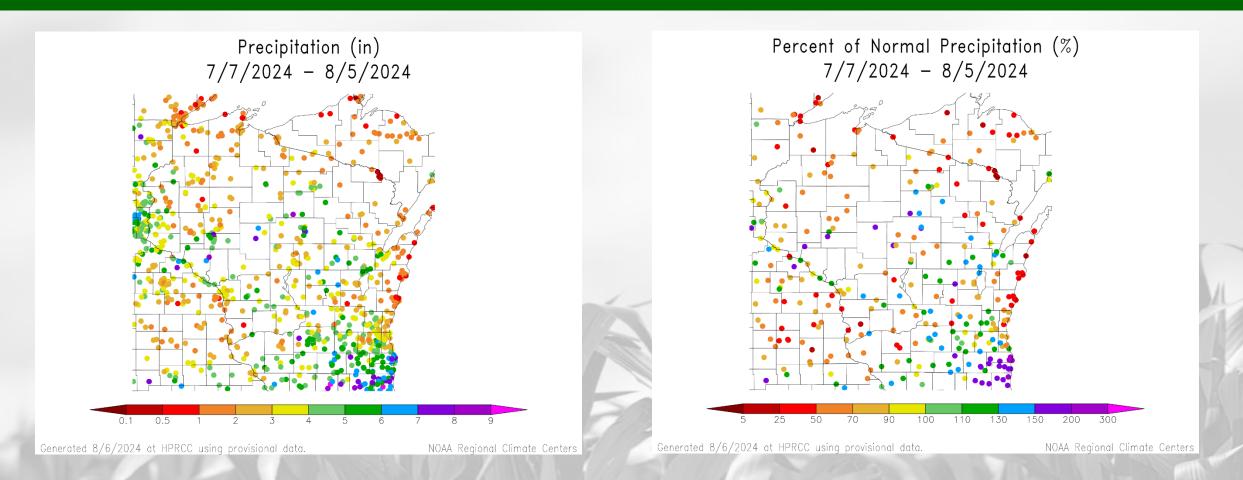
30 Day Precip



- 5" or more was common in the WC, central, and SC counties.
- Isolated pockets of estimated 10+" in Clark & Lincoln Counties.
- **3" or less** in the far SW, along Lake Michigan, & the far N/NE.

https://water.noaa.gov/

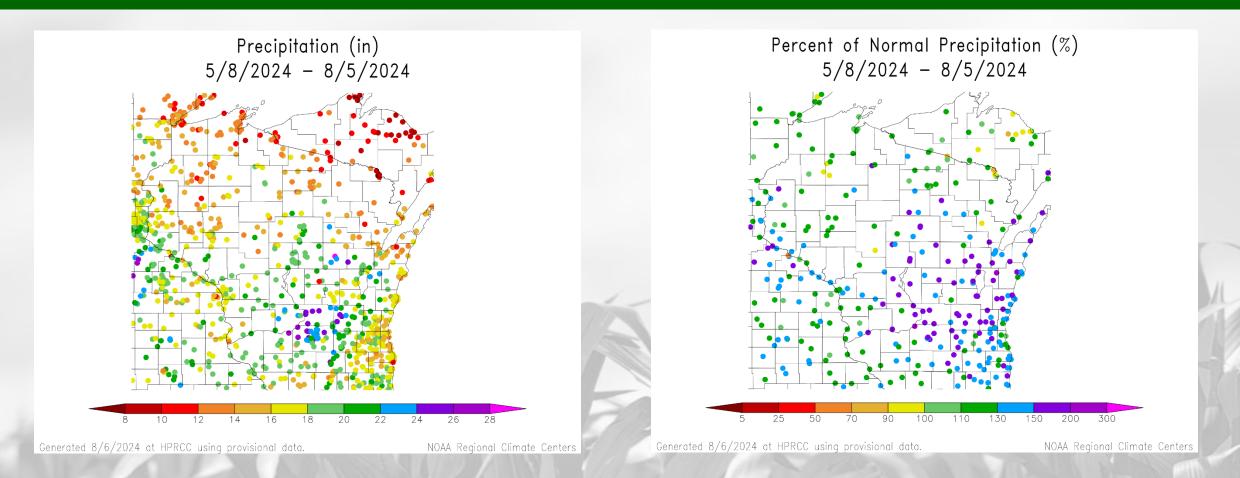
30 Day Precip Total/% Avg.



- Precipitation has been very hit-or-miss over the last 30 days. There are stations in the same county that differ by a matter of inches.
- Racine/Kenosha stations at >150% of average, as well as at select stations in the NC/NW.
- Lowest totals along Lake Michigan & the far NW -- <1" for some.

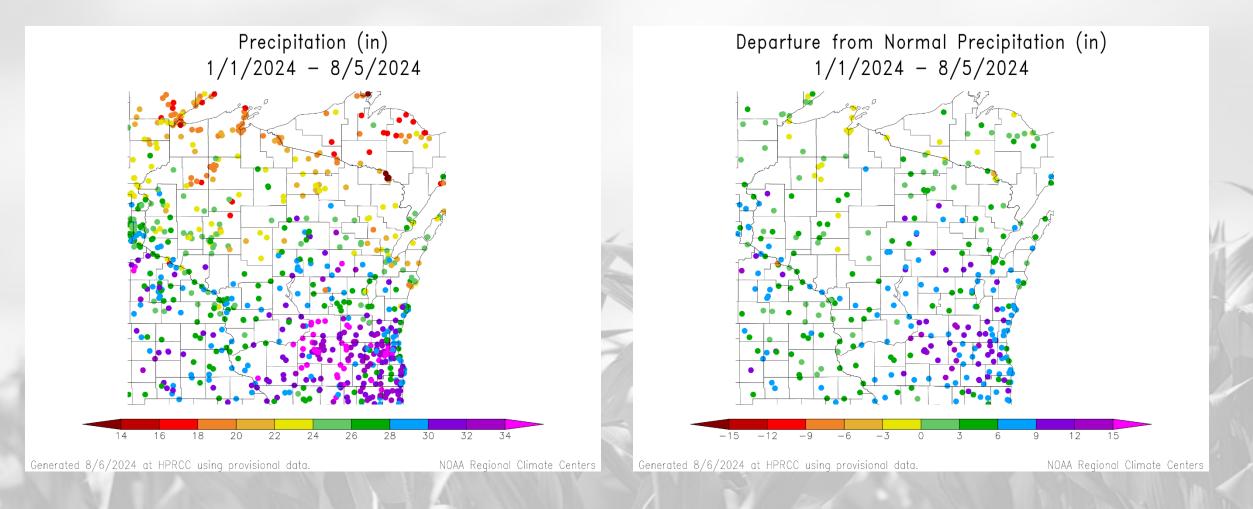
https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps

90 Day Precip Total/% Avg.



- Over 2 feet of precip accumulated between Madison & Portage; 20+" common in SC & the Central Sands.
- Lowest totals in the NC/NW → 10-14" (red/orange dots) common.
- Majority of stations are at 100% or more of normal; >150% common across the middle of WI & points to the E/NE.

2024 Precipitation (so far)



https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps

Soil Moisture Models

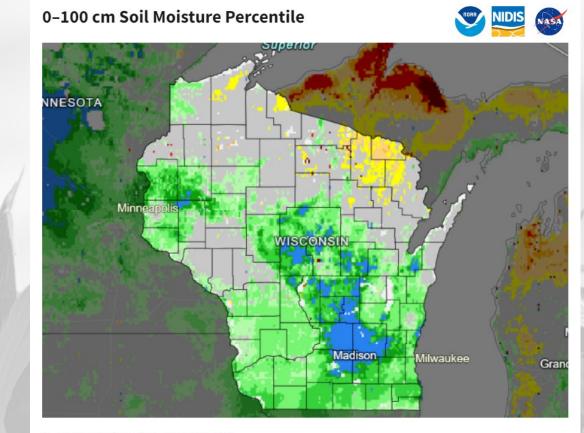
- 80th percentile or greater for soil moisture conditions across the central belt of WI and the NW, where precip totals have been above normal the past few weeks.
- Dry percentiles are beginning to show up in the N/NE counties, where precip has been lower than normal.

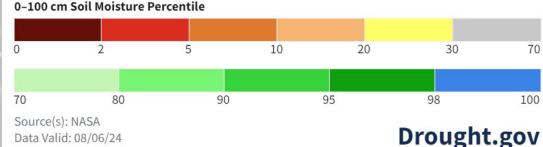
Model Notes:

Red areas = top 5 driest in 100 years. Dark red areas = top 2 driest in 100 years.

It's worth noting that each soil moisture model has their own characteristics and input variables, so there tends to be variation between models. Thus, it's worthwhile to look at multiple models opposed to just one.

https://weather.msfc.nasa.gov/sport/case studies/lis CONUS.html https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin

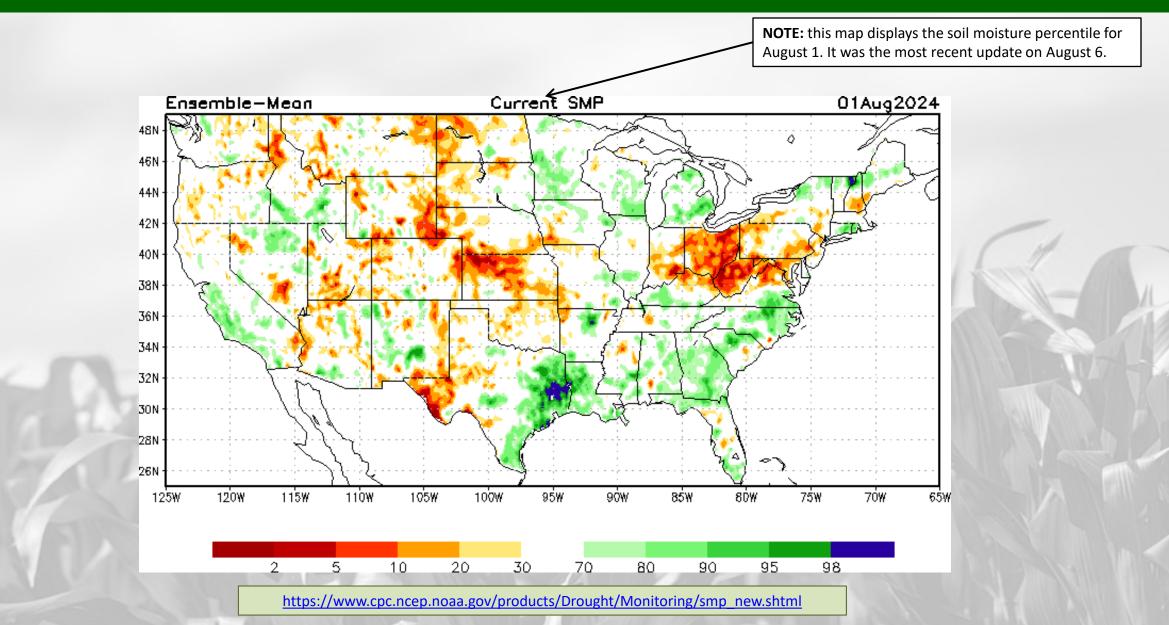




70

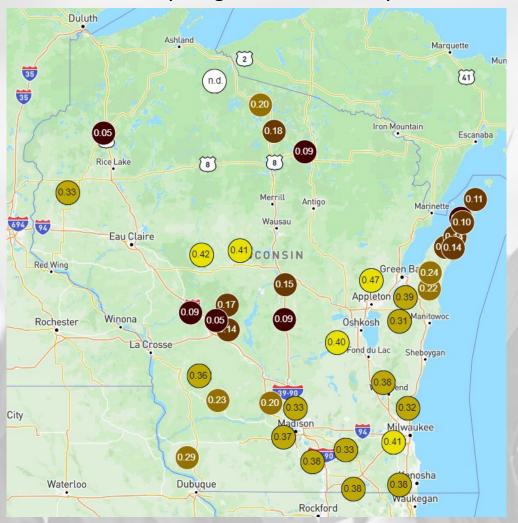
100

Soil Moisture Models

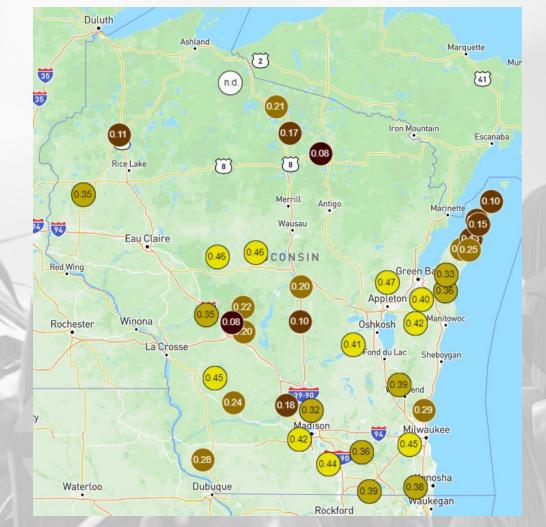


Wisconet Soil Moisture (4" Depth)

Friday, August 2nd @ Midday



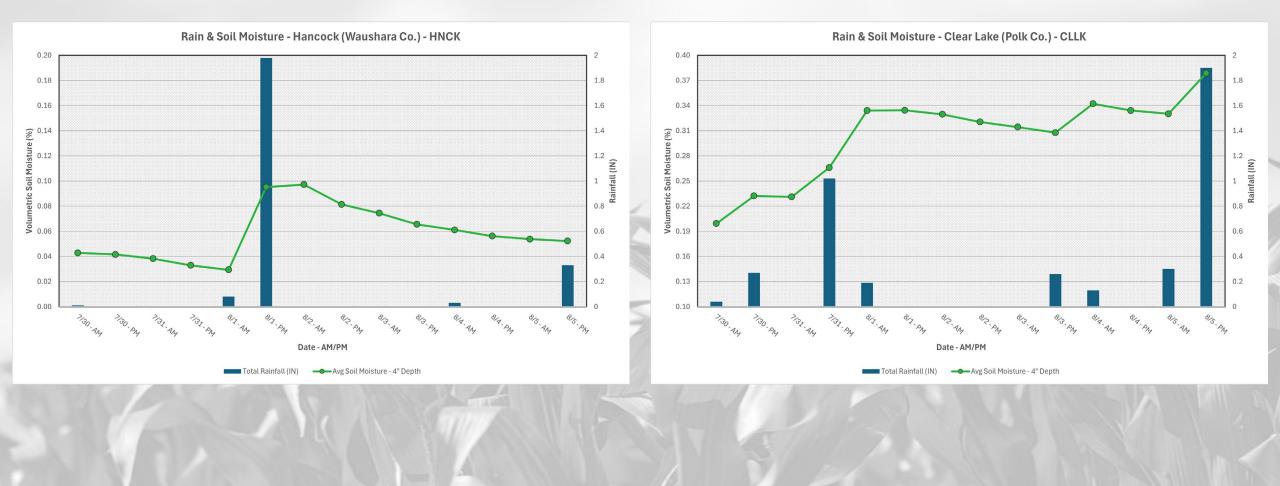
Tuesday, August 6th @ Midday



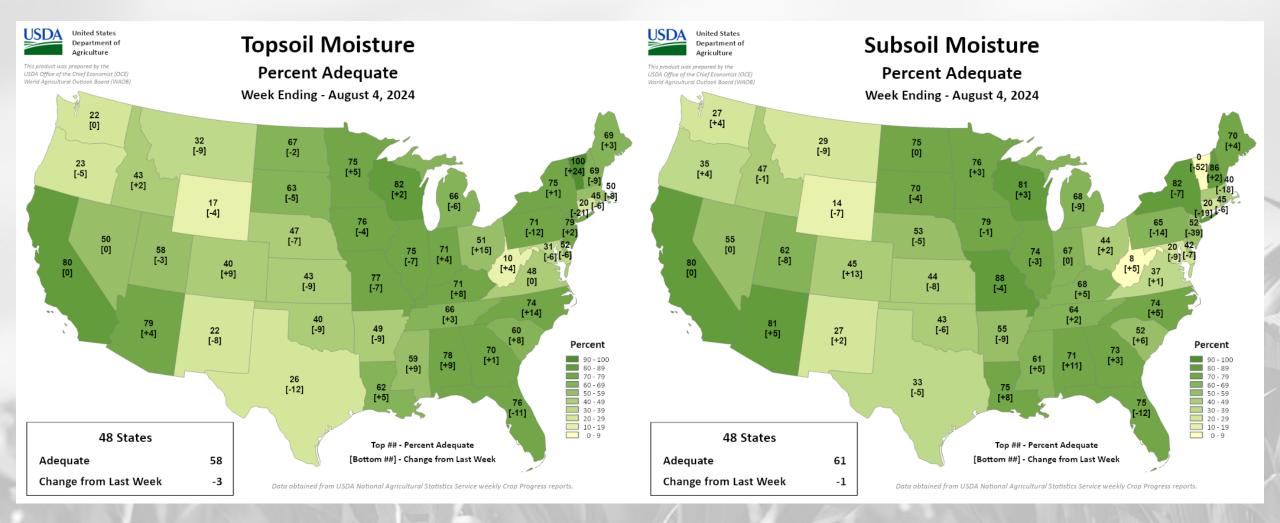
https://wisconet.wisc.edu/

Wisconet Soil Moisture – 4" Depth

Soil moisture time series at select Wisconet stations



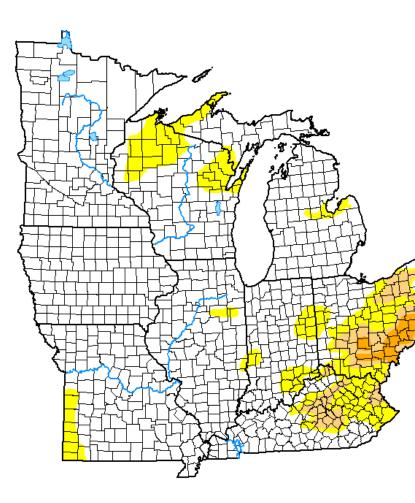
NASS Topsoil & Subsoil Moisture



https://agindrought.unl.edu/Other.aspx

US Drought Monitor

U.S. Drought Monitor Midwest



July 30, 2024 (Released Thursday, Aug. 1, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	83.85	16.15	4.48	1. 14	0.00	0.00
Last Week 07-23-2024	88.99	11.01	3.85	0.82	0.00	0.00
3 Month s Ago 04-30-2024	65.57	34.43	18.32	4.95	0.28	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	22.92	77.08	50.25	20.76	4.20	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	16.82	83.18	54.98	23.81	6.21	0. 13
One Year Ago 08-01-2023	23.90	76.10	52.43	22.35	4.96	0.00

Intensity:



The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author:

Lindsay Johnson National Drought Mitigation Center



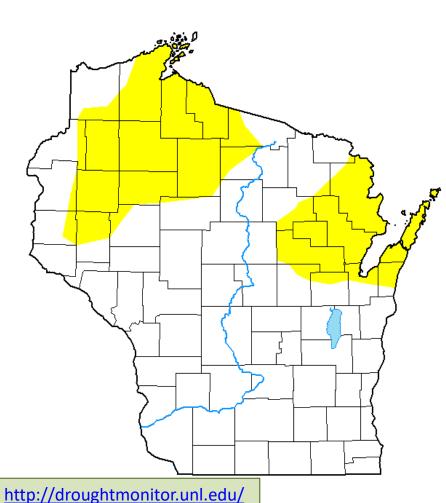
droughtmonitor.unl.edu

- Compared to last week:
 - Increases in drought/dryness coverage, with an addition of D0 in northern WI.
- **4.5%** of the Midwest is categorized in D1 (moderate) drought.
- 1.1% in D2 drought, all in OH.
- 16% of the Midwest is in D0 (abnormally dry) conditions, up from 11% last week.

Note: D0 is not considered drought.

US Drought Monitor

U.S. Drought Monitor Wisconsin



July 30, 2024 (Released Thursday, Aug. 1, 2024) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

	Drought Conditions (Percent Area)					
	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	71.12	28.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week 07-23-2024	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Month s Ago 04-30-2024	56.73	43.27	19.01	3.29	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	33.04	66.96	37.34	16.80	0.26	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	2.04	97.96	80.86	37.74	6.77	0.00
One Year Ago 08-01-2023	2.06	97.94	80.64	41.92	12.15	0.00

Intensity:

 None
 D2 Severe Drought

 D0 Abnormally Dry
 D3 Extreme Drought

 D1 Moderate Drought
 D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

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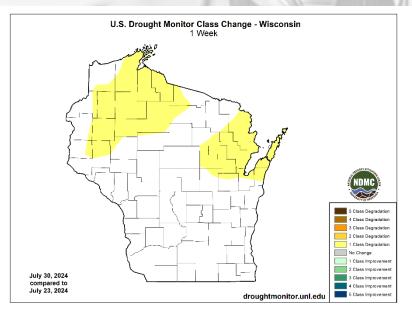


droughtmonitor.unl.edu

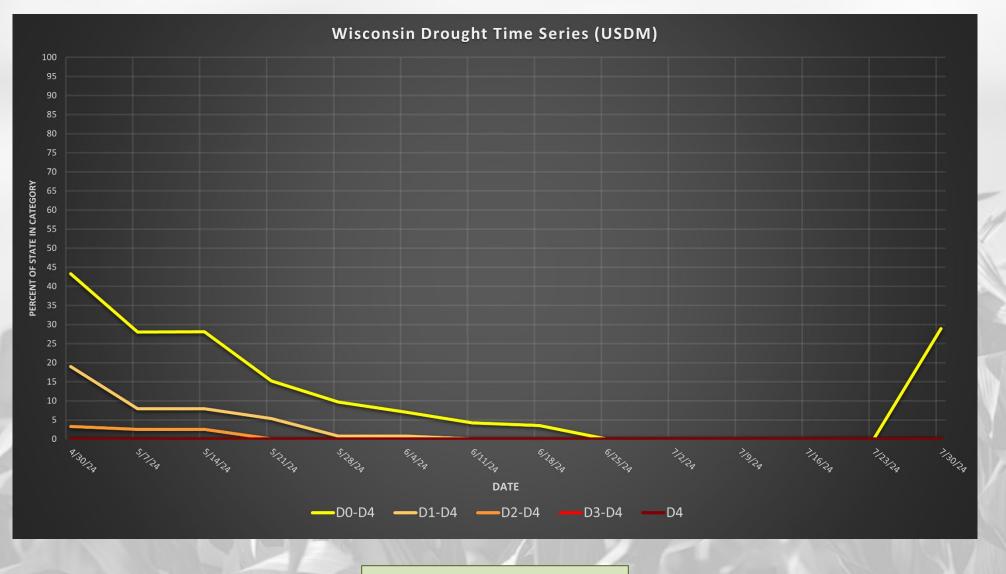
Amount of state in:

- D1-D4 0.0% --
- D2-D4 0.0% --

<u>Note</u>: $\uparrow \downarrow$ indicate change from last week. Red up arrows indicate increase in drought area; vice-versa for green arrows.



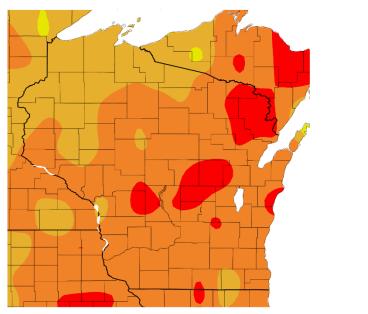
USDM Time Series



http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

7 Day Temperatures

Departure from Normal Temperature (F) 7/30/2024 - 8/5/2024



Generated 8/6/2024 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers

10

Generated 8/6/2024 at HPRCC using provisional data.

NOAA Regional Climate Centers

92

83

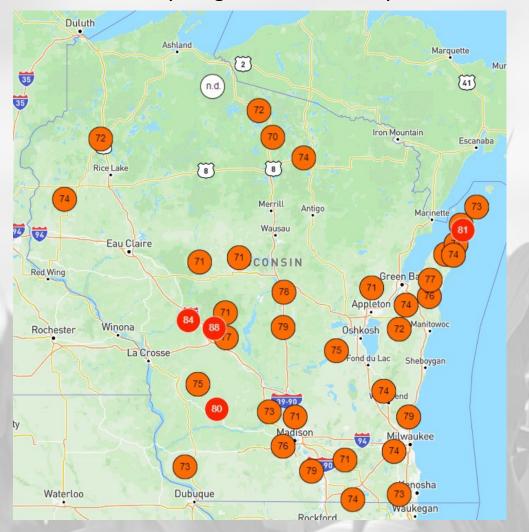
- Last week was **above normal** by ≥4°F for the majority of WI.
- Some in the Central Sands and far NE experienced average temps >6°F above normal.
- Weekly 1-day maximums in the low 90's for many in western and southern WI.

Highest 1-Day Maximum Temperature (F)

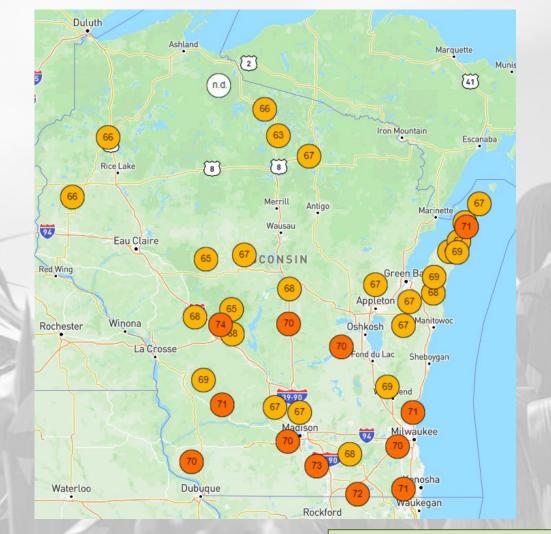
7/30/2024 - 8/5/2024

Wisconet Soil Temp (4" Depth)

Friday, August 2nd @ Midday

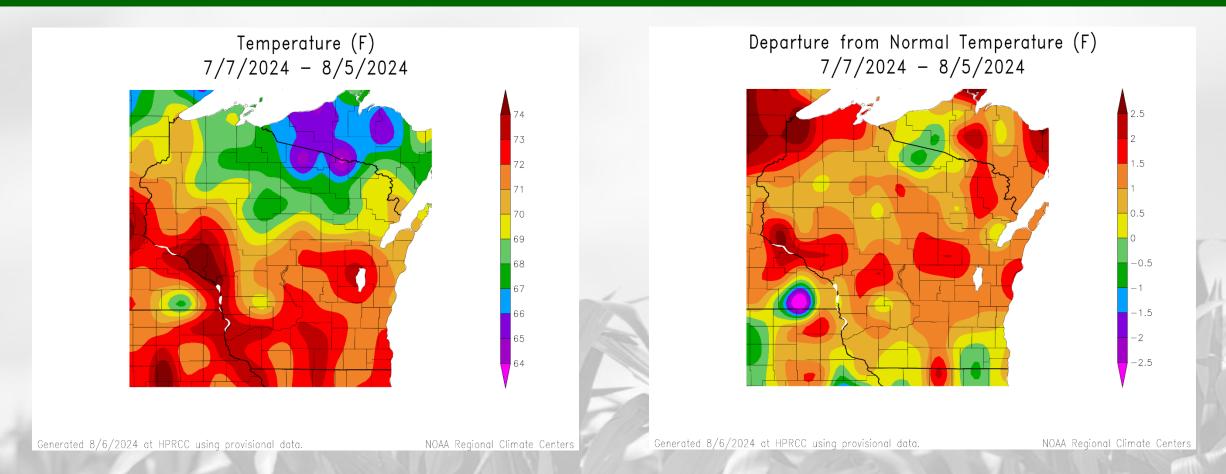


Tuesday, August 6th @ Midday



https://wisconet.wisc.edu/

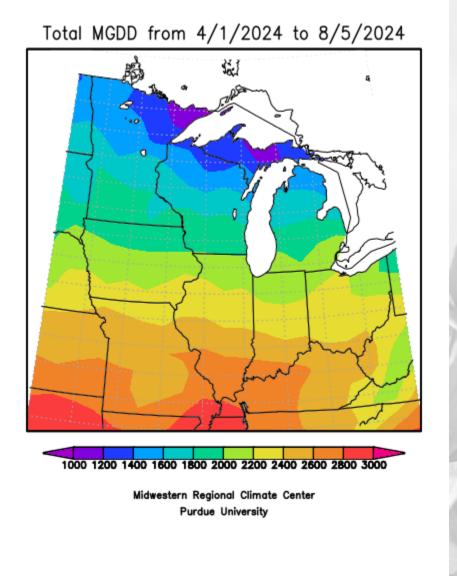
30 Day Temperatures

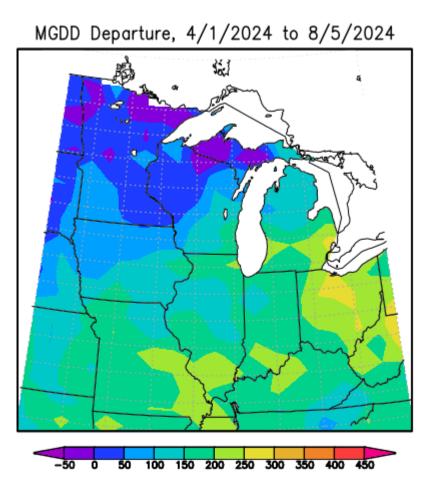


- Temperatures for the past month ranged from **70-72°F** in the S & W to **64-67°F** in the far N.
 - Above average by 0.5-2°F for most compared to climatological (1991-2020) average. This is flip-flopped from last week's departure from average.
 - Slightly below average in parts of the NC and far SE.

https://hprcc.unl.edu/maps.php?map=ACISClimateMaps

Growing Degree Days (Base = 50°F; Since April 1)





Midwestern Regional Climate Center Purdue University Normals Period, 1991–2020

- 1800-2000 GDD in the S to 1200-1600 GDD in the N.
- SE WI is 150-200 GDD further ahead of the average; within

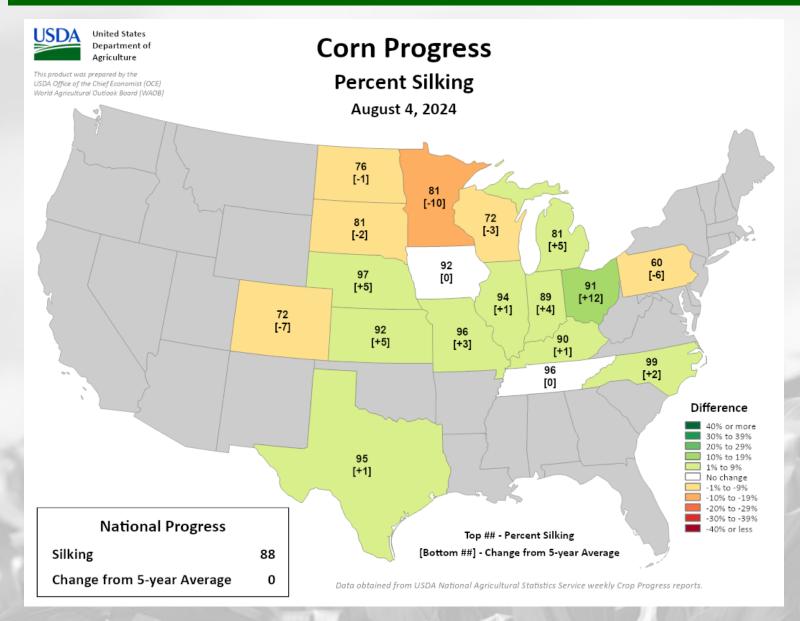
 -/+50 of average in the W/NW and far north.

To calculate GDD for your corn variety and planting date, use this <u>tool</u>.

To see specific degree models for pests in your location, use the <u>Vegetable Disease & Insect</u> Forecasting Network.

https://mrcc.purdue.edu/climate watch

NASS Crop Progress – Corn



- Silking is nearing 75% complete in WI corn fields.
 Silking is **behind normal pace** in WI and points to the W.
 - In WI, silking is 72%
 complete. 3% behind the 5year average pace & up 14% from last week.
 - Doughing → 24% complete

NASS Crop Progress – Soybean



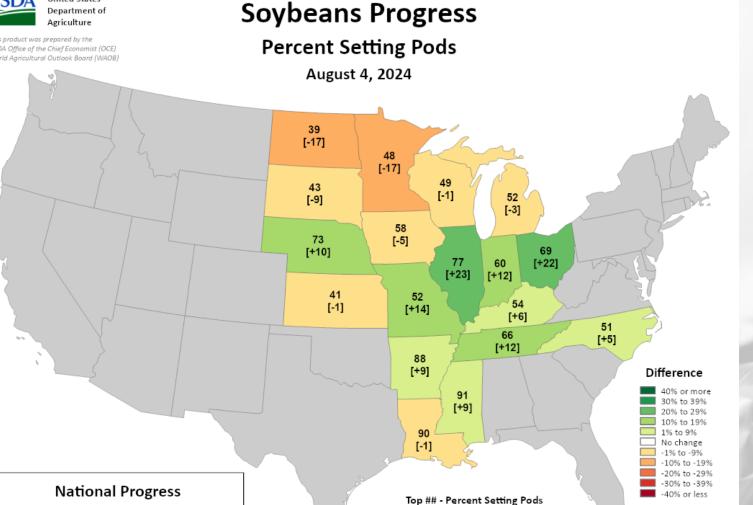
This product was prepared by the USDA Office of the Chief Economist (OCE) World Agricultural Outlook Board (WAOB)

Setting Pods

Change from 5-year Average

59

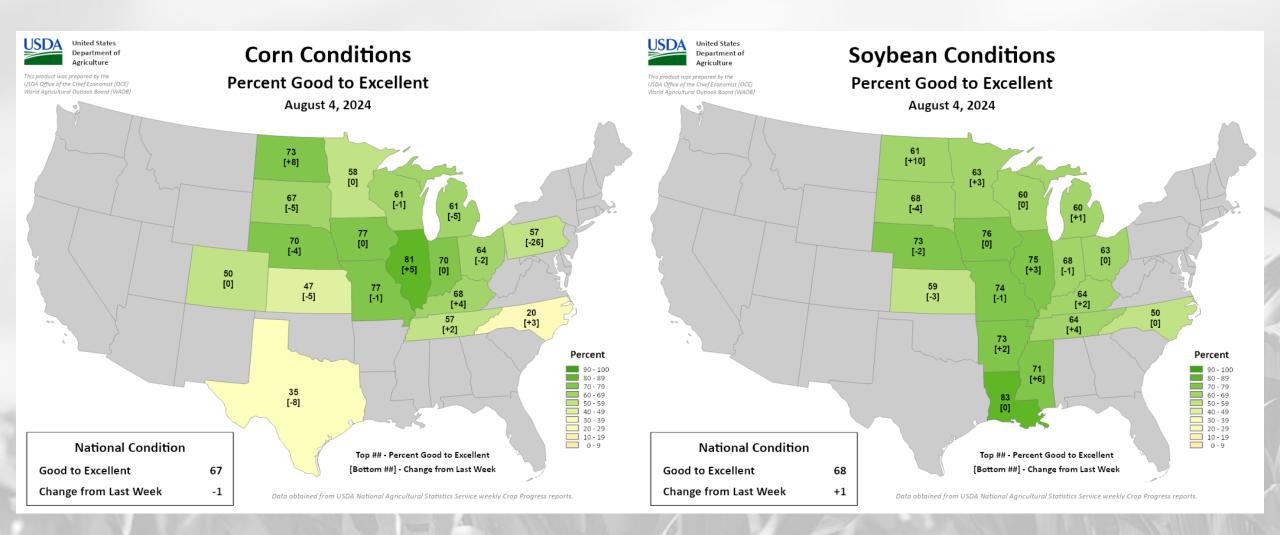
+3



- Soybean pod setting is slightly behind normal pace in WI and in surrounding states. Well ahead of normal pace to the S/SE.
 - In WI, pod set is 49% complete. 1% behind of the 5-year average pace & up 19% from last week.
 - Blooming → 81% complete

[Bottom ##] - Change from 5-year Average

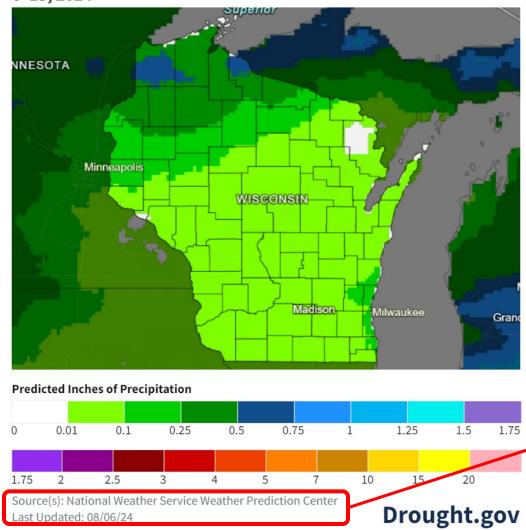
NASS Crop Condition



https://agindrought.unl.edu/Other.aspx

7 Day Precip Forecast

7-Day Quantitative Precipitation Forecast for August 6–13, 2024

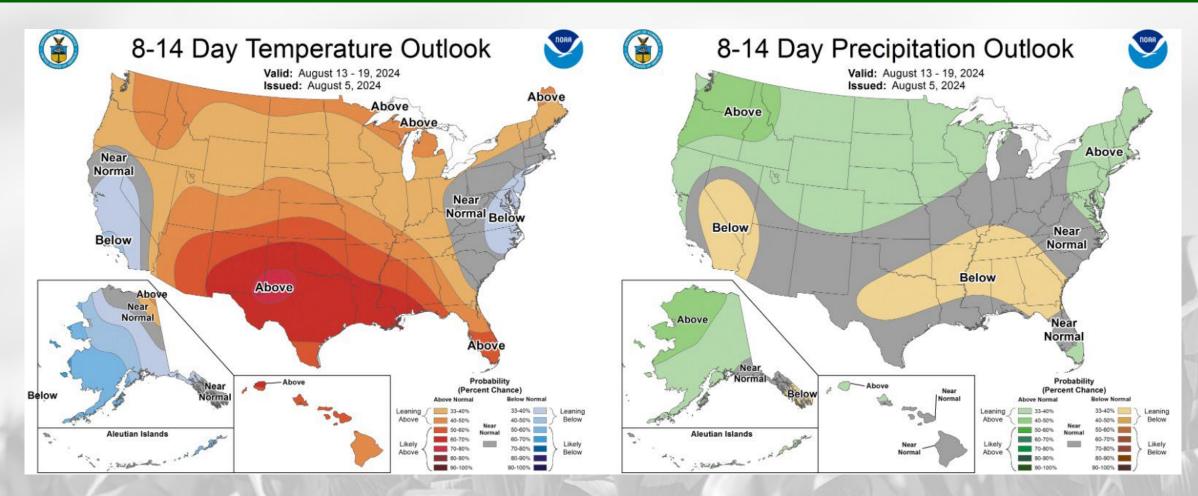


- A drier week forecasted for WI this next week.
 - Highest chances for rain on Wednesday into Thursday morning.
 - Precip most likely in the **NW**, but totals are forecasted to be <1".

Forecast for 8/6/24 thru 8/13/24 (Begins at 7am CDT)

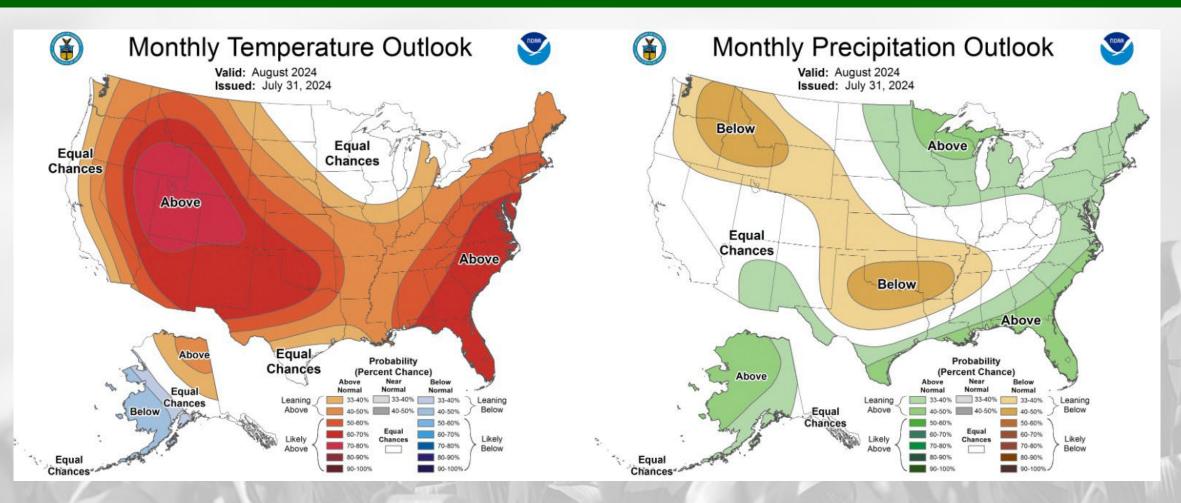
https://www.wpc.ncep.noaa.gov/qpf/p168i.gif https://www.drought.gov/states/wisconsin

8-14 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Mid August: Temperatures leaning <u>above normal</u>. Precipitation leaning <u>above normal</u> except for the far SE (<u>near normal</u>).

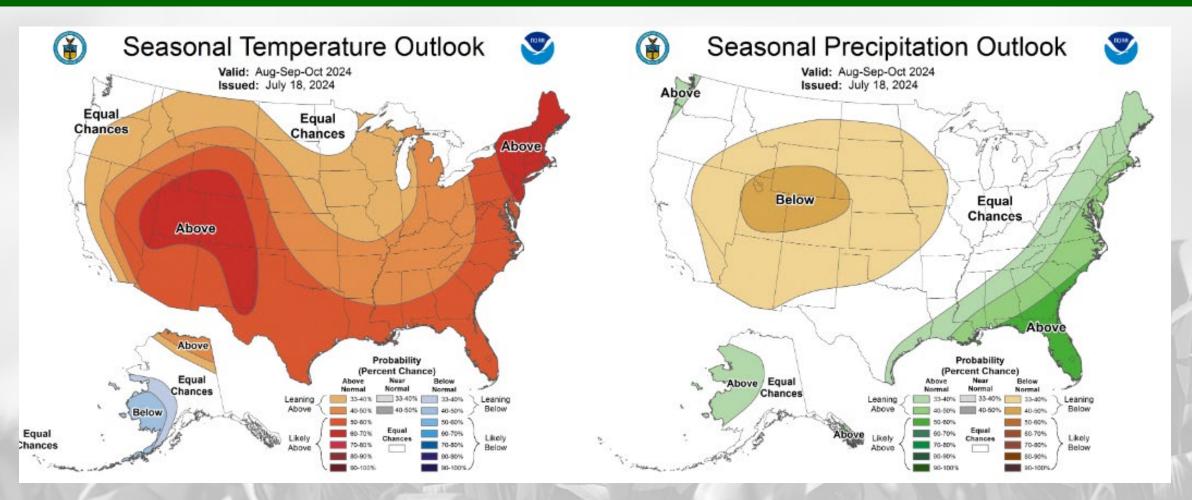
30 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Month of August: Temperatures uncertainty with <u>equal chances</u>. Precipitation leaning <u>above normal</u>, more so in the N.

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/

90 Day Temp & Precip Outlook



Late summer into fall: Temperatures leaning towards <u>above normal</u>. Precipitation uncertainty with <u>equal</u> <u>chances</u>.

Take-Home Points

Current Conditions:

- A warmer-than-average week for most of WI last week helped push the 30-day average temps above the climatological normal.
- Precip has been very hit-or-miss over the past week & month. Monthly totals were highest in the S/SE and parts of the NW.

Impact:

- Abnormal dryness is showing up in parts of the N, with higher moisture percentiles in the middle of the state.
 - **Corn** silking is running <mark>3%</mark> behind normal pace, with <mark>61%</mark> of the crop reported in good to excellent condition.
 - Soybeans pod setting is running 1% behind normal pace, with 60% of the crop reported in good to excellent condition.
- GDDs are approaching 2000 (1600) units in the southern (northern) counties, running ahead of normal pace in the S & E.

Outlook:

- Lesser precip totals forecasted across WI this next week, with a higher likelihood in the NW.
- Temperatures leaning above normal heading into mid August, with most in the state leaning towards above normal precip.
- The warmer-than-normal conditions have a higher probability to **continue** into early fall with a La Niña pattern taking shape. Currently, we are in a **neutral phase**.

Agronomic Considerations

Crop Development

- Soil moisture is adequate or even high in most places. Be cautious about trafficking fields during muddy conditions to avoid rutting. Remember, compaction occurs when soil water content is at, or slightly above, field capacity!
- Hot days mean accumulations of 20+ GDUs per day. Keep on top of your growth stages to time other applications.
- Scouting for crop stage and development of issues is very important this year as the wet spring means that there is a lot of variability in fields and across farms.
- As short season crops come off, consider diverse cover crop mixes to help mitigate any compaction that may have occurred this spring.

Manure Applications

- Runoff risk is low for most of the state in the next week. Be mindful of the possibility of runoff and plan manure applications accordingly. Check the
 DATCP runoff risk advisory forecast <u>here</u>.
- After wheat harvest there is an opportunity for manure and cover crops, see info here.

Pest Management

- Peak western bean cutworm flights have passed in the South. Sign up to receive text alerts when pests are in your region <u>here</u>.
- Japanese beetles have emerged, monitor for defoliation thresholds, see <u>here</u> for management information.
- Conditions have been right in many places for tar spot and white mold, information available here.
- Time to scout for soybean aphid, see more info <u>here</u>.

Forage Management

- Ensure wide swaths when mowing alfalfa to increase rate of drying and harvest sooner, reducing risk of rain damage.
- Avoid hay fire risks. Be aware of hay moisture and monitor stack temperature when putting up dry hay, consider wrapped bales.
- Look out for herbicide carryover, volunteers in late summer seeding of alfalfa after wheat. Read more.

User Survey

Are you a regular user of the Wisconsin Ag Climate Outlook (WACO)? Or maybe you are viewing these slides for the first time this week? Either way, we want to hear <u>your</u> feedback on this new resource! Please take a few minutes and fill out this survey:

LINK TO SURVEY

Your feedback will help us better serve your ag-climate data needs through WACO.

If you have any trouble accessing or filling out the survey, please email Josh Bendorf at Joshua.Bendorf@usda.gov.

Thank you!! -The WACO Team

Citizen Science Opportunity

CoCoRaHS – <u>Co</u>mmunity <u>Co</u>llaborative <u>Rain</u>, <u>Hail</u>, & <u>S</u>now Network

The Mission

(From cocorahs.org)

- Provide accurate high-quality precipitation data for endusers;
- Increasing the density of precipitation data available throughout the country;
- Encouraging citizens to have fun participating in meteorological science and heightening their awareness about weather;
- Providing weather education opportunities.



Sign Up Here: https://cocorahs.org/Content.aspx?page=application

Contact Info



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